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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XXI. ATLANTA, GA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 22, 1890. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE CHILL RECEPTION

GIVEN GOV. FORAKER BY PRESIDENT HARRISON.

SPEAKER REED'S INFAMY EXPOSED.

He Violates Every Precedent of Decency and Refuses to Allow a Count of the Vote—Judge Crisp to the Front.

WASHINGTON, January 21.—[Special.]—Political circles here are deeply agitated by an occurrence at the white house today.

Ex-Governor Foraker, preparatory to returning home tonight, called on President Harrison to pay him a social visit, and incidentally to recommend Jeremiah Bliss for the Columbus, Ohio, postoffice, over which a bitter contest is raging.

The governor is said to have received an electric shock when the president greeted him so coldly. So positively icy was the chief executive's greeting that after a few minutes of chilling conversation between the gentlemen, Mr. Harrison, it is said, intimated that press of public business and the presence of several cabinet officers in the antechamber would necessitate his withdrawal from the governor's charming presence. Foraker, it is said, came away from the white house in a rage, and differed materially with the general impression that this is not a good winter for ice.

The president, in thus turning down one of his erstwhile eulogists, is influenced by his opinion that Foraker and W. W. Dudley occupy the same political position, and practice the same political rascalities. As a matter of principal, Harrison affects to be shocked at Dudley's course in the blocks-of-five scandals. Dudley is not allowed to enter the white house by any other entrance than the back door. To insure himself a cordial greeting, Mr. Foraker will be compelled to do the same in future.

SPEAKER REED'S INFAMY.

Seaker Tom Reed showed down his hand today. He won on a big bluff, and let it be understood that, right or wrong, he was going to run the house of representatives to suit himself and the republican party.

As mentioned in the dispatches last night, Mr. Bland, of Missouri, made a demand for tellers to count the vote on his motion to adjourn yesterday afternoon. Speaker Reed refused to allow such a count, giving for his reason there were no rules requiring it. This did not appear in the journal as read this morning, and Mr. Bland moved that it be inserted. The speaker decided the motion lost. Mr. Bland, commonly known as "Silver Dollar Bland," then again demanded tellers to count the vote.

Mr. Reed again refused, and Mr. Bland appealed to the house. Then the fight commenced in earnest. Mr. Mills and Mr. Blount opened it in short, skirmishing speeches, in which the speaker was denounced as attempting to make of himself a mere czar. Mr. Blount dwelt on the rights of the minority at length, and made a good talk.

JUDGE CRISP TO THE FRONT.

Then the democrats held a council of war and decided to push their long-range rifle bore cannons to the front, and fight in earnest. That strongest of democratic cannons, Judge Crisp, was then brought to the front, and solid shot were fired into the republican lines. The judge claimed that the unjust decision robbed the minority of their constitutional rights. He said that the fairness of the count of the speaker had been questioned, he might have been honest in his count, and might have been to the contrary. If he counted fairly, why not allow his honesty to be proven by a count by tellers. The democrats were respectable. They did not accuse the speaker of dishonesty but questioned his count under parliamentary law. If the house sustained the decision of the speaker, it meant that the speaker had supreme and dictatorial power, for in the event that any and no vote was called for, and the speaker decided that not one-fifth of the house demanded it, there could be no appeal from his decision, even if it was evident to every one that a sufficient number had demanded it, unless the speaker allowed the vote to be taken by tellers.

THE MEANING OF THE VOTE.

If the house sustained him in this, the democratic minority would be absolutely without any power.

Judge Crisp was followed by others, including Mr. Carlisle, but the Georgian was given the credit of the speech of the day. The republican side said little, but voted with their speaker, and sustained him. The vote stood 149 to 136, being a strictly party vote. There was, however, one man on the republican side, who could not follow his unfair comrades. It was Burrows, of Michigan, a defeated candidate for speaker. Mr. Burrows did not feel that he could vote against his party, although they were wrong. Therefore he simply retired from the hall into the restaurant below, and did not vote.

This decision of Dictator Reed simply means that when he decides on a rising vote that the republicans have won, it is in his power to prevent an aye, and no vote that will show plainly to the house which side wins. Even if the democrats appeal and vote for the ayes and noes, the speaker can decide, if he choses, that not a sufficient number have demanded such a vote, then there is no further appeal, since he will not allow tellers to count the vote. It is a very dangerous precedent for the democrats, and demonstrates the necessity of every democrat being in his seat ready to vote each and every day. It is the opening of the great war between the two parties, and it shows that it matters not how hard and how ably the democrats fight, they must accept defeat whenever the imperial dictator demands it.

THE SOUTHERN PENITENTIARY.

Had it not been for the fight on the decision of Speaker Reed this morning, the federal prison bill would have come up, and probably passed the house. Mr. Reed notified Judge Stewart that he would recognize him to call up the bill at the first opportunity, which will, perhaps, be some time this week. That the bill will pass, there can be no doubt. Then the fight will come up as to the location of the two prisons, Atlanta being almost certain to get the southern one.

TWO NEW POSTOFFICES.

Two new postoffices were established in Georgia today, one at Thornton, Marion county, with John L. Benson postmaster; the other at Ochile, Chattahooche county, with W. J. Venhorn postmaster. E. W. B.

CALLING FOR TELLERS,

Speaker Reed Trying to Run the House to Suit Himself.

WASHINGTON, January 21.—Yesterday, just previous to adjournment, Mr. Bland, of Missouri, moved that the house adjourn, and, on division, the speaker declared the motion lost.

Mr. Bland, thereupon, demanded tellers, and, according to the Record this morning, the speaker replied: "There is no provision for tellers." There was no record of this fact made in the journal, and this morning Mr. Bland moved to have the journal amended accordingly. The speaker stated that he had made his reply in an interrogative form, and that the gentleman from Missouri had seemingly acquiesced in it. The chair was informed that such details were not inserted in the journal. The chair submitted Mr. Bland's motion to amend the journal, and, on a division, the motion was lost by a vote of eighty-eight to ninety-five.

Mr. Bland demanded tellers.

The speaker inquired whether the gentlemen from Missouri had discovered any ground why tellers should be appointed. The chair last night had suggested that he would like to have his attention called to any provision regarding tellers.

Mr. Bland said he had demanded tellers under the general practice of the house.

The speaker declined to entertain the demand for tellers.

Mr. Bland demanded the yeas and nays, but almost at the same time appealed from the decision of the chair.

The speaker said that the appeal came rather late, but that he would entertain it.

Mr. Mills argued that a vote by tellers was as much a part of parliamentary law as a motion to adjourn. It was the only vote by which the house could correct a decision of the speaker; and if the house did not have a right to this vote the speaker became a mere czar. When the speaker refused to permit the house to have tellers to verify his count, he simply refused to allow the house to say whether his decision—right or wrong—should stand.

Mr. Blount, of Georgia, said that if gentlemen of the majority wished to endorse the speaker's decision, they must take the responsibility, but that would not be the end. He had known this thing done before and reversed by the popular mind and by the popular vote. For one, as an American, he would make issue on every point on the rights of the minority. It was an American right. It was part of the genius of American institutions and he who would trample upon it must take the responsibility.

Mr. Gear, of Iowa, said that the custom of tellers grew up in the house under special rule. There was no such rule now and, therefore, it was perfectly competent for the speaker to decide the result of a question as seemed best to him in his judgment.

Mr. Crisp, of Georgia, argued that the decision denied the minority constitutional rights. He contended that a demand for tellers was a vertual questioning of the count of the speaker.

Mr. Perkins, of Kansas, said that no one had challenged the correctness of the speaker's count.

Mr. Crisp replied that gentlemen on the democratic side undertook to be respectful. They questioned the count of the speaker under parliamentary law. They had asked for tellers and had not necessarily reflected upon the speaker. It might be that they thought he had counted improperly or had made a mistake; and by calling for tellers they could have that mistake corrected in a respectful and decent way.

Mr. Cutcheon, of Michigan, said that if the argument of the gentleman from Georgia, (Crisp) was correct, and that an attempt was being made to overthrow the constitutional rights of the minority the house was in the throes of a revolution. But he controverted the argument and he challenged any one to show in the constitution any right given to the minority to demand tellers. The constitutional right of the minority to yeas and nays was not interfered with.

Mr. Crisp quoted from the Record the former statement of the speaker that the house was entitled to tellers.

Mr. Carlisle entered into a discussion of what parliamentary law consisted in. He went back to the rules of the English house of commons, upon which the rules of previous congresses had been founded. In construing that parliamentary law, the gentleman must construe it in relation to its modifications by the rules of former congresses. There the rules had been the result of experience. Members must look back to the manual which was printed from year to year to find a set of rules which the experience of members had shown to be applicable to the orderly conduct of business in the house. So that it had been held (and rightly held), that in the absence of conventional rules, it must look to those rules and apply them so far as could be in the situation in which the house found itself. From time immemorial, it had been the law of English speaking legislative assemblies that no presiding officer could make an absolute, final decision to bind the body over which he presided. If the presiding officer decided a question of order, it was in the power of any member to appeal and take the judgment of the body itself. In the English parliament it was in the power of any [illegible] tellers. The congress had placed the restriction on that rule, and had provided that a count by tellers must be demanded by one-fifth of a quorum. What redress did a member have against a wrong count by the speaker if he could not have the yeas and nays? The man who sat in the chair might do all the legislative work transacted in this body. He submitted that this house, in absence of any conventional rules, established by itself, was to be governed by general parliamentary law, as modified by rules heretofore prevailing. In submitting the appeal to the house, the speaker said:

The chair has always been unable to see how it is possible for the house which has passed out of existence to bind by rules and regulations, the house which was to come into existence in the future. Recent decisions by the speaker of the house, have been to the effect that the rules of the last house did not become the rules of the present house directly. The chair is unable to see how they can become the rules of the present house indirectly. The very fact that they have been made as rules shows clearly the necessity of a special enactment. If they come by indirection the rules of the next house, it would not become necessary to re-enact them. This house, then, is governed by general parliamentary law, such as has been established in the same manner that the common law of England was established by repeated decisions, and the general acquiesence of the people in the system which governs ordinary assemblies. The present occupant of the chair has frequently ordered tellers since the beginning of this session of congress and is not unwilling to do so; but the question has now come up as a question of right, and whatever the personal wishes of the occupant of chair might be, he was obliged to decide in accordance with what he regards as the unmistakable parliamentary law of the land.

Mr. Cannon moved to lay the appeal on the table.

Mr. Mills raised the point of order that parliamentary law recognized no such motion.

The speaker overruled the point of order and submitted Mr. Cannon's motion. It was agreed to—yeas 149; nays 136.

The question then recurred on Mr. Bland's motion to amend the journal and it was lost—yeas 13; nays 140.

The journal was then approved.

The Senate Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, January 21.—In the senate Mr. Platt, from the committee on patents, reported the copyright bill, and it was placed on the calendar.

The senate then proceeded to bills on the calendar, and passed the following bills: Senate bill to change the limit of the appropriation for a public building at Jacksonville, Fla., to $275,000, and appropriating $120,000 in addition to the money already approoriated; the senate joint resolution granting authority for the removal of the Apache Indian prisoners and their families to Fort Sill, Indian territory, from Mount Vernon barracks, Alabama.

After a brief session for the consideration of executive business, the senate, at 3:30, adjourned.

Inauguration of Governor Abbett.

TRENTON, N. J., January 21.—Governor Leon Abbett was inaugurated today with imposing ceremonies. In his inaugural message sent to the legislature today, Governor Abbett comes out flat-footed in favor of ballot reform. He says that the best sentiment of the country in all the states demands ballot reform and an honest election system, which he strongly commends; provides for the registration of every voter; absolute secrecy of the ballot, an exclusively official ballot with prohibition of the use of any other, the setting aside of an election in any precinct wherever the court shall be satisfied that the electors, for any reason, have been deprived of a fair oportunity to express their choice at the ballot box; the right of nomination by petition; limitation of the amount which may be legally sent in or for any election and declaring an election void should this amount be exceeded by any candidate or any person acting for or in his behalf.

The Matter Was Not Mentioned.

WASHINGTON, January 21.—It was rumored here this morning that the cabinet proposed to take cognizance of the insult recently offered to Secretary Proctor at Aberdeen, Miss., because of the refusal to take official notice of the death of Jefferson Davis. It was stated that the citizens of that place draped the federal building in mourning and placed the flag at half mast. They then stuffed an old suit of clothes with straw and labeled it "Secretary of War" and suspended the effigy from a rope stretched across the street between the federal building and a structure opposite. It is learned, however, from the very best authority that the subject was not even mentioned at today's meeting and further that it is not likely to receive any official consideration unless it is established that federal officeholders participated in the transaction.

Ex-Senator Riddleberger Dying.

WINCHESTER, Va., January 21.—A dispatch from Woodstock this afternoon says ex-Senator Riddleberger is ill and his case is considered hopeless by one of his physicians. Other information from there says it was thought that he would die last night, and he is no better today.

STUCK IN THE SNOW.

STEAM SHOVELS AT WORK ON THE PACIFIC RAILROADS.

MAKING A WAY FOR THE TRAINS.

A Rotary Plow Pushed by Eleven Engines—Snow Fifteen Feet on a Level—Death and Burial of a Passenger.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 21.—The prospects are that the great snow blockade on the Central Pacific will be cleared tonight or tomorrow, to the delight of the snow-bound passengers. Clear weather is reported at all stations from Rocklin to Truckee, save at Colfax and Cisco, where the weather is still cloudy. At each of these places one inch of snow fell last night.

There is now three feet of snow on the ground at Colfax, while at Cisco the country is covered to a depth of over fifteen feet on a level and in drifts the snow is three or four times as deep. Last evening the Central Pacific was enabled to open the road in the Sierras to five dead engines near Champion's Spur. A rotary plow was pushed by eleven engines, and the snow was thrown fifteen feet on either side of the track.

SHOVELERS SURPRISED.

One hundred and fifty snow shovelers, who were engaged in digging the trench, were surprised and completely buried by snow from the plow. They were badly scared, but the only injury sustained was a ducking. Five engines and plows were taken to Truckee and the way is clear to the tunnel No. 13, with the exception of minor drifts on the Blue Canyon side. They have passed to Cascade, where the rotary is again at work, and it is said by railroad officials that the road will be open, possibly, tonight.

East of Truckee a plow with sufficient power to back it will plow to Reno. During the night it is expected to clear the track to two imprisoned passenger trains between Blue Canyon and Alta. None of the snow sheds have fallen, although the weight of the snow in places is incalculable. The average depth of snow along the sheds is twenty feet. Over one thousand snow shovellers and workmen are on the mountains tonight. Truckee is cut off from all communication with the outside world, but this is true of all mining and other towns and the Sierras.

BURIED IN THE SNOW.

A passenger, named A. E. Lanford, died of pneumonia, superinduced by la grippe, and was buried, by men on snow shoes, at Truckee yesterday, it being impossible to break a road to the cemetery. Jacob Duntz, a snow shoveller, was killed at Colfax yesterday, by being struck by a car.

Most of the passengers in the two trains near Blue Canyon are well provided for today, and there are a few second-class passengers who had only enough money to buy tickets and not figure on the blockade. They also did not prepare for the cold weather that commenced when the storm ceased. At Dutch Flat, on the western slope of the Sierras, there are seven feet of snow on a level, or two feet more than ever before recorded. The wagon roads and ditches are blockaded. Many houses have been crushed by the snow, but no lives have been lost.

DAMAGE TO FRUIT.

Should snow go off with the rain [illegible] to the valley will be very great. In addition to the imprisoned trains near Blue Canyons, two east bound passenger trains are snowed in near Shady Run. The railroad people have done everything in their power to make the passengers comfortable, paying the men big wages to carry provisions on snow shoes a distance of five miles.

BOUND TO MEET NELLIE.

J. J. Jennings, a New York newspaper man, who came out to meet Miss Nellie Bly in San Francisco, and escort her to New York, was caught in the blockade several days, and then made the journey from Blue Canyon to Alta on snow shoes, and then rode on an engine to Sacramento, where he arrived this morning, and took the train to connect with Miss Bly at Lathrop.

In speaking of his experience, Mr. Jennings said: "I have seen snow and blizzards in New York, but people back there don't know what snow is."

PERISHED IN THE STORM.

Stories of Suffering from the Prevailing Blizzard.

TACOMA, Washington, January 21.—At least ten human beings and thousands of cattle and sheep perished in the blizzard which began with the year and raged over Washington for a week. Reports from Colville reservation are to the effect that cattle are dying by the hundreds from starvation and thirst, and that the ground is covered with over two feet of snow on a level, and that in some places is drifted mountain high. The keeper of a stage station twelve miles from Alma, started to walk to town last Thursday, and Sunday his body was found on the prairie, only a mile from his home, frozen stiff. A mail carrier at Wild Goose Creek perished on the same day, and eight cattle men are known to have lost their lives in the storm. The cattlemen estimate that they will lose one-half of their herds this season.

Rough Times at Sea.

NEW YORK, January 21.—The steamer City of Chester, which arrived from Liverpool this afternoon, experienced the usual rough weather reported by every incoming vessel. On Thursday last the steering gear got out of order, and the wind and waves swung the big steamer around three times just as though she was on a pivot. The passengers became very much alarmed, thinking the steamer was about to sink. A panic was narrowly averted in the steerage, where the emmigrants were thrown all about in a very rough manner.

Broke Through the Ice.

HELENA, Montana, January 21.—News comes from Flathead lake that a band of thirteen Indians attempted to cross the lake near what is known as Wild Horse island, on Sunday afternoon, where the channel is narrow, and apparently the ice is of sufficient thickness to sustain the weight of a human being. The Indians had light ponies with them, and by crossing at this point expected to save a few miles of travel. Eight of the party crossed from the island to the mainland in safety, but five, riding close together, broke through the ice and, with their ponles, were drowned.

NELLIE CROSSING THE CONTINENT.

Miss Bly Arrives in San Francisco, and Immediately Starts for New York.

SAN FRANCISCO, January 21.—The steamer Oceanic, with Miss Nellie Bly among the passengers, arrived here at 9:30 this morning. Miss Bly was taken off in a tug as soon as the steamer reached the harbor, and was taken at once to Oakland, where she boarded a special train, which was in waiting, and started on the overland journey via the Southern Pacific and Atlantic and Pacific routes.

The Little Town Burned.

OTTAWA, Ill., January 21.—The little town of Utica, numbering 2,000 people, which was so nearly wiped out by fire last summer, was again visited by a terrible burst of flames this morning. The fire started at 2 o'clock, burning with great fury for a few hours. The flames caught in Coughlin's barber shop, and before the villagers were fully awakened, had spread with incredible rapidity, enveloping the entire business district. The buildings that had replaced the ruins of a few months before burned like tinder boxes, and in less than an hour the west side of Main street was a sheet of flames.

Perished with His Little Ones.

ST. JOHNS, Newfoundland, January 21.—John Gorley and three children perished by fire last night. Gorley died in the flames while making a third attempt to rescue his children from the burning house. His remains were found with his head burned off and a child in his arms.

STRUGGLING FOR THE SITE.

The World's Fair Committee Appoint a Sub-Committee.

WASHINGTON, January 21.—The special house committee on the world's fair held its first meeting this morning in the room of the house committee on territories. All of the members were present except Messrs. Hatch and Bowden.

Mr. Springer called up his resolution providing that the house shall proceed next Thursday to select a site for the fair by ballot, and it was discussed for an hour. Mr. Springer urged the importance of speedy action on the proposition. He held that by its action on the Cannon resolution last week, the house had virtually decided that the matter must be settled as early as possible, and that the committee was practically under instructions, and was as much bound by them as if they had been formulated. He argued that the house could not move in the matter until it had first settled where the fair was to be held.

Mr. Hitt also declared in favor of immediate action on the site by the house, and pointed out how delay jeopardized the chances of the fair. He said that the committee on foreign affairs had been working for some time on fair bills, and had practically constructed preliminary arrangements. All of the results of their work could be made use of by this committee, but the site should be first agreed upon.

AS TO TIME FOR DEBATE.

Mr. Flower thought that the date fixed for balloting on the Springer resolution (Thursday next) was a little too soon. He suggested that a resolution be reported providing for debate in the house next Monday, one hour and a half to be allowed for the presentation of the claims of each city, to be followed by balloting Tuesday.

Mr. Belden at this point expressed doubt as to whether any fair could be held in 1892. It should be first settled that the government would give money aid to the fair before an attempt was made to select a site. This brought the Washington men to the fore with a strong objection. They contended that to adopt Mr. Belden's course would result in combining all of the other contending cites against Washington, which must rely upon government financial aid. Mr. Belden's idea was that a historical celebration could be held in 1892, to be followed a year later by a world's fair.

The chairman's attention was here called to the language of the resolution under which the committee was appointed, which speaks of the world's fair in 1892, and the point was made that the committee had no alternative and could deal with no proposition that did not concern the fair to be held in that year.

Mr. Frank, of Missouri, offered a resolution that Springer's resolution, providing for balloting by the house next Thursday, be referred to a sub-committee of three, with instructions to report at the next committee meeting.

Subsequently the motion was modified so as to make the chairman of the full committee also chairman of the sub committee and to have it report next Thursday.

THE CHICAGOANS SCHEME.

Mr. Springer said that if this motion was defeated he would move to modify his proposition so as to have the debate in the house next Monday, and the balloting Tuesday, as suggested by Mr. Flower.

The New York members took alarm at this, however, as it was apparently the object of the Chicagoans to get the chairman to vote and ascertain his views. The Chicagoans had calculated on Mr. Flower voting with them in support of his own proposition. This would leave the remaining three members present, besides the chairman, in opposition, and compel the chairman to vote to break the tie, and it was not regarded as desirable that the chairman should be committed at this early date. So, when Mr. Franks resolution was put, the two Chicago men found themselves alone in opposition and it prevailed. So the chairman was instructed to appoint a sub-committee to consider the Springer resolution and report next Thursday, when the committee will meet again.

THE SUB-COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

The sub-committee was selected as follows: Chairman Candler and Messrs. Hitt and Flower. The committee decided to hear no oral arguments respecting the site of the fair. Then the committee instructed the chairman to ask for permission to sit during sessions of the house, and adjourned till Thursday.

[illegible]

A Resolution Offered in the Virginia Legislature.

RICHMOND, January 21.—Mr. Magruder, of Shenandoah, offered the following preamble and resolution in the legislature today, which was referred:

Whereas, A large element of colored people of the south are dissatisfied, and this disappointment is the leaven which is spreading notably in Virginia where they in meeting assembled, have complained that they are defrauded of their rights at elections; and, whereas, the mutual confidence of the races in one another is essential to the happiness and prosperity of the community; and, whereas, the republican heart is full of tender sympathy for them on account of their being so defrauded of their rights; and, whereas, this sympathy can be so much more intelligently exercised if they have them near at hand than when they are so far away; and, whereas (since the government was formed for society and not society for government) in the conflict between the social and political fabric, the latter must either be weakened or fall; therefore, be it

Resolved, That our representatives in the national congress be requested to vote for an appropriation to encourage and enable this dissatisfied element of our colored population to emigrate to the republican states of the north, where they may enjoy their rights and be the recipients of party sympathy, and the south be relieved of the painful strain upon our political system.

Trouble Feared at Apalachicola.

APALACHICOLA, Fla., January 21.—The sawmills here employ negro laborers principally. Last week, the negroes held a meeting and resolved to have ten hours and more pay, and refused to take orders. Last Monday, the negroes refused to go work, and the mills shut down. The negroes not in the strike were prohibited from working. Two worked at Kennedy's mill yesterday. Last night, one of them was assassinated in his house. The negroes who are at work are alarmed, and the whites fear more trouble, as the negroes are all armed. The governor has been telegraphed to send troops and amunition, and they are expected tomorrow. The militia here held a meeting today, and will patrol the town tonight. Otherwise, all is quiet.

PENSACOLA, Fla., January 21.—[Special.]—A telegram, by order of the governor, was received from Adjutant General Lang today, informing Major Williams, commanding the third battalion of the state troops, that a riot is imminent at Apalachicola, and instructing him to send one company of his command at once to that point, to assist the civil authorities in preserving order. The telegram went on to state that arms and ammunition had been sent to the sheriff at Apalachicola. The Escambia rifles left Pensacola tonight for the scene of the trouble. There is a private telegraph line from Marinna to Apalachicola, but the office at the latter point cannot be communicated with after dark, hence there will be no further information from the strike until tomorrow.

A Tobacco Combination.

TRENTON, N. J., January 21.—Articles of incorporation were filed today in the secretary of state's office by the American Tobacco company, which, it is supposed is to consolidate a number of companies. The capital stock is fixed at $25,000,000. The number of shares is 400,000. Of said stock $15,000,000 is divided into 400,000 shares of $50 each, which shall be general or common stock, and $10,000,000 is divided into 100,000 shares of $100 each, which shall be preferred stock, and said preferred stock shall entitle the holder to receive each year a dividend of eight per cent, payable half yearly, before any dividend is set apart for common stock, or so much of eight per cent as the profits justify. The amount with which the company will begin business is $10,000, divided into 200 shares.

The Indians Have It.

WINNIPEG, January 21.—A band of eight hundred Indians on St. Peter's reserve, a few miles out of Winnipeg, is being rapidly wiped out. The Indians are afflicted with "La Grippe" in its most severe form, and being without proper medical attendance, rapidly succumb to the malady. In most cases influenza has developed into lung diseases, to which the Indians are subject. Seventy-five per cent of them are down with the epidemic, and if speedy action in the way of sending physicians to them is not taken by the authorities, few will survive.

More English Money in America.

PORTLAND, Me., January 21.—An English syndicate has bonded the Portland Smelting works and the Curtis Ship yard property. Lorenzo Taylor, one of the principal owners, has gone to England to complete the sale of the property which is to be enlarged by the syndicate. They also have a bonded number of mines of zinc, lead and silver along the coast of Maine.

Death of W. H. Ketcham.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., January 21.—[Special.]—W. H. Ketcham, Jr., died suddenly of heart failure at the Green Tree hotel this afternoon. He has wealthy relatives in Atlanta and Mobile.

SHOT HIS HEART OUT.

A TRAGEDY ON THE COURTHOUSE STEPS AT GALVESTON.

THE JAYBIRDS AND WOODPECKERS

Transfer Their Fight from Fort Bend County to Galveston—Killing of One of the Terry Family.

GALVESTON, January 21.—A terrible tragedy was enacted in the courthouse here today in which Kyle Terry, nephew of the late Judge David Terry, was instantly killed, and two men badly wounded. The killing was the outcome of the Fort Bend trouble, which resulted some time ago in such a bloody battle between two citizens of Richmond. Some months ago Terry, who was tax assessor of Fort Bend county, and a member of the "woodpecker" party, had a difficulty with three Gibson boys, all members of the Jaybird party. Five weeks later Terry met one of the Gibson brothers in Wharton and killed him. When the case came up for trial Terry got a change of venue to Galveston. Judge Parker, indicted for murder in Fort Bend county, also secured a change of venue to this county and the cases were set down for today, and witnesses for both the prosecution and defense had brought to this city a large number of adherents of what is known as the "Jaybird" and "Woodpecker" factions of Fort Bend county.

THE SHOOTING OF TERRY.

A few minutes after 10 o'clock this morning Kyle Terry, his brother, Captain David Terry, of California, Judge Parker, Judge Weston, Dr. Gale and some others entered the front door of the courthouse. Terry reached the second step when the first shot was fired. It struck him under the right arm and came out of the left breast, and literally tore his heart to pieces. There was a moment's lull and then four or five shots were fired from different directions. One passed through the arm of Judge Weston, of Fort Bend county; another through the leg of Henry Pittle, a Galvestonian. Eye witnesses say three men were shooting, naming them as Val Gibson, who killed Terry, and whose brother Terry had killed in Wharton; Dan Ragstall and young Mitchell, all from Fort Bend county and all "Jaybirds."

INDIGNATION IN GALVESTON.

The citizens of Galveston are intensely indignant because the Fort Bend factions transferred the settlement of their troubles here. Immediately after the shooting six arrests were made. The principal one was Val Gibson, who fired the first and only fatal shot. He is a young man about twenty-five years old and treated the matter coolly. Gibson was the oldest man in the attacking party, four of the others being under twenty-one years of age. It was evident that the intention was to kill Weston and Parker as well as Terry. Judge Barker is a member of the state legislature from Fort Bend county, and is charged with having been the cause of the late riot in Richmond. His trial for murder comes up tomorrow. He is charged with killing a negro in the Richmond riot.

ANOTHER TRAIN ROBBED.

Three Masked Men Take Charge of a California Train.

OLA, Cal., January 21.—A south-bound passen- bers climbed over the [illegible] two compelled the engineer to stop the train. They then compelled the engineer and fireman to go with them and ordered the expressmen to open the door. The amount taken is not known, but it is rumored to be several thousand dollars. The robbers made the engineer and fireman accompany them some distance from the train. A tramp, stealing a ride, was mistaken for a train man and the robbers shot him in the head. He was brought here and may recover. There is no trace of the robbers.

A Constable Murdered.

CATTLETTSBURG, Ky., January 21.—R. M. Long, a Guyandotte county constable, was murdered and his wife desperately wounded Monday night by a band of ruffians who broke into their house. A neighbor passing discovered that the front door had been broken in, with timber used as a battering ram. On the bed, weltering in their life's blood, were Long and his wife. The former's body was riddled with bullets and life was extinct. The woman had a ghastly wound in her face. She was unconscious. As the furniture was not disturbed, and Mrs. Long could offer no solution of the mistery when she was restored to consciousness, friends of the murdered man believe that a gang of desperadoes, against whom he had warrants for "moonshining," committed the deed. Others believe that it is merely a continuation of the Hatfield-McCoy feud, as the victim was related to the former family. Mrs. Long's wounds are believed to be mortal.

Sledge Held for Murder.

WAYCROSS, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—W. E. Donaldson, who was shot by C. A. Sledge last Sunday evening, and mortally wounded, died this morning at 9 o'clock. The following verdict was rendered at the coroner's inquest: "We the jury, having been empanelled and sworn before Coroner Grimes, and after hearing evidence under oath, find that the deceased, W. E. Donaldson, came to his death by a pistol shot in the hands of C. A. Sledge, and in our opinion it is murder."

Sheriff Henderson left this evening with Prisoner Sledge for Savannah jail for safe keeping. Donaldson's remains were sent to Thomasville.

Stabbed a Street Car Driver.

INDIANOPOLIS, January 21.—A negro jumped on the front platform of a south-side street car last night, fatally stabbed Morris Parry, the driver, and escaped with the money box before the passengers knew that anything unusual had happened. The car was heavily laden with men and women whose first intimation that anything was wrong was a feeble exclamation from Parry as he fell against the door and then to the platform. Half a dozen men were soon in pursuit of the murderer, but he had gained so much start that he soon disappeared in the darkness.

He Sued for Damages.

CHICAGO, January 21.—Michael A. Reinke, member of the International Beer Brewers and Malters' union, refused to pay an assessment for the defense of the anarchists. The union expelled him, procured his discharge from McAvoy & Bernis's brewery and prevented his obtaining employment elsewhere. He brought suit against the union and its secretary for $10,000 damages. When the case was called defendants did not answer. Reinke told his story to the court, and was awarded judgment for $900.

Killed His Brother-in-Law.

BIRMINGHAM, January 21.—A special to the Age-Herald, from Bluffton, Cherokee county, says: Son Gray, a blind-tiger man, and his brother-in-law, Walt Wiggins, got into a fight. Wiggins got the better of Gray, when the latter took a shootgun and shot Wiggins, killing him instantly.

The President's Brother.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., January 21.—[Special.]—United States Marshal Carter Harrison this afternoon served notices from the United States supreme court on Governor Taylor and Attorney-General Pickel in regard to the boundary contest between Virginia and Tennessee, which comes up before the supreme court in April. Marshal Harrison called the attention of the governor and attorney-general to the United States seal, and left a copy of the notice and bill with each. The marshal remarked to the governor that though he was born in Ohio, he was a Tennesseean, and now hoped that Tennessee would win the case. The governor thanked him and said he, too, hoped so.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

NEW YORK, January 21.—Futures were again active, and more or less excited. There was an opening decline of two to four points, owing to a decline of 2-64d to 3-64d in Liverpool; but this was soon recovered, and an advance of twelve to fifteen points followed, owing to decreased receipts at the ports, a rally in Liverpool and a sharp demand, both for long and short account, from local southern and English buyers. The southern markets were firm on higher cotton. Spot was one-eighth higher.

IN THE FRENCH CHAMBER.

The Government Called to Task for Some Appointments Made.

PARIS, January 21.—In the chamber of deputies today, DeFreycinet, minister of war, introduced a bill appropriating 1,100,000 francs for the purpose of improving the sleeping quarters of the soldiers.

At the afternoon session of the chamber a resolution was introduced to suspend for the remainder of the session the members who created the disorder yesterday when Joffrin attempted to speak. The resolution was received with murmurs of disapproval by members of the party of the right. It was referred to a committee. Deputy Chiche questioned the government upon the recent appointments as magistrates, gentlemen who were formerly deputies, but who had failed of re-election in the recent canvass. He thought that in appointing to office men whom the people had rejected, the government committed itself to the defiance of universal suffrage. He considered that there was in this an improper political use of places in the magistracy, and the magistracy should remain involable and not be drawn into complications of party strife.

Thevenet, minister of public instruction, said that the magistrates recently appointed were men fully qualified for their important duties. As they were primarily qualified by legal education and practice in the courts, they would not be likely to lose that qualification by some experience in the chamber of deputies in the preparation of those laws, which, as magistrates, they would have occasion to interpret and apply. There was much applause from the left, and after a rejoinder from Chiche, the chamber adopted the order of the day, approving the government's declaration by 301 to 358.

BOYCOTTING THE ENGLISH.

The Merchants of Portugal Cutting Off Dealings with England.

LISBON, January 21.—The Commercial association has resolved to do its utmost to prevent or resirict all trade or commercial intercourse with England. The inhabitants of Setubal, a port eighteen miles from here, forcibly prevented a Portuguese merchant from shipping goods on an English steamer, which, therefore, sailed without any cargo. Many American, French and German commercial travelers are here, making the most of the opportunity afforded to replace English goods in Portuguese markets by goods from the countries they represent.

EXCITEMENT IN THE STREETS.

LISBON, January 24.—Four thousand merchants of this city paraded the streets last night shouting: "War to England!"

RIO JANEIRO, VIA GALVESTON, January 13.—At a Portugese meeting held here yesterday, it was resolved to suspend business with the English people, and to send a telegram to Lisbon, stating that members of the colony here are prepared to make any sacrifice for their native country.

The India Rubber Monopoly.

LONDON, January 21.—At a meeting of the dealers in India rubber connected with the London chamber of commerce, it was resolved to memorialize the marquis of Salisbury against the monopoly established by the Para government and the export duty it has imposed. It has transpired that sixty firms have already petioned the government on this subject.

The Baccillus Discovered.

VIENNA, January 21.—Dr. Jolles, professor at Weichselbaum, has discovered the baccillus of influenza. He finds in it some similarity to the pneumonia baccillus, but is sure that it is a distinctly different microbe.

Changes in the Spanish Cabinet.

MADRID, January 21.—Some changes have been made in the cabinet since it was announced yesterday. The duke of Veragua has been appointed minister of commerce in the place of Senor Becerra, who will become minister for the colonies.

Washed Ashore.

LONDON, January 21.—Twelve bodies have been washed ashore at Bridport. It is surmised that they are a part of the company of some ship that has foundered in the recent gales.

The Wheel and the Alliance People Coming Together.

BOWLING GREEN, Ky., January 21.—[Special.]—The Farmers' State Wheel, of Kentucky, met at Bowling Green, at which there were present about one hundred and twenty-five delegates, mostly from the southern and western portion of the state. The northern and eastern portion is not yet organized. There were several members of the Farmers' alliance present. The meeting was for the purpose of consolidating the two orders. There was a great deal of important work done. There was a committee appointed to wait on the state legislature, now in session, and to act in conjunction with a committee of the alliance to demand the repeal of some laws detrimental to the farmers. President Irwin, of the State Wheel, and Secretary Brown, are the committee. An effort will be made to establish a state organ at Bowling Green worthy of the order. The citizens outside of the order subscribed one thousand dollars to get the organ located at Bowling Green.

There were some fine speeches from President Irwin, of the State Wheel; President Quickrod, of the Farmers' alliance, and from the delegates of the two organizations. The Wheel is in a flourishing condition.

THE FOUR MEN IN JAIL.

A Tragedy Which Grew Out of a Schoolboy Fight.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., January 21.—[Special.]—Sheriff L. N. Lasater, of McMinn county, was in Chattanooga yesterday on his way to Greenfield, Mo., to secure four men held there on a charge of murder committed in McMinn county. The names of the culprits are James Foster and his three sons, William, John and James. The parties were residents of the ninth district on Rogers Creek. The Foster boys were going to school in the year 1882, and became involved in a quarrel with another boy by the name of Nick Everts, somewhat larger than themselves, who whipped all three of the boys. Old man Foster became angry, and bought his three boys pocket-knives and told them to kill Everts and on the 24th of July, 1882, they attacked Everts and literally cut him to pieces. The family fled from the county, and were heard from in Arkansas, but before they could be apprehended they moved over into the Indian Territory. A few months ago Sheriff Lasater was notified that they were back in Arkansas, and he set about compassing their arrest. They are now lodged in the jail at Greenfield, awaiting transportation back to McMinn county, where they will be tried for their crime.

RESTRICTING THE VOTE.

How Mississippi's Capital Is to Be Saved From the Negroes.

JACKSON, Miss., January 21.—[Special.]—The house has concurred in the senate amendments to the Jackson charter, and it now only needs the governor's signature to become a law. It saves about three thousand dollars a year annually in salaries and changes the wards so as to give perpetual control of the board of aldermen to the white people. A two-years' residence and the payment of street and poll taxes for the year before are made prerequisite to vote. The property and educational qualifications are omitted. Mr. Noland, chairman of the committee on constitutional convention of the house, reported his bill, providing for the assembling of a constitutional convention in August, back with the recommendation that it pass, and Thursday next was set for its consideration.

Death of 'Squire Rogers.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., January 21.—[Special.]—'Squire William Rogers, a member of the county court, died here today, aged seventy years. Two weeks ago he was taken with la grippe, and pneumonia set it, causing his death. 'Squire Rogers came to Hamilton county sixty-nine years ago, when he was but one year old, and has been here ever since. He served two terms as sheriff, was tax collector for a long time, and for years has represented his constituency in the county court.

Run Over and Killed.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., January 21.—[Special.]—Will Hart, a car coupler of the Belt railroad, was run over and killed this morning, while making a coupling. He was walking backward and fell across the track under the wheels of the engine.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

A bark, thought to be English or Norwegian, went on shore near Southport, N. C., yesterday.

Bond offerings yesterday $318,500; accepted $204,500 fours at 104[illegible]. All fours were rejected without regard to price.

The first through passenger train on the new extension of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, over the military reserve, arrived at Fortress Monroe, Va., yesterday.

TWO MEN KILLED,

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT ON THE ALABAMA MIDLAND.

Engineer Raleigh and a Colored Fireman Scalded to Death—A Terrible Scene at the Wreck.

BAINBRIDGE, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—A terrible accident occurred on the Alabama Midland railway, two miles north of Gordon, Ala., this morning at 9 o'clock.

It was the down accommodation train, consisting of six freight cars, a baggage and express and passenger coach. The engine was in front of the train, but pulling backward at the speed of fifteen miles per hour, when, without apparent cause, it left the track, turned over, and with it the six freight boxes, all of which were badly wrecked.

Engineer Raleigh and the colored fireman were horribly scalded, and suffered the most intense agony until death relieved them, three hours later.

The fireman prayed to God to forgive him his sins until the breath left his body.

The engineer was unable to speak.

Physicians were sent from both ends of the line, and all that skill and willing hands could do was done, but without avail. The authorities of the Midland were promptly on the scene and the road will be open tonight. This is the first serious accident to happen on this road, and the third of any kind.

Two More Wrecks.

MACON, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—A freight train on the Southwestern railroad jumped the track at 1 o'clock this morning, near Howard's. Several cars were wrecked, but no one was injured. Passengers were transferred from regular trains, and reached their destination with but little delay. The track will be cleared in a few hours.

ACCIDENT NO. 2.

A freight train on the Georgia Southern road jumped the track at Mossy Creek. It is supposed that the trucks of one of the cars became loose, which caused the train to leave the track. The track was torn up for some distance and some damage done to a number of the cars. Passenger trains were delayed several hours.

Another Wreck.

ALBANY, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—Yesterday, on the Brunswick and Western railroad, when the express freight, No. 6, reached Westonia, where it was to meet the through passenger, No. 18, the siding was found too short to hold the long train. It remained on the main track, and the passenger train crashed into it. When Engineer John Farmer saw the train ahead he reversed the lever, but the engine wheels became locked and slid along the track. Neither the sand box nor the air brakes would work. Farmer jumped, rolled fifteen feet and was badly hurt. The flagman had one of his ribs broken, and the negro fireman was injured. Both the engines, which crashed together, were badly used up.

Collision on the Missouri Pacific.

OMAHA, Neb., January 21.—There was a collision of suburban trains on the belt line division of the Missouri Pacific about 8 o'clock this morning, within the city limits. William Boyle, a local democratic politician was instantly killed; J. Scharick, deputy county treasurer, was internally injured; J. A. Harvey, and a man named Vandeventer, were badly crushed, probably fatally; S. Franer and Frank Church had their legs broken; two brothers named Mitzelaffs, railroad shop boys, were very seriously injured; one had his skull fractured. Several other passengers were more or less bruised. Conductor William Shield had an arm broken, and was badly crushed.

A Train Turns Over.

GALVESTON, January 21.—A northbound international train out of this city last night met with an accident four miles out of the city, just this side of the bridge across the bay. The front truck of the mail car gave way, derailing the engine and entire train. The tender and mail, express and two passenger coaches turned over on their sides in the marsh. There were about twenty passengers on the train. Eight of them were injured, but there were no serious or fatal casualties.

Wreck Near Wheeling.

WHEELING, W. Va., January 21.—Two Baltimore and Ohio freight trains, both west bound, ran together at Glen Easton, twenty miles east of Wheeling, this morning. William King, conduc-[illegible] had his hips injured. One engine and tender were badly wrecked and three cars demolished.

Ran Into a Land-Slide.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., January 21.—A freight train on the Reading railroad ran into a land-slide near here this morning, and ten cars were thrown into the creek. The engineer was instantly killed, and the fireman and brakeman were severely injured.

STRYCHNINE FOR CALOMEL.

A Daughter's Mistake Causes the Death of Her Mother.

STONE MOUNTAIN, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—Mrs. Jessie Haine, wife of a stonecutter living here, died last night under peculiarly distressing circumstances. She sent to her daughter, Mrs. Mary Hill, for a dose of calomel. Mrs. Hill sent her what she supposed to be calomel, and soon after taking it Mrs. Haine began suffering greatly. A physician was sent for, and as soon as he arrived he recognized the symptoms of poisoning. Investigation showed that strychnine had been sent, and taken for calomel. Mrs. Haine died and her daughter is completely prostrated with grief at her terrible mistake.

Burglars Abroad.

MACON, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—Quite a number of burglars are in Macon now, and their efforts to enter houses are becoming frequent. These burglars are mostly negro vagrants, who loaf around negro bar rooms during the day and stalk abroad at night. Last night Mrs. J. H. Pellew discovered a negro man in her hallway and saw several more in the back yard. A few nights since the wife of a railroad official woke up and saw a burly negro standing by her bedside with a pistol in his hand pointed at her. A noise in another part of the house frightened the negro off. Today the recorder sentenced a number of negro vagrants to the chaingang for long terms.

Macon's Street Commission.

MACON, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—The commission on sewers, parking and paving was organized today, with Mayor Price, chairman. City Clerk Bridges Smith was elected clerk of the commission. Two hundred thousand dollars of bonds will be executed at once in denominations of $500 and $1,000 each, at 4½ per cent interest per annum. The city engineer was instructed to prepare a typographical map for sewers, etc. The grand work of street improvement, contemplated under the law forming the commission, will begin immediately.

Taken to Savannah.

MACON, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—Engineer Miscally, who accidentally slipped off his engine while it was on the Walnut creek trestle, and broke his leg, was carried to Savannah to-night. He will be able to be out in about six weeks.

To the Shipping League.

MACON, Ga., January 21.—Mayor Price has appointed A. A. Allen, of the Macon Telegraph, W. B. Sparks and C. B. Willingham as delegates to the fourth annual convention of the American Shipping and Industrial League, to be held at Willard's hotel, Washington, D. C., February 5th, 6th and 7th.

Called from Virginia.

MACON, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—Rev. F. F. Reese, of Trinity church, Portsmouth, Va., has been elected rector of Christ Episcopal church, vice Rev. J. R. Winchester, resigned to accept a call at Nashville, Tenn.

He Died from Drinking.

MACON, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—Coroner Henderson held an inquest over a negro, this morning, who died suddenly last night. He was a well-digger, named Tom Stroud.

Constitution Men in Macon.

MACON, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—Mr. R. A. Hemphill and Mr. Charlie Johnson, of THE CONSTITUTION, are in Macon today, in the interest of that paper.

Incendiarism in Morgan.

MADISON, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—The barns, stables, together with all the corn, fodder and hay, belonging to Mr. J. A. Nolan, a young farmer living about eight miles from this city, were destroyed by fire last night. It is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, and circumstantial evidence points strongly to a negro woman as the perpetrator of the deed.

Death of Mr. Fred Ball.

LAGRANGE, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—Mr. Fred Ball, Sr., died at his home in this place Sunday, at an advanced age. He had been in feeble health for many years. For seventeen years after the war he was postmaster at this place.

THE HOLMES-ALLGOOD TRAGEDY.

Dr. Holmes Exhonorated by the Coroner's Jury.

ROME, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—The coroner's jury held an inquest over the body of Deforrest Allgood, at 2 o'clock today, at the Armstrong hotel. Drs. T. M. Holmes, Hammons and McCall, and Messrs. Alfred Hamilton, Wylie Harbin, H. B. Parks, Hugh McKeldin, H. H. Matlock, Caleb Demsey, Major George S. Lawrence, Deputy Marshal Brown, E. W. Marsh and, Captain R. T. Armstrong were witnesses. After sitting three hours upon the case, the jury returned the following verdict:

GEORGIA, Floyd County, January 21, 1890.—We, the coroner's jury, empaneled and sworn to investigate the killing of Mr. D. F. Allgood, find upon the evidence submitted that he came to his death from gun shot wounds in the hands of Dr. J. B. S. Holmes, on the 20th day of January, 1890, at about 8 o'clock p. m., in the city of Rome, and we further find that all the circumstances of the killing shows that it was in self-defense; was justifiably done in the fear of losing his own life.

(Signed) R. J. Clark, foreman; H. W. Williams, clerk; John C. Printup, J. A. Stansbury, J. F. McGhee, N. H. Bass, J. J. O'Neill, J. B. Hill, J. J. King, A. W. Walton, J. A. Rounsaville, T. M. Drennon, coroner.

The warrant still holding against Dr. Holmes, he remains in his rooms under charge of Sheriff Jenkins. The trial for commitment before Judge Maddox will be held tomorrow afternoon, and it is generally agreed that the verdict cannot differ in any particle from that of the coroner's jury. The Allgood family, mother and sister, of the dead man, while prostrated with grief over his death, unite in exonerating Dr. Holmes in the matter, and declare that it was impossible for him to have acted other than he did. In this opinion the city is now practically united. Mr. Allgood's remains will be taken to Trion factory tomorrow morning for burial.

The Work of a Burglar.

WARRENTON, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—Mr. F. L. Howell, a grocery merchant of this place, on opening his store this morning, was astonished to find that his store had been entered by burglars, and on examination it was discovered that his safe had been opened by boring a very small hole close by the side of the combination, and then by the use of an instrument of some kind, the lock was forced back and the door opened. The safe contained about $200, which was missing this morning. Suspicion rests upon an unknown white man that was seen lounging around the stores all day yesterday, but can't be found this morning. It was a unique and professional piece of work.

Visiting the Convicts.

DAWSON, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—The convicts working on the Columbus Southern railroad have moved their camp to within two miles of our city, and about 1,000 citizens, ladies, boys and girls, went out to see them. The tents of the officers and guards remind one of war times. In this camp there are about 100 convicts. Some of them were holding religious services, others were fiddling and dancing, and all seemed to be enjoying life pretty well under the circumstances. The people presented them small sums of money, amounting to twenty or twenty-five dollars.

Five Men Charged with Crime.

WEST POINT, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—The coroner's jury, holding the inquest over the dead body of Nolan Sherrell, killed Saturday night, find and charge five of the young men with the murder of said Nolan Sherrell. Jim Phillips and William Darden proved innocent; had nothing to do with the killing. The city is quiet, and everybody goes to business.

He Will Leave the State.

ALBANY, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—The difficulty between H. L. Howell and Louis Knight, at Redbone, has been settled. Howell returned to Albany after shooting at Knight. He explained to the latter that he was intoxicated at the time, and promised to leave the state. He leaves the little adopted girl, Ida Collins, with Knight, to whom she had gone for protection.

Tom Moore Killed.

THOMASTON, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—Tom Moore was shot three times and fatally wounded by a negro named John Williams, near Hayse & Bros.' railroad camp, in this county, today. Williams was employed by Hayse Brothers, contractors on the Macon and Bir[illegible]

Machine Shops for Washington.

WASHINGTON, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—A new company has just been formed, which will apply for a charter under the name of the Washington Foundry and Machine works. The corporators are Sims & Barnett, already dealing in bricks and lumber. They will put in their stock of lumber. Fluker Brothers, expert machinists and makers of cotton gins, will put in their stock. Mr. Charles Alexander is a corporator also. The stock will begin at $10,000, but will be increased. They will have planing mills and foundry.

General Longstreet Going to Mississippi.

GAINESVILLE, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—Your correspondent met General Longstreet on the street today, for the first time since the death of his wife in December. The general is showing age, and looks care-worn. He contemplates making a visit to Macon, Miss., where he has three or four sisters and the widow of his brother, William Longstreet, who died about twelve months ago. They all live in Noxubee county, Macon being the county site.

The Divorce Mill Grinding.

GAINESVILLE, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—The spring term of Hall superior court convened yesterday morning, His Honor C. J. Wellborn presiding and Solicitor General Howard Thompson at his post. Mr. Wiley W. Stovall was elected foreman of the grand jury and his honor gave a clear, comprehensive and lengthy charge. The divorce mill has been grinding during the entire afternoon. The session will last for about three weeks as both dockets, civil and criminal, are heavy.

The Cotton Season in Madison.

MADISON, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—Never before has the cotton season continued so late in this city. Wagon loads of seed cotton are seen daily on our streets, going to the various ginneries, while the warehouses and compress still handle a number of bales daily. Many farmers are still picking the late crop, and Madison will receive several hundred more bales before the season is over.

The Statement Corrected.

GRIFFIN, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—Captain Peden, cashier of the Merchants and Planters' bank, desires to correct the amount of that bank's deposits from $1,000,000 to $100,000, as it might be calculated to create the impression that he had made a misstatement of facts.

They Do Not Believe It Is True.

NEW YORK, January 21.—Commercial houses in this city engaged in the Brazil trade are inclined to doubt the accuracy of the dispatch from Rio Janeiro, stating that the government had directed that all foreign companies doing business in Brazil must transfer to that country two-thirds of their entire capital within two years of their organization, and companies already in existence must do the same within six months. The basis for their doubt is the fact that their correspondents in Brazil have sent them no information of such a decree.

SHORT TELEGRAMS.

Mr. Fulton Bland, a farmer near Laston, had his leg broken in falling from his wagon, and the wheels going over him.

DUBLIN, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—David Ware, Jr., mayor of this city, died at his home here on yesterday morning.

Dr. W. M. Holland, a leading physician of Statesboro, was thrown from his buggy one day this week and seriously injured.

STATESBORO, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—Nearly two thousand dollars has been subscribed by the citizens to builk a first class academy.

ALBANY, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—Mr. E. W. Jordan living in the second district of Lee county, killed four hogs during the recent cold snap which weighed 1,500 pounds.

ALBANY, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—The contemplated canning factory to be located here will give a boom to truck farming and make a demand for large quantities of fruit and vegetables. It will be of such large capacity that in one week it could exhaust the present vegetable market of this section.

COVINGTON, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—An election for municipal officers of this place was held yesterday afternoon, and the following persons were elected, to-wit: J. M. Pace, mayor; and J. S. Carroll, R. H. Thompson, T. C. Swann, J. A. Farmer, J. M. Roberts and S. W. Hawkins, councilmen. This ticket had been previously nominated at a citizens' meeting, and there was no opposition to it.

Wanted,

A few young men of talent, between the ages of eighteen and twenty-five, to complete a club now being organized in this city, to be known as Atlanta's One Hundred. Apply to C. P. Taylor, 21½ Marietta street. tf

CHASING THE WILD BOAR.

Some Rare Sport Promised in Sumter County.

AMERICUS, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—A novel hunt, which promises some rare sport to those who join therein, is being arranged among the crack shots and amateur sportsmen of this city. In the dense swamp of Muckalee creek, that borders the plantation of Major M. Speer, eight miles south of Americus, several hundreds of wild and fierce hogs have roamed and multiplied for years. Their depredations in neighboring corn fields during the summer months have resulted in great loss to the farmers of that locality, and it is to materially reduce their numbers, or else exterminate the entire lot, that the hunt was organized. The party will consist of about forty sportsmen, armed with Winchester's and breech-loading shotguns. These will divide into two bands, and with the aid of hounds will scour the swamp until the game is started, when the hogs will be slaughtered indiscriminately. In the drove are many old and fierce boars that will fight with their last breath, and the chances are even that the hunters and dogs will not escape without dangerous cuts from their razor-like tushes.

A STRANGE HEN,

Which Seems to Fully Understand Her Business.

ALBANY, Ga., January 20.—[Special.]—John Hill, living just north of Albany, has a wonderful hen. It lays every day regularly a couple of eggs. When it leaves the nest it looks back, counts the eggs therein, and if it finds that it has only added one egg to the number that was in the nest when she first took her seat, she returns and adds her second to the number to keep up with her daily task. She was set on twelve eggs recently, and to the astonishment of her owner, she hatched out fourteen chickens from the dozen eggs. Many of her eggs are double yolked, and that is the only explanation.

Half Animal, Half Human.

ALBANY, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—A few days since, a cow belonging to Mr. G. R. McDonald, of Redbone, gave birth to a calf which was half human. It was a most astonishing monstrosity. It was very slightly covered with hair. The back of its head was like a child's and it had a human nose. It had but two legs, each about six inches long. Its feet were shapeless. A short tail about three inches long came out between the shoulder blades. It was born dead, and the horrible grotesque appearance of this queer mixture in appearance of humanity and the brute was so repulsive to Mr. McDonough that he buried it forthwith.

MRS. SCOTT-SIDDONS.

There was a splended entertainment at Trinity last evening. The Young People's Christian league had invited Mrs. Scott-Siddons to deliver a number of recitations before the league, and the fact had been extensively advertised.

Few elocutionists could have so fully fulfilled all the expectations of a critical audience as did Mrs. Siddons last night.

Dr. J. G. Armstrong, the eloquent philosopher whom Atlantians delight to honor, introduced Mrs Scott-Siddons in an address, the beauty of which is beyond portrayal. After he had concluded, the exquisite renderer of some of the most beautiful things in the English language appeared upon the stage, simply attired and seemingly filled with the inspiration of the occasion.

The programme was as follows:

Scene—"Much Ado About Nothing"...Shakspeare
The Lady Clark...Tennyson.
A Senator Entangled...J. DeMille
Sleep-Walking Scene, "Macbeth"...Shakspeare
Interval of ten minutes.
Selection—"David Copperfield"...Dickens
Chapter—"Innocents Abroad"...Mark Twain
Sent Back by the Angels...F. Langbridge
Love in a Balloon...L. Moseley.

It was hard to tell which of all these masterpieces was finest rendered. All that was done was so well done that an uproar of sympathetic and hearty applause greeted the orator at the conclusion of every piece. The occasion was one that is rarely afforded to an Atlanta audience, and it was a compliment not only to the Young People's league, but to Mrs. Scott-Siddons herself, who has seldom appeared before an audience so fully impressed and so thoroughly delighted as that which filled Trinity church last night.

THE ARTILLERY ENLIST.

The First Company in the State Acting Under the New Law.

The Atlanta artillery held a meeting last evening in their armory, basement of the new capitol—the first company in Georgia to enlist under the law passed by the last legislature.

A worthy nucleus, that, for the state volunteer militia.

There was a full attendance, Captain Forbes presiding. Nearly all those present enlisted, and a [illegible] The term of enlistment is twelve months.

After the business was disposed of, there was a banquet and some informal speech-making.

The following are the officers elected:

Captain, George B. Forbes; first lieutenant, A. M. Perkerson; second lieutenant, W. H. Harrison; orderly sergeant, Clem G. Bradley; secretary, E. M. Mitchell, and treasurer, T. B. Ferris (both with the rank of first sergeant); second sergeant, S. H. Landrum; third sergeant, L. H. Tanlunson; fourth sergeant, M. T. LaHatte; senior corporal, R. B. Blackburn; O. M. sergeant W. H. Chase; ordnance sergeant, T. J. Clower; guardian, John V. Bishop.

MRS. M'GEHEE'S FUNERAL.

Laid to Rest in Westview Cemetery by the Loving Hands of Sympathizing Friends.

At 11 o'clock yesterday afternoon the funeral of Mrs. C. C. McGehee occurred from the residence, at 497 Peachtree street.

A large number of friends of the family assembled to participate in paying the last tribute to one whom all loved. The service, which was performed by Rev. Dr. Morrison, was solemn and beautiful. The floral tributes were most exquisite.

The pall-bearers were: Mr. J. E. Carlton, Mr. W. L. Peel, Mr. E. S. Pratt, Mr. D. W. Appler, Mr. H. C. Leonard, Mr. Clifford Anderson, Mr. R. Davidson and Mr. W. H. Nutting.

Mrs. McGehee was a lady who was ever foremost in every good work, and there are many who will miss her in her charitable ways and heart-felt benevolence.

A Complimentary Tea.

Last evening Miss Small gave a tea to a few of her friends, complimentary to Miss Eugenia Speer, of Macon.

Miss Small's home on Capitol avenue is one of the handsomest and most beautiful in the city, and is charming for entertaining. The dining room was a gem of loveliness.

Miss Speer, whose beauty is known throughout the state, looked handsomer than ever last night. She wore a bodice of flur and a white gauze skirt, and it was a most elegant toilet.

Those present were: Misses Lola Small, Eugenia Speer, of Macon; Annie Speer, Nellie Kimball, Maude Craig, Lena Sanders, of Madison, and Maggie Tuggbes, of La Grange, Messrs Howard Patillo. Newton Craig, John Raine, Will Hollbrook, Jesse Rankin, Leonard James and Louis Ransom.

AT THE THEATER.

Sol Smith Russell and his most delightful "A Poor Relation," delighted everybody who was in either of the very large audiences which greeted the popular comedian yesterday. The attraction is of the highest order of comedy—a bit of human nature which touches every heart and which every person enjoys. Russell is a great favorite in Atlanta.

Dyspepsia

Makes the lives of many people miserable, causing distress after eating, sour stomach, sick headache, heartburn, loss of appetite, a faint, "all gone" feeling, bad taste, coated tongue, and irregularity of the bowels. Dyspepsia does not get well of itself. It requires careful attention, and a remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla, which acts gently, yet efficiently. It tones the stomach, regulates the digestion, creates a good appetite, banishes headache, and refreshes the mind.

Distress After Eating **Sick Headache**

"I have been troubled with dyspepsia. I had but little appetite, and what I did eat distressed me, or did me little good. After eating I would have a faint or tired, all-gone feeling, as though I had not eaten anything. My trouble was aggravated by my business, painting. Last spring I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, which did me an immense amount of good. It gave me an appetite, and my food relished and satisfied the craving I had previously experienced."
GEORGE A. PAGE, Watertown, Mass.

Heart-burn **Sour Stomach**

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.
100 Doses One Dollar

MEDICAL.



The Rainbow of Promise

From the store-house of Nature came by intuition a priceless boon to the human race, through which physical sufferers in untold thousands are made to rejoice in the restoration of health, and all the blessings, joys and pleasures thereunto pertaining. . . . .

"IT HAS BEEN A BLESSING TO ME,"

Is the manner in which Mrs. M. A. Peeler, an estimable lady of Morgantown, N. C., expresses her appreciation of Swift's Specific. The following is an extract from her letter:

Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) has been a blessing to me. Afflicted with rheumatism and female weakness for a number of years, during which time I took a great deal of medicine nothing giving me relief but Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) What I suffered and endured before commencing on Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) is painful to even think about; but after taking that medicine I got well, and have continued to enjoy the best health since. I cannot say more than I believe in the praise of Swift's Specific (S. S. S.)

CURED HER CHILD.

Two years ago scrofula appeared in the head of my little grandchild. then 18 months old After using a number of bottles of Swift's Specific the disease entirely disappeared.
MRS. RUTH BERKLEY, Salina, Kansas.

Send for our Treatise on Contagious Blood Poison, mailed free.
(*Copyrighted by S. S. S. Co.*) SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Good morning "Paris Exposition, 1889.

Pears obtained the only gold medal awarded solely for toilet SOAP in competition with **all the world.** *Highest possible distinction.*"



AN ACTUAL OR LIVING DEATH

Is the result of DERANGEMENT OF FUNCTIONS
WHICH MAKES WOMAN
What she is. In all cases of STOPPAGE, DELAYED, PAINFUL, or other IRREGULARITIES, Bradfield's Female Regulator is the only sure remedy. It acts by improving the blood and determining directly to the organs involved.
THE MOST INTELLIGENT PHYSICIANS USE IT.
James T. Gott, Carmi, Ill., says: "I paid thirty-one dollars doctor's bill for my wife in one year, and one bottle of Bradfield's Female Regulator did her more good than all the medicine she had taken before."—H. DALE, Druggist, Carmi, Ill.
BOOK TO WOMAN mailed free. The Bradfield Regulator Co., Proprietors, Atlanta, Ga. Sold by all druggists.

AVOIDED BY USING BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR

SOUNDSTROM'S QUADRUPLE

Florida TRADE MARK Flower
ATLANTA COMEY PERFUMERY

PERFUMES,
Handkerchief Extracts,
Toilet Waters and Colognes,
Are the Standard of Excellence and Perfection.
The only Perfumes made from NATIVE FLOWERS.
ATLANTA PERFUMERY CO., Sole Manufacturers,
Laboratory and Office, ATLANTA, GA.
Distillery and Manufactory, ISLAND GROVE, FLA.
FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

GOOD MEN WANTED to handle the great MONEY SAVING WORK, COMPLETE "HORSE-BOOK & STOCK-DOCTOR." 18 Departments. 750 Engravings. Sales Sure—Fast. 30 Days Time. N. D. THOMPSON PUB. CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.
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DENTIST.

DR. NEVINS,



Inventor of the Nevins Patent System of Extracting Teeth Without Pain, by the Use of

VITALIZED AIR!

Is now located in the Grant House Studio, No 85 Whitehall street, Atlanta.

DR. NEVINS makes a specialty of extracting teeeth without pain. He has had fifteen years active practice, operating for as many as fifty patients in a single day. DR. NEVINS'S method of extracting without pain is indorsed by hundreds of our leading physicians and dentists as being the safest method known.

This is one of the indorsements given:

NEW YORK, November, 1876.—The undersigned hereby certify that they are more or less familiar with the anæsthetic effects of Nitrous Oxide Gas, having EXPERIENCED or WITNESSED its use. When the gas is pure and properly administered, it suspends all consciousness of pain, and, so far as we know, has never been attended with any injurious effects. We recommend it as the safest of all anæsthetics.

Signed by thirty-eight of the most noted physicians and dentists in New York. Call at Dr. Nevins's office and see their namess and hundreds of other testimonials in regard to the merits of Dr. Nevins's inventions, his skill as an extractor and the safety of vitalized air. Dr. Nevins administers the gas to everybody who desires it. Sick and well, old and young, and those having heart disease. Dr. Nevins has never met with a single accident.

If you want teeth extracted without pain, call at DR. NEVINS'S office in the Grant House Studio, 85 Whitehall st. jan21-d2w

Haviland China.

We are now offering this line of goods at very low prices. Everybody knows that this brand of goods is

The Best,

and when they buy it they are getting some thing good.

We have a full and complete line of

IMPORTED CROCKERY

of the latest and most fashionable designs. It is up to the highest standard and guaranteed to be strictly first-class.

Our GLASSWARE and LAMP STATUARY are unusually fine.

All Goods at a Low Price.

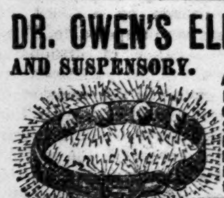
DOBBS, WEY & CO.,
dtf Peachtree street.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
W. BAKER & CO.'S
Breakfast Cocoa



Is absolutely pure and it is soluble.
No Chemicals
are used in its preparation. It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

DR. OWEN'S ELECTRIC BELT AND SUSPENSORY. *Patented Aug. 16, 1887. Improved July 30, 1889.*



DR. OWEN'S ELECTRO-GALVANIC BODY BELT & SUSPENSORY will cure All Rheumatic Complaints, Lumbago, General and Nervous Debility, Costiveness, Kidney Diseases, Nervousness, Trembling, Sexual Exhaustion, Wasting of body, diseases caused by Indiscretions in Youth, Age, Married or Single Life.

Sent to RESPONSIBLE PARTIES on 30 DAYS TRIAL. TRY A PAIR OF DR. OWENS ELECTRIC INSOLES. PRICE $1 PER PAIR. ALSO AN ELECTRIC TRUSS AND BELT COMBINED. Send 6 cents postage for FREE Illustrated Book of 224 pages, which will be sent you in plain sealed envelope. Mention this paper. Address

OWEN ELECTRIC BELT AND APPLIANCE CO.,
306 N. BROADWAY, ST. LOUIS, MO.
826 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address,
Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.
nov9—d1y wkyly

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN." LINIMENT

A RELIABLE REMEDY!

For Pain of All Kinds.

CURES Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Hoarseness, Sore Throat and Croup. HEALS Burns, Scalds, Cuts, etc. Most Economical Medicine in the World. Should be in every family.
LARGE BOTTLE FOR 25 CENTS.
All Druggists. NELSON & CO., BOSTON.
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Southern Electro Plate & Mfg Co.

134 and 136 Marietta Street.

ELECTRO PLATING

—IN—

GOLD, SILVER, COPPER, NICKEL & BRONZE.

Repairing and Replating Tableware.

CHANDELIERS REFINISHED



PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.
s pll—dlp wed w oiwk ey

MISCELLANEOUS.

Covered with Sores

Boy one year and a half old. Face and body in a terrible condition, being covered with sores. Sulphur springs fail. Cured by Cuticura Remedies.

Cured by Cuticura

I have used your Cuticura Remedies in two cases where it proved to be successful. The first was in the case of a boy a year and a half old. His face and body were in a terrible condition, the former being completely covered with sores. I took him to the Massena Sulphur springs, but he did not improve any. I was then advised to try the Cuticura Remedies, which I did. He took one and one half bottles of Cuticura Resolvent, when his skin was as smooth as could be, and is today. I used the Cuticura on his sores and the Cuticura Soap in washing him. He is now five years of age, and all right. The other case was a disease of the scalp, which was cured by washing with the Cuticura Soap and rubbing in the Cuticura, one bottle of Cuticura Resolvent being used. They have proved successful in every case. It is surprising how rapidly a child will improve under their treatment.
JOHN R. BERO, Hogansburgh, N. Y.

Itching and Burning

I have been afflicted since last March with a skin disease the doctors called eczema. My face was covered with scabs and sorces, and the itching and burning were almost unbearable. Seeing your Cuticura Remedies so highly recommended, concluded to give them a trial, using the Cuticura and Cuticura Soap externally, and Resolvent internally for four months. I call myself cured, in gratitude for which I make this public statement.
MRS. C. A. FREDERICK, Broad Brook, Conn.

Cuticura Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier and purest and best of Humor Remedies, internally, and Cuticura the great skin Cure, and Cuticura Soap an exquisite Skin Beautifier, externally, cure every species of itching, burning, scaly, and pimply humors and diseases of the skin, scalp, and blood, with loss of hair, when all known remedies fail.

Sold everywhere. Price, Cuticura, 50c.; Soap 25c.; Resolvent, $1. Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION, Boston.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.

BABY'S Skin and Scalp preserved and beautified by Cuticura Soap. Absolutely pure.



PAINS AND WEAKNESS
Of females instantly relieved by that new, elegant, and infallible Antidote to Pain, Inflammation and Weakness, the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. The first and only instantaneous pain-killing plaster.

CHASE & SANBORN'S
THE ARISTOCRATIC COFFEE OF AMERICA
SEAL BRAND
JAVA & MOCHA
COFFEE
ALWAYS PACKED (UNGROUND) IN 2½ LB TIN CANS.
BOSTON COFFEES
FREE A PERFECT ART ALBUM CONTAINING 24 BEAUTIFUL PHOTOGRAPHS REPRESENTING TEA AND COFFEE CULTURE, WILL BE SENT ON RECEIPT OF YOUR ADDRESS.
CHASE & SANBORN,
124 BROAD ST., BOSTON.
nov10—d6m fri sun wed n r m

The Purest and the Best.

This is an age of adulteration and cheap goods. Most every article has its counterpart in something cheaper. Groceries are adulterated in almost every conceivable form. Take sugar, for instance. It is very seldom you can get the pure, genuine stuff.

It is that way with Tobacco and Cigars. Probably in no business is the adulteration carried to such an extent as in cigar making. It is right cleverly done, too. A fair-looking and unobjectionable wrapper is filled with trash; merely the pickings and scraps around a tobacco factory. The filling is subjected to chemicals, and furnishes a right decent smoke for the time being. In fact, you can hardly tell whether you are smoking a strictly pure Havana cigar or one of a cheap and adulterated grade. The effect may be observed afterward. While a cheap cigar may be smoked with almost as much pleasure and scarcely feel the effect at the time, yet it will have a deleterious bearing on the human system. There is wherein the danger lies in smoking cheap cigars. It is an old saying, and one that is strictly true, that "it is the best to get the best." Good goods, pure goods, are never hurtful. Instead of having a hurtful character, they have more of a building up, invigorating effect. There is nothing so invigorating, so restful, so delicious, and that drives away care more effectively than a real first-class cigar.

It is our intention to call your attention to two brands that have the approval of connoiseurs all over the country. These brands have been weighed in the balance and found not wanting. To a thoughtful person it is almost useless to call their attention to these brands. They know them. They have usec them. The brands of the cigars referred to, are:

"The Rabbit Foot."

"The Three Kings."

They are manufactured by the celebrated house of Lichtenstein Bros., of New York, and are sold to the trade by Harralson Bros. & Co., of this city. Lichtenstein Bros. are probably the best cigar manufacturers in America, and turn out only the very best class of goods. These cigars are retailed at 5 cents. They are regarded by many to be as good as the regular 10-cent cigar. They are sold to the southern and southwestern trade through the large wholesale house of Harralson Bros. & Co. So popular have they become since being placed on the market that there is scarcely a town throughout the southeastern states that these cigars are not well and favorably known. If you have not had an opportunity to buy them, ask your dealer to order you a box. They furnish a mild, pleasant, restful smoke. sun tues fri

LOOKING TO ATLANTA.

THE L. AND N. AND THE C., R. AND C, ARE JUGGLING OVER A MAP.

Something About the Atlanta and Selma—The Middle Georgia and Atlantic—Other Railroad News.

Several days ago THE CONSTITUTION quoted a Louisville and Nashville official about their plans for getting into Atlanta. His plan was to cut off the Chattanooga angle in the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis by building a new road from Stevenson southeast to some point near Summerville on the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus, then down the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus to Rome, or even further than Rome, and then over a new road into Atlanta.

It was left very indefinite—because the Alabama and Georgia Coal, Iron and Railroad company charter is indefinite—as to how much of the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus was to be used. The plan is important to them, for if the road ever becomes much more important than it is it must come to Atlanta, and to do this with the help of the Louisville and Nashville is the easiest and quickest way, assuming that the road is too independent to be gobbled up entirely by the Louisville and Nashville.

But whatever the relation between the Louisville and Nashville and the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus may be, short of absolute control on the part of the Louisville and Nashville, the fact that there is an understanding argues that the new line will not be built from Atlanta to Rome, but from some point on the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus, considerably south of Rome.

It is known that the officials of the two roads are in correspondence, and the plan outlined yesterday by a Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus official may be taken as very near the most probable one in case an agreement is reached.

"From Nashville to Stevenson, 113 miles, over the Nashville, Chattanooga and St Louis; Stevenson across to, or near Lyerly, on the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus, 40 miles more; down the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus road 57 miles to a point about 12 miles south of Cedartown, and then over a new road 41 miles to Atlanta, coming through Salt Springs. The Louisville and Nashville would probably come into the city over the Georgia road track, as they control one-half interest in that lease, and could get good terms on the terminal facilities here."

"Are the Louisville and Nashville certainly coming to Atlanta?"

"Yes."

"Suppose they don't come that way?"

"What will we do, you mean? We'll come on anyhow to Atlanta, and then on to the sea."

"If you were in Atlanta what would your ultimate objective point on the coast be?"

"Port Royal."

"What about the Carrollton end of the line?"

"Well, it's going to be extended, but just where, or just how soon, I couldn't say. We are very much interested in the building of the Macon and Birmingham. An extension from Carrollton to a connection with that road—practically, the Georgia Southern and Florida—gives us a route through Macon to Palatka, Fla."

"What is the Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus doing now?"

"Well, we are building one six-mile branch from Young's station, in Polk county, about seven miles south of Cedartown, in the direction of Rockmart. That is to reach an ore bed, the owners of which have contracts with the Southern Iron and the Tennessee Coal and Iron companies for 550 tons of ore a day. The terminus of this little road is only seven miles from Rockmart, and will be extended eventually to Rockmart.

"The contracts are out for another branch from LaFayette, four miles long, westward to another ore bed.

"The survey for another line is to begin soon. It is to branch from some point between Crawfish Springs and Rock Springs, and run twenty-four miles to the head of McLemore's Cove, coming back in a loop.

"Then we have actually in operation, recently completed, three miles of track at Cedartown, including the third rail on the East and West road; four miles of track five miles south of LaFayette, branching out to an ore deposit; and at Lyerly, going west, a track four and a half miles long to Dirtseller mountain. The ore land is owned by Colyar and Lyerly, who also own the new furnace in Rome."

"And are you coming to Atlanta?"

"We are certain to—with the Louisville and Nashville, or alone."

The Eden extension of the Central railroad will be finished to Sterling, where it will meet the Savannah, Americus and Montgomery road the first part of February. This will give a new short line between Americus and Savannah. Through trains to Birmingham from Savannah will be running over this route inside of sixty days.

The latest new road mapped out by Tennessee boomers is an air-line from Kansas City to Port Royal, S. C., crossing the Mississippi river at Cairo, Ill., running through Tennessee, crossing the East Tennessee railroad at or near Cleveland, Tenn., up the Hiwassee river to Rabum Gap, and on to Port Royal. It is a "hummer" in breadth and scope and they say in Tennessee that there are millions behind it.

Mr. Brosius, the Edison of Georgia, has gone to Virginia to look after an important railroad extension pointing this way. The Marietta and North Georgia is rapidly pushing northward, and there is a probability that other roads north want to join from the direction of Virginia. Mr. Brosius went in response to a letter from ex-Governor Fitzhugh Lee, who, since he vacated the governor's seat, is devoting much of his time to railroad building.

A gentleman well posted in railroad matters said yesterday that some railroads in the state were responsible to a great extent for the unpopularity of railroads in Georgia, by utterly disregarding local travel along their lines. Two or three railroads pay no attention whatever to anything but through business. A man who gets up before daylight and goes to the depot to meet a train, and finds it is three hours late, because it had to wait for the through sleeper, is not in a humor to be very friendly with railroads for some time. And yet this occurs almost every night on some of the roads in this state. Legislation giving the railroad commission the right to demand accommodation for local travel will be in order before the next legislature.

The Macon and Birmingham.

MACON, Ga., January 21.—A meeting of the citizens of LaGrange was held at the courthouse last night to discuss the subject of issuing bonds to purchase the right of way for the Macon and Birmingham railroad, which is now in course of construction. Judge T. H. Whitaker made a speech giving a history of the manner in which the charter of this road was granted, and the pledges which LaGrange, through the mayor and council, had given provided the road passes through our city. There were speeches by several others, after which the chairman requested all those in favor of issuing bonds to rise. Every man in the house rose, which is a pretty good index of the way the election on the bond question will go on Thursday. Our people will do everything in their power to encourage the building of this road, which means so much for LaGrange.

The South-Bound Railway.

SAVANNAH, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—The South-Bound railway people are about to make the final effort to raise the sum asked from Savannah. Colonel Mike Brown came over from Barnwell today, and he was at a conference with Mr. Herman Myers and others interested in the enterprise. Mr. Overton, president of the cotton exchange, suggested the following gentlemen to act on the subscription committee: Messrs. E. Karow, D. T. McIntyre and F. D. Bloodworth. Mr. Young, president of the board of trade, named from that body Messrs. J. G. Haas, D. G. Purse, and J. B. Withers. Canvassing will begin right away. Only $25,000 more is wanted from Savannah. Last summer $50,000 was raised before the canvassing was stopped. Colonel Brown states that this move means business. Rights of way have been secured between Savannah and Blackville, and $50,000 has been subscribed along the line. This sum will be raised to $75,000, just as soon as the necessary amount is subscribed. A construction company will get to work, and this railroad which will be of vast benefit to Savannah, will be built in a reasonable time.

Stockholders and Directors.

MACON, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—Last nigh the ttockholders and directors of the Covington and Macon road held a special meeting to discuss the issuance of income bonds to improve the betterments of the road. No definite action was taken in regard to the matter.

Under One Head.

The change in the Central office, by which Mr. Charles E. Harmon comes to Atlanta as general agent of the Central, vice Mr. D. W. Appler, promoted to general superintendent of all the Central agencies, takes effect on the 1st of February.

Mr. Clyde Bostick has just been appointed soliciting agent of the Georgia, Southern and Florida, with headquarters in Atlanta. That is a pioneer position, an important one, and the new road made a good selection.

Major G. A. Whitehead, general freight agent of the Central, was here yesterday.

Mr. W. M. Paisley has just been appointed general traveling agent of the Georgia Midland and Gulf, with headquarters at Columbus.

Mr. W. E. Arnold is appointed general traveling passenger agent of the Ocean Steamship company, of Savannah.

Mr. Robert W. Hunt has been appointed traveling passenger agent for the Port Royal and Augusta and the Carolina and Western.

AN ATHENS PROFESSOR.

To Hand in His Resignation to the Chancellor Today.

Mr. A. L. Franklin, adjunct professor of Latin and Greek at the state university, will hand in his resignation to the chancellor today.

He will begin studying law at once, assured of a remunerative partnership in Jackson, Ga., as soon as he is admitted to the bar.

Mr. Franklin is one of the brightest graduates that have come from the university in many years. He graduated in the literary course in '86, and again in the scientific course in '88, taking every degree that can be conferred by the university.

Immediately after his graduation, at barely eighteen years of age, he was made adjunct professor of Latin and Greek, and has filled the position with marked ability ever since. He is, by many years, the youngest professor that ever held a position at the university. He is considered one of the best Greek scholars in the state.

Mr. Franklin, now only a few weeks over nineteen years old, will start in his profession of law with prospects as flattering as those of any young man in the state, and it is safe to predict that he will be successful in it.

Emma Abbott Tonight in "Ernani."

Tonight, the fairest songstress on the American stage in grand English opera, Emma Abbott, returns to our city for a season of grand opera, and all too brief it is, with new and great operas, newly reorganized company, new dresses, toilets, costumes, and new everything, and better prepared in every way to produce opera than ever she was in the world before. Royally glad we all are to welcome her and her company, her new operas and her everything that belongs to opera, because there is every assurance that it is better even than all she brought last season. From season to season, Emma Abbott adds something, much, to her operas to make them more and more attractive, until now, it seems, from all accounts, that nothing is lacking to make Abbott opera the most alluring and delightful known to the country. Tonight's opera is "Ernani," a great work, one of the very greatest of modern operas, splendid in scope and magnitude, admirable in vocalization and orchestration, and vivid in plot and scene as Victor Hugo's wild immagination could ever invent. It has been called the greatest production the Abbott management ever put on, and doubtless is, or the claim would ere this have been forfeited. The entire Abbott company are required in the cast, with the exception of Michelena, full chorus and grand orchestra. "Ernani" is really the greatest production of the season here. Tomorrow night will follow another opera now given here for the first time, "Crown Diamonds," by Auber, romantic, sparkling and melodious. Friday, "Il Trovatore." Saturday, Abbott matinee, "Romeo and Juliet," and Saturday night "Martha," with Abbott's famous "Last Rose of Summer." Society and all music-loving people will be there en masse.

The way to make money is to save it. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the most economical medicine to buy, as it gives more doses for the money than any other. Sold by all druggists.

La Grippe.

This disease will soon be upon us and it is well to be prepared to meet it. If Brewer's Lung Restorer is taken upon the first appearance of cold, La Grippe cannot get any foothold.

MEDICAL.



"Oh! where shall rest be found!"
The worn-out mother sighs;
"Trousers to mend and stockings to darn,
Dishes to wash and butter to churn,
While my back feels to break, and head and heart burn,
And life is a constant friction."

The Summer came and went,
The matron no longer sighs;
Elastic her step and rounded her cheek,
Work seems but play, life is now sweet,
And the change was made in one short week
By DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION.

As an invigorating tonic, it imparts strength to the whole system. For overworked, "worn-out," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequaled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic. Contains no alcohol to inebriate; no sugar or syrup to derange digestion; a legitimate *medicine*, not a *beverage*.

As a soothing and strengthening nervine, "Favorite Prescription" is unequaled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, exhaustion, prostration, hysteria, spasms and other distressing, nervous symptoms, commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

A Book of 160 pages, on "Woman and Her Diseases," sent to any address, in plain, sealed envelope, on receipt of ten cents, in stamps. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets regulate and cleanse the liver, stomach and bowels. One a dose. Sold by druggists.

DR. BOWES & CO.



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(Over Jacobs' Pharmacy)

Chronic, Nervous, Blood and Skin Diseases.

NERVOUS debility, seminal losses, impaired vital energy, despondency, loss of memory, effect of bad habits, confusion of ideas, safety and permanently cured.

BLOOD AND SKIN diseases, syphilis and all of its terrible results totally eradicated. Ulcers, blotches, sore or ulcerated throat and mouth, scrofula, erysipelis permanently cured when others have failed.

URINARY kidney and bladder troubles, frequent and burning urine, gonorrhea, gleet, urinary sediments, cystitis, etc., quickly cured.

URETHRAL STRICTURE permanently cured without any cutting or caustics, or dialation or interruption of business or occupation.

CURES GUARANTEED.

A SURE CURE to young and middle-aged men who have foolishly wasted their energies.

Dr. Bowes is a graduate of the great University of Michigan, of twenty year's experience, and is strictly reliable. Send six cents in stamps for "Perfect Question List" and book on diseases of men. Enclose stamps for reply to your letter. Call on or address DR. BOWES & CO., 21/2 Marietta, St., Atlanta, Ga.

References: Constitution, Jacobs' Pharmacy Co.
dec 7 d 1 y n r m

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ROOFING.

We are now ready to supply the product of entirely new machinery and processes just completed by aid of which we not only have greatly improved the strength and durability of our well-known ASBESTOS ROOFING, but have also secured a degree of uniformity never before attained in any similar fabric. We offer this as the PERFECTED form of the portable Roofing which we have manufactured with continued improvements during the past thirty years, and as the most desirable Roofing for general purposes.

The important features of our recent improvements, for which patents have been allowed and others applied for in this country and in Europe, are described in our new circular, which, with samples, will be sent free by mail.

Our Asbestos Roofing is now in use upon Factories, Foundries, Cotton Gins, Chemical Works, Railroad Bridges, Cars, Steamboat Decks, etc., in all parts of the world.

It is supplied ready for use, in rolls containing 200 square feet, and weighs, with Asbestos Roof Coating, ready for shipment, about 85 pounds to 100 square feet.

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87 MAIDEN LANE, NEW YORK.
CHICAGO. PHILADELPHIA. BOSTON.
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SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES

WANTED — POSITION AS FIRST-CLASS bread and cake baker; sixteen years experience; sober and steady; can furnish satisfactory reference. Address Charles Suggs, Shelby, N. C.

WANTED—SITUATION AS CLERK IN A BOOK and stationery, or office. Address Andrew Miller, 86 Ivy st. 2t

SITUATION WANTED AS ENGINEER OR electrician, can run stationary or hoisting engines, or will take charge of an electric plant or station. Address C. E. Seaver, Middleborough, Mass. sat mon wed

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES

SITUATION WANTED—TO TEACH IN PRIvate family; will give lessons in music and drawing; would assist in housekeeping, if desired; references exchanged. Address Miss L. R., care Constitution.

A LADY WANTS A SITUATION AS GOVERness or housekeeper; can give the best of references; does not object to the country. Address M. B., 83 Marietta street. wed and sun

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

BUY A HOME ON TEN YEARS' TIME. CALL at Room 24, over Chamberlin, Johnson & Co.'s, between 10 and 2 o'clock.

Atlanta Real Estate Exchange, No. 5 South Pryor Street, Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.

A NUMBER OF BARGAINS HAVE BEEN listed with us during the past week, some of which we will call attention to below.

5 ACRES ON FAIR ST., LAYS WELL IN THE line of improvements, and will pay to subdivide. $5,000.

5 ACRES ON ASHBY ST., INSIDE CITY limits, with 3-room cottage; a good investment. $2,500.

60 ACRES, CLOSE TO PEACHTREE PARK. 30 acres of original growth timber. $1,200.

25 ACRES ON GREEN'S FERRY ROAD, NEAR Westview cemetery; good stream and water power. $1,200.

GRIST-MILL AND COTTON-GIN RUN BY water-power, 10 acres of land, near railway and Atlanta. $1,000.

33 ACRES, ALL UNDER CULTIVATION, 2¼ miles from city. $75 per acre.

BOULEVARD, 100X190; LAYS WELL, AND will repay investment. $1,300.

WEST PEACHTREE, 200X400; BEAUTIFUL grove and natural grade. $9,000.

SAVANNAH ST., TWO FOUR-ROOM HOUSES, lot 53x80, $900.

DECATUR ST., 4 SMALL STORE BUILDINGS, lot 57x97, $2,500.

HIGHTOWER ST., NEW 5-ROOM HOUSE, within one block of street cars; lot 45x145. $2,200.

EAST ELLIS ST., NICE 5-ROOM HOUSE; water and gas; lot 50x150 to alley. $3,300.

WEST HARRIS ST., NEW 7-ROOM HOUSE, all modern conveniences. $3,000.

LUCKIE ST., 7-ROOM HOUSE, STABLE, ETC., lot 61½x150. Close to center of city. $5,000.

GORDON ST., WEST END, WITHIN 2 BLOCKS of street cars, 170x200 to alley. $1,600.

WE ALSO HAVE A LARGE LIST OF PROPerty in all parts of the city. Atlanta Real Estate Exchange, 5 South Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

FOR RENT—HOUSES COTTAGES

FOR RENT—BOARDING-HOUSE, FULL OF first-class boarders; close in; house partly furnished by owner, balance can be bought reasonable; splendid opportunity for party with little money, vim and energy to step into good business. Address, with references, St. Nicholas, care Constitution.

FOR RENT—RESIDENCE, NO. 126 WASHINGton street, for rent. tue thu sun

ROOMS.

FOR RENT—TWO NICE CONNECTING ROOMS, furnished or unfurnished, water and gas. No. 10 Brotherton street.

NICE SUIT OF APARTMENTS TO LET, WITH bath, gas, hot and cold water, at 194 Washington street. sun tues thurs

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS

FOR RENT—HAVING BEEN ILL FOR THE past three months with nervous prostration, I will rent my house, 22 Houston street, containing twenty-four furnished rooms complete and filled with good, paying boarders, for three months with the privilege of longer time. Call at the residence, for further information, No. 22 Houston street. jan16—dtf

FOR RENT—STORE NO. 43 PEACHTREE ST. Possession given at once. Apply to Perry Chisholm, revenue office. tf

McPherson & Kelly, Real Estate, 4 South Pryor Street.

A BEAUTIFUL FARM OF 380 ACRES, 300 acres cleared, 80 acres in original timber; new seven-room house; fine orchard and vineyard; two extra good barns, three tenant houses, ginhouse and other improvements suited to such a place; situated only two miles from the A. & W. R. R., not far from Atlanta. We will sell the place for what the improvements cost. This is a bargain.

4 GOOD FOUR-ROOM HOUSES, IN GOOD neighborhood; small cash payments and the balance $20 per month. Now is the time to get a home cheap and on easy terms.

HERE IS A WEST END BARGAIN. A PRETTY eight-room house on corner; lot 200x200.

REAL ESTATE IS ACTIVE, AND NOW IS A fine time to sell, and if you want to sell place with us and we will dispose of it.

IF YOU HAVE A FIRST-CLASS BARGAIN for sale, come to see us; we have cash customers looking for it.

SEVERAL GOOD HOUSES FOR RENT ON OUR list; please come and look at our list early. su, wed, fri

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—To the superior court of said county: The petition of W. J. Van Dyke, P. H. Harralson, H. L. Harralson, Fulton Colville and Morris Brandon respectfully shows that they desire for themselves, their associates and successors, to be incorporated for a period of twenty years' with the privilege of renewal at the end of that time, under the corporate name of

"UNITED BUILDING, LOAN AND SAVINGS ASSOCIATION OF ATLANTA."

The object of said corporation is pecuniary gain and profit for its stockholders and the business it desires to do is to own, buy, sell and deal in real estate or personal property, to mortgage or otherwise encumber any and all property it may own, to loan its own money to its stockholders, taking such security on real or personal estate by way of deed, mortgage or otherwise as a natural person could do, making such loans payable in monthly or other installments as may be agreed on, to make such loans to persons not stockholders in accordance with the laws of Georgia, giving such a right to all building and loan associations or associations of like character, to erect houses on its own land, and to sell, lease or otherwise to dispose of the same, and to negotiate loans for any other person, natural or artificial, charging whatever commission or fees for such service as may be agreed on, and to guarantee the repayment of such loans.

Petitioners desire that the principal place of business and residence of said corporation shall be in the city of Atlanta, but it shall have the right to do business in any state of the Union; to establish branch offices under such management and control as may be prescribed by its board of directors. That its capital stock shall consist of one thousand shares of the par value of when fully paid up of one hundred dollars per share, with the privilege of increasing the same to one hundred thousand shares, or any part thereof, whenever its board of directors deem it advisable to do so; that its capital stock shall be paid in by successive monthly installments of not less than fifty cents nor more than two and one-half dollars per share per month, as may be agreed on by its board of directors, and that it shall have a board of directors of not less than seven nor more than nine.

Petitioners ask that said corporation be granted the rights and powers above mentioned and all others necessary for carrying into effect the above named purposes, and those powers common to all corporations enumerated in section sixteen hundred and seventy-nine (1679) of the code of Georgia of the year 1882, and elsewhere in the laws of Georgia, and petitioners will ever pray, etc.

COLVILLE & BRANDON,
Attorneys for Petitioners.

Filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court, this 7th day of January, 1890.
G. H. TANNER, C. S. C.

A true copy as appears of record in this office, this 7th day January, 1890.
jan9d4twed G. H. TANNER, C. S. C.

Big G has given universal satisfaction in the cure of Gonorrhœa and Gleet. I prescribe it and feel safe in recommending it to all sufferers.
A. J. STONER, M.D.,
Decatur, Ill.
PRICE, $1.00.
Sold by Druggists.

PERSONAL.

A. GOODRICH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 124 Dearborn street, Chicago; advice free; 21 years' experience; business quietly and legally transacted. 1y

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN—NOTICE IS hereby given that the undersigned has this day filed an application to the March term of the superior court for Fulton county, to be relieved of all legal disabilities imposed upon him by the granting of a total divorce to Mrs. Jennie Joyce, from the undersigned by said court, on the 12th day of April, 1889. This December 27, 1889.
dec28-d60d CHARLES M. JOYCE.

LADIES' COLUMN.

LADIES! CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYroyal pills, diamond brand. Safe, reliable. Send 4c. (stamps) for particulars and "Relief for Ladies" in letter by return mail. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Penn. Sold by druggists. Take no other. 10,000 testimonials. tues thur.

FEATHERS CLEANED, CURLED AND DYED; also kid gloves cleaned. Phillips, 14 Marietta street. sun, wed, fri

MONEY WANTED

WANTED—TO BORROW FOR A TERM OF years, at a reasonable rate of interest, $3,000 on valuable farm property in Cobb county, Ga., or will return it in installments. Address "Fancy Butter Dairy," care Constitution office, Atlanta, Ga. jan 19-d tf

FOR SALE HORSES, CARRIAGES

FOR SALE—ONE FINE MULE AND TWO SECond-hand wagons, cheap. Apply to W. M. Middlebrooks or E. G. Moon, at 435 W. Peters street. jan21-3t

BOARDERS WANTED.

BOARD, BY DAY, WEEK OR MONTH. TERMS reasonable. No. 100 Walton street. 1wk

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR NICE YOUNG men can get good board and first class accommodation in a private family at 44 Church street. 1w

PERMANENT AND TRANSIENT BOARD AT 25 and 28 North Forsyth street. The best accommodations, sep11—dtf

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

I WILL BUY OF MANUFACTURERS FURNIture, carpets, etc., for you, and allow very easy payments, on time; transactions confidential. V. V., care Constitution.

WANTED—SEVERAL COMPLETE OR PARTS of suites of furniture, carpets and household goods for a 5-room house. Address Cottage, care Constitution.

WANTED—ONE SECOND HAND BREWERS-Sword brick machine, good as new, by the Wrightsville Brick company., Wrightsville, Ga. sun wed

WANTED—BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS to buy my lime, every barrel is guaranteed equal to the best. Plastering hair, cement, plaster, etc. Prices as low as any other dealer. Sole manufacturer of the "Hill Pit" inside blinds. J. C. Kimball, Telephone 791, 9 North Broad street. jan 19—d1w

WANTED—TO RENT OR PURCHASE A GOOD second hand Remington typewriter. Address Atlanta Cotton Seed Oil Mills, 15½ E. Alabama street. jan18 tf

VISITORS TO THE CITY ARE INVITED TO call at McNeal's wall paper house, 141 Whitehall street, and get his prices. oct 13—tf

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE FOR THE "Life and Reminiscences of Jefferson Davis." Most popular book published. 25,000 copies in first edition. A $3 book for $2.25. Send $1 at once for complete outfit to R. H. Woodward & Co., Baltimore, Md. A few good general agents wanted. jan22-3t

THE DENVER STATE LOTTERY CO. WANT agents. Tickets 50 cents. Address A. C. Ross & Co., Denver, Colo. 10t

AGENTS SHOULD WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED circular, and terms for two weeks' trial of Missouri Washer. Washes dirtiest clothes clean by hot steam without rubbing. Easily sold; profitable. J. Worth, 54 Beekman st., N. Y. oct30wed,sun52t

LADY AGENTS COINING MONEY—WONDERful new rubber undergarment; sells itself. Proof free. Address Little & Co., 216 Clark street, Chicago, Ill. jan9—dtf

AGENTS—WANTED ON SALARY. $75 PER month and expenses paid any active man or woman to sell our goods by sample and live at home. Salary paid promptly and expenses in advance. Full particulars and sample case free. We mean just what we say. Address Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass. 3m

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY—AN INTEREST IN a long-established, prosperous business for sale for $12,000. Address Box 210, Postoffice. jan22-7t

FOR SALE—RESTAURANT, CHEAP; GOOD reason; dollar for dollar. Apply to F. L., 11 Marietta street. jan21-3t

HELP WANTED—MALES.

WANTED—A MAN OF GOOD ADDRESS TO visit some of our best citizens, leading manufacturers, on a subject of importance to them and of profit to him. Give name and address "E.," box 176. tf

WANTED—A GOOD SCHOOL TEACHER; NOT object to a lady. Address at once, with testimonials, Alpha, Constitution office.

WANTED—TWO GOOD ROOFERS; THOSE used to cornice work preferred. Come at once, or address McConnell & Co., Anniston, Ala.

WANTED—FOUR MOLDERS ON LIGHT MAchinery. Martin's Iron Foundry, Fort Valley, Ga. 3t

PHYSICIAN WANTED—PHYSICIAN OF MIDdle age and active, to do a list practice for miners. Pays well. Unless A 1 references produced, need not apply. For particulars, address Louisville Coal & Coke Co., Flipping, W. Va. jan21-3t

WANTED—SALESMAN TO SELL RUBBE hose, belting, packing, etc., on commission. Address Forest City Rubber Company, Cleveland Ohio. 2t

WANTED—SALESMAN AT $75 PER MONTH, salary and expenses, to sell a line of silver-plated ware, watches, etc., by sample only; horse and team furnished free. Write at once for full particulars and sample case of goods free. Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass. div

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—LADIES AND GENTLEMEN TO introduce our spring line of gloves on salary. Samples free. Expenses advanced. Address with stamp, Royal Glove Co., Cincinnati, O. jan2-d13t fri,sun,wed

I WISH TO EMPLOY A FEW LADIES ON salary to take charge of my business at their homes. Light, very fascinating and healthful. Wagers $10 per week. Reference given. Good pay for part time. Address with stamp, Mrs. Marion Walker, Louisville, Ky. dtf

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN.—SOUTHERN HOME Building and Loan Association, over Neal's new bank. Call for pamphlet. jt-tf

MONEY TO LEND AT LOWEST RATES ON city or farm lands in adjoining counties, long or short time or by installment to suit borrower. Money here, so no delay. S Barnett, 15½ S. Broad street. aug17-d6m

WOLF'S AUCTION HOUSE.

THE BALANCE OF OUR WINTER STOCK OF clothing will be sold at any price for the next 20 days. Hundreds of dressers, bureaus, bedsteads, tables, chairs, bedsprings, carpets at your own price.

LOOK FOR THE BARGAINS.

We want any amount of Office and Household Furniture for the Cash or on Storage.

We make liberal advances on Storage of Merchandise, Furniture and other valuables.

Remember H. Wolfe, City Auctioneer, 98 Whitehall street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STOCK FOR SALE.
Brosius Moter Sewing Machine Co.
At 85 cents.
Address P. O. Box 10.

WANTED—HOUSES, ROOMS ETC

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOM FOR LIGHT housekeeping in a good locality by a gentleman and his wife from the north. Address P. F. C., this office.

WANTED—A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, close in. Address, stating terms, location, etc., Leo J., care Constitution.

FOUND.

FOUND—A ST. BERNARD PUP. ADDRESS J. V. H., Constitution office. jan21-2t

FOUND—A PAIR OF GOLD EYE-GLASSES; owner can get same by calling on candy man, corner Alabama and Whitehall, and paying for same.

LOST.

LOST—A DIAMOND BREAST-PIN. RETURN to 380 Whitehall street and be liberally rewarded.

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ATLANTA, GA., JANUARY 22, 1890.

The Florida Steal.

Mr. William E. Chandler took occasion to deny in the senate last Monday that he had approached the chairman of the state returning board of Florida, during the memorable canvass of 1876, and promised that if the votes were counted for Hayes the republican majority of the board would be taken care of.

This denial is merely a technical one, and covers neither the charges of the democrats, nor the more impressive confessions of republicans; but if Senator Joseph E. Brown had been able to be in his seat Monday, matters would have taken a very interesting turn for Mr. Chandler.

We have never heard it charged with any great degree of particularity that Mr. Chandler made any definite promise to the republican chairman of the Florida returning board; but when this senatorial hustler goes on to declare that the friends of Hayes had resorted to no extraordinary means to influence the returning board on that occasion, he pushes the truth in a corner where it will not stay.

It may be that Chandler is so familiar with all the methods of bribery and corruption, that he regards none of them as extraordinary, but if he intends that a reasonable interpretation shall be placed in his declaration, the dead will rise up against him.

When Samuel B. McLin was suffering from an illness that he knew would prove fatal, he confessed that the republican members of the returning board had been bribed to falsify the returns. He made this confession for his own peace of mind, for it added nothing whatever to the public knowledge on the subject. The secrets of the infamous deal that Chandler and other leading republicans had made with McLin and the other republican members of the returning board had already leaked out.

No doubt Chandler has a scrap-book, but he ought to bear in mind that there are other scrap-books in existence.

White Slavery in the North.

More than once, when our northern contemporaries have complained of the alleged unfair treatment of the blacks in this section, we have quietly called their attention to the outrageous oppression of the whites in some of the New England and Middle states.

The New York World has been looking into this disgraceful business, and its reports make lovely reading. The World last Sunday exposed the methods of the employers of the miners at the village of Ausable Forks, New York. At this place extortion is the rule. The employes are forced to trade at the company store, employ the company doctor, and transact all business on credit. They pay twenty per cent too much for everything, and consequently are in debt when pay day rolls around. One man in this village, a workingman named Jesse Poole, has worked for the company forty years. He has never known a pay day, and is now $600 in debt to the company.

There are other localities as bad, or worse, than Ausable Forks, and they are almost within rifle shot of Boston, New York and Philadelphia. The system is fully as cruel and grinding as the peculiar slavery in Mexico known as peonage. When workingmen are kept in debt to their employers, and compelled to work forty years without being paid off, they are slaves, and nothing else. They are too poor to go elsewhere in search of a job, too poor even to run away.

To say that the American peons of Ausable Forks and similar towns in the north are free men, and armed with a free ballot which they can cast without dictation or intimidation, is to say what no sensible man will believe. The poorest negro that ever worked in a Mississippi cotton field is better off in every way than Jesse Poole, the white citizen of New York.

The South Needs More Whites.

Many months ago we took the position in these columns that the simplest and most satisfactory way to settle our alleged race problem would be to increase our white population.

The south cannot deport the blacks, but she can import whites enough to give our race an overwhelming preponderance.

But these white immigrants must belong to our stock. They must have our blood, customs and religion, so that when they settle among us the whole body of our people will be homogeneous.

We must secure these immigrants from from New England, and we must induce from three to five millions of them to move down this way in families, parties and colonies. The paupers and the shiftless will not have enterprise enough to come. The well-to-do, industrious and energetic will soon be glad to make the change, and once here they will become our natural allies, and cause the race problem to sink out of sight and be forgotten in the rapid advancement and general prosperity of this region.

We have outlined these ideas before, and they are beginning to be reproduced and favorably commented on in the north. The Washington City Gazette follows our line exactly. It says the best thing for both sections would be the wholesale emigration of the New England people with all their household goods to the south. New England has been transformed from an agricultural to a manufacturing region, and has filled up with an alien race. The Puritans are being pushed to the wall by these aliens with their European Sunday and their old world traditions and customs.

Under these new and strange conditions the native Americans of the eastern states are growing restless. They cannot go west without coming in contact with large masses of newly arrived foreigners, speaking a Babel of tongues. They cannot stay where they are without being dominated by the newcomers. Clearly, their best policy is to pack up and swarm forth to seek new homes on the Potomac, the James, the Cape Fear, the Peedee, the Chattahoochee, the Alabama and the Mississippi, and in the valleys of the Piedmont region.

In the south these Americans would find themselves surrounded by American neighbors, and a common interest would make them pull together. Our immigrants would soon get rid of any misinformation or fancy ideas about our problems, and go to work with us to settle them.

Speaking in this strain the Gazette says:

"Now let New England rise as one man, give up its inhospitable climate, its sterile soil, its unfriendly environment to the Irish, the Canadians and the Portuguese, who are overrunning that land, and seek happier homes and wider opportunities beneath the bluer skies, in the balmier breezes, on the fertile soil of the south. So shall a newer and greater Harvard rise on the banks of the Ashley, a more pretentious Yale lend classic grace to the James, and another but more glorious burst of poetical and theogical splendor renew the glories of Longfellow, and Hawthorne, and Edwards and Channing in the sunny vales and flowery meads of the pleasant and genial south."

This is no exaggerated forecast. The southward movement of New England capital has been going on for years, and it will inevitably be followed by a stream of settlers. When people are willing to plant their money and their factories, furnaces, mills and railroads here it will take very little persuasion to induce them to follow their investments and make their homes here.

When the south in a peaceable and amicable way literally swallows New England, absorbs her, and assimilates the new element introduced into her midst, as it were, our problems will be forgotton, and the busy hum of industry will drown every discordant note.

Morals in the Schools.

Our public schools should teach the elements of good citizenship.

In a brief article on this subject the New York Press urges the schools to teach children the obligations of moral duty toward their fellow men. Instead of putting elementary moral science at the top of the course, it should run through the primary schools.

We must come to it, sooner or later. If parents are going to trust the entire make-up of their children to their education in the schools, the schools will be forced to look after the hearts as well as the heads of the pupils.

In the meantime, the home seems to be a steadily diminishing factor in the education of the young.

The Alton Affair.

We gave an account the other day of the race troubles at the town of Alton, in the state of Illinois, resulting from an attempt on the part of the negroes, who had deserted their own school, to force their children into the white schools. At that time a number of negro children had been admitted to the high school, but when the pupils were turned out at recess, the white children attacked the black ones and drove them off.

This was as far as our account went, but there was a sequel to the story. The second day after the colored children had been driven from the school grounds by the white pupils, the negroes proceeded to take action. About three hundred, ranging in age from six to sixty years, marched to the school. The column was stopped by a posse of constables, who, by the exercise of great firmness, compelled all the negroes, except about twenty-five, to leave the school grounds. The twenty-five that remained did so on the plea that they were there to attend school.

While the constables were ejecting the negroes, there was great danger of a riot. Some of the blacks made motions as if to draw weapons, but none were shown. The school board applied for more constables to serve as guards, and the town authorities furnished them, so that, at last accounts, the high school was practically in a state of seige. The negro teacher, whose school has been deserted by the blacks, quit in disgust. He is said to be a very capable teacher, but he has lost his position because his negro friends think it will be nicer to send their children to the white schools, where there are white teachers.

Snobbery of this sort by no means adds to the simplicity of the race problem.

About Colonization.

A great many republican newspapers at the north have seized on Senator Butler's speech relative to the deportation of the negroes to Africa as a sort of anti-campaign document, and they are working it up and down, pump-handle fashion, for pretty much all it is worth.

The Globe-Democrat, of St. Louis, which is presumed to have intimate knowledge of all the varied and variegated southern questions that spread out across the political field like an immense portulaca bed, says that the deportation plan is the most absurd of all the plans yet presented for the solution of the negro problem. Perhaps it is; a proposition looking to forcible deportation certainly would be; but, lo and behold! as if to confound the republican editors here is Bishop Henry M. Turner, one of the strongest men of his race, rising up to say, referring to the colonization bill: "God grant that it may pass. The white people brought us here against our wills; now they ought to provide for us to leave if we desire."

The Globe-Democrat, however, says that it is nonsense to suppose that the negroes would voluntarily expatriate themselves under any conditions. What then is to be done? Before congress proceeds any further in this business an opportunity ought to be given to the editor of the Globe-Democrat to meet Bishop Turner in debate before an audience of those republican editors who are chronically hot in the collar. Bishop Turner would probably have the advantage in point of ability and information, but it is not to be denied that republican dogmatism is a more powerful affair than either ability or information.

CONGRESSMAN TURNER, of Georgia, has not failed to have his fun out of Foraker. Mr. Turner is a most sarcastic man when he wants to be.

IT is said that President Harrison is an expert at billiards. At any rate, he has pocketed the black ball at the north.

THE people of Chicago cannot "hear the bells" in "The Angelus" which is on exhibition there. Ought they to have the fair?

IT is understood that another effort is to be made to improve the Tommy Edison electric line on Whitehall street. Does this mean that the mules are to have new harness?

ONE of the pretty points in Foraker's testimony was that he wanted Wood to steal a document from Ben Butterworth's office. And yet Foraker has been posing as a statesman!

A MEXICAN editor has been sent to jail for criticising Patti. He probably stood up in the gallery and told her good-bye.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

NELLIE BLY has reached San Francisco, and, with good luck, will get to New York, her starting point, in time to make her trip around the world come within seventy-four days. Her competitor, Miss Bisland, still stands a chance of beating Miss Bly by one day.

REV. M. D. HANCOX recently told his Jersey City congregation a remarkable story. Describing his fast life before his congregation, he said: "One day I fell sick in the street and had to be sent home in a coach. My recovery was doubtful. I began to think of my condition. I felt the devil pulling me to perdition, and, like the poor thief on the cross, I cried aloud to God: 'Save my soul.' About 9:30 o'clock there were sounds of a tremendous conflict around me. I could hear the devils whispering into my ears: 'Too late, too late!' I was terror-stricken. 'No,' I shouted in terror. I cried all night to God to save me. At dawn I had a personal manifestation of God. God came to me and stood by my side. He pointed up and I saw glory. Before He did this He exacted a promise from me that I should change my life. The palpitation of my heart ceased and the Lord healed me.

"From that day I began to read God's words. I tried to be good, but the appetite for liquor clung to me, and one day I was induced to take a drink of whisky. The powers of darkness gathered around me again, and I was on a spree for ten days. Ten years ago tonight, at 7:30 o'clock, I was lying on a sofa in my house in New York thinking of my sins. I was praying to God. I heard a voice call twice, 'Mack, Mack, I want you.'

"It was God. For three days from that Sunday I was out of this body. I passed to the unseen world. I talked personally with the power of darkness and with the angels of light. I saw God and I know something of what John Bunyan wrote in the 'Pilgrim's Progress.' Saw hell and I know God is real. I know Jesus Christ is real, and that hell is real, and that heaven is real. I know that the devil has a personality, and that he is not a fancy picture.

"I would like to tell of my conversation, but I feel God telling me not to. I know that God shook me over the fires of hell."

The members of Mr. Hancox's church appear to believe his singular experience.

POLITICAL GOSSIP.

K. I. C., in the Brunswick Times, has some information which justifies him in expressing the conviction that Governor Gordon favors Flem duBignon as his successor, and that Senator Brown expressed a desire to have a Savannah man elected governor. Under these circumstances, says the Columbus Enquirer, it would seem that Mr. duBignon will be dragged from his retirement and forced to make the race. DuBignon has plenty of friends, and if Governor Gordon wishes him as his successor and our venerable senior senator has come to the conclusion that at last the first district should be recognized, and Savannah should furnish the man, there is no reason why duBignon should not be seized and hurled into the executive chair. Developments in this matter will be awaited with interest. If Savannah must have the next governor, while you are seizing and hurling other people from under the bushes, why not gather Judge Bob Falligant by the heels and yank him into the arena? There is about as good gubernatorial timber in his huge bulk as can be found in Chatham county.—Augusta Evening News.

As the new year makes its advent it is time that the political pot should begin to boil a little. The most interest will center, I suppose, upon the candidate for the senate.

From what can be learned, I believe that Hon. B. B. Parker would be a most acceptable man to our county.

He has had two terms in the lower house, and no man, we believe, is better qualified to represent the interests of the three counties. Whatever man Hart gives us, this much Franklin asks, that he be a straightforward prohibitionist and a conservative man upon the leading issues of the day.—M. A. E., in the Lavonia News.

The Tennille follows the same line:

"We say let the alliance enter politics, if it wants to. They are capable of judging for themselves whether or not it will be an injury to the order.

"Farmers have rested long enough upon the oars of a handful of men, who now pose as fatherly advisers. Yes, and it may be added that some of those solicitous beings are, in a noiseless and quiet way, using all the influence at their command to obtain the favor and gain the support of the alliancemen for the grinding of some political ax of theirs."

Supplanting the New York Papers.

From the Charlotte, N. C., News.

There is a crowd of eager people around the Central and Buford hotels every Sunday afternoon waiting for the arrival of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION. The favor that paper has recently gained in Charlotte is something remarkable. That is nothing to be surprised at, for THE CONSTITUTION has only to be seen once to be appreciated. Its Sunday edition is particularly a paper of merit, often consisting of thirty pages and never less than twenty. Its news service is the best south of New York, and its literary features are superb, appreciated the more so because it is contributed exclusively by southern talent. THE CONSTITUTION is rapidly supplanting the New York papers in Charlotte. It is certainly the south's greatest paper. THE CONSTITUTION possibly may never see this notice about itself, but the people will, and it is intended for the people. It is a proud thing for the south to claim one paper that can really compete in excellence with the best papers of the north, and believing that this tribute is just, we cheerfully render it to THE CONSTITUTION.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

They Are Worthless.

FRANKLIN, Tex., January 13.—Editors Constitution: Will trouble you with a few questions, and would kindly ask a reply in correspondents' column, as I am a subscriber:

I have the following state notes, or money of dates, etc.:

On Bank of Augusta, 1858, 1850, 1833 or 1853.
On Mechanics bank, 1842, 1854. 1850.
On City bank, Atlanta, 1866, 1854.
On Bank of Savannah, can't make out date.
On Union bank, 1854.
On Augusta Insurance and Banking company, 1843.
On Bank of State of Georgia, 1854.
On Bank of Commerce, 1854, 1857.
On Merchants' and Planters' bank, 1856.
On Bank of Columbus, 1856.

Is any of this money good or not? Please answer.

Oblige, S. J. L.

The matter was referred to State Treasurer Hardeman, who says:

"The banks mentioned in inclosed communication were corporations chartered by state laws prior to 1861. They have long since gone into liquidation, and their charters have ceased to exist. Consequently, bills of said banks are worthless."

A Pertinent Question.

From the New York Sun.

When another commits a fault it is a great dead tree half decayed, bare and hideous; but when we do it ourselves, oh, my God! think of the reasons, climbing around it like a thousand clinging vines, covering with soft loveliness every branch and twig.—Colonel Robert G. Ingersoll's speech against Miss Cammerer.

A thought worthy of a philosopher, put in the language of true poetry; but—if we may venture to ask the question—who is Colonel Ingersoll's God?

Another Great Edition.

From the Macon Evening News.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION yesterday was a marvel of enterprise and brains. It was a complete and interesting story of the world. No such mammoth and creditable edition was published Sunday in any other southern city.

PEOPLE HERE AND THERE.

GAYARRE—Gayarre, the Spanish tenor, left a fortune of four million francs.

WILLIAM—The Emperor William will celebrate his thirty-second birthday on the 27th.

CARNOT—President Carnot's wife on Christmas day gave each of 400 children a savings bank book with a $10 deposit.

TWAIN—Mark Twain's wife has written a book under a nom de plume.

UP GOES COTTON.

THE MARKET SHOWS A DECIDED BOOM TENDENCY.

And the Dealers Are Happy in Consequence—The Rapid Rise and Its Cause—Atlanta's Market.

Up goes cotton!

Thirteen points yesterday and, as one buyer put it, "still a-risin'."

Since the season opened, the tendency has been upward. Slowly but surely upward. For the past two weeks the rise has been marked; and yesterday there was a jump all along the line of from ten to thirteen points.

That sort of news is good news to the south. The cotton men are happy, the planters who have held their cotton are happy, and the speculators are happy—if they are on the right side of the market.

It means money to the south.

THE CAUSE OF THE RISE.

"What is the cause of the rise? Why, I suppose speculation is the immediate cause of the big jump," said one of Atlanta's prominent cotton men. "But we have had every reason to expect good prices this year, and we can expect them for several years to come."

"Why is that?"

"The reason is this: The yearly increase in the consumption of cotton is known to be, in round numbers, four hundred thousand bales. The supply outside of America does not increase materially, so we are expected to make it up. This year the crop has shown an increase of about four hundred thousand bales—it has been a good crop—and yet the world's surplus will remain about as it was at the end of last year. That surplus grows less each year, despite the increase in the production here in the south; you can see what is to be expected in case of a poor crop here."

AS TO ATLANTA'S BUSINESS.

"How is it with Atlanta's business?"

"That will show a great increase this year. Already our firm has handled as much cotton as it did during all of last season, and I've no doubt other firms will tell you the same. This is probably the best year Atlanta has ever seen."

"Then everybody is happy except those speculators who are selling?"

"Yes. But their losing hurts only themselves, while the prevalence of good prices and the steady advance help every man who raises or handles cotton.

STOCKS ARE SMALL.

Another cotton man said: "Stocks are small everywhere. Last year the English millers ran out of cotton. They didn't want to be caught again, so they began buying from the very first. The export demand has been greater this year than had ever been heard of. As for the New England mills, they at first showed a disposition to hold off their purchases. They wouldn't buy at the low prices which prevailed early in the season, and they are now kicking themselves for it. They are buying wherever they can get it.

"Atlanta's business is better than ever before. Last year's figures showed about 170,000 bales handled here; this year we will reach at least 200,000, and very probably more. It looks very much as if the boom were on."

So the cotton men are happy.

AMONG THE GEORGIA EDITORS.

—W. R. Smith will establish a weekly paper at Whitesburg, Ga.

—Editor Branham, of the Brunswick Times, exclaims: "Wouldn't E. C. Bruffey and M. M. Folsom make a jolly evangelistic team!"

—The Postal Telegraph company will open an office at Savannah in February.

—These be hog-killing times, but—as Brunswick Branham says:

There are a good many sad-eyed editors in Georgia these balmy days. Hog-killing time has failed them, and in vain they sniff the air for the dainty aroma of fried spare-ribs, backbones and that delight of the gourmet, the curling chiterling. Be still, sad heart, and cease repining; In the delinquent's pocket your dollar is shining.

The same paper has advices that Mr. duBignon will be forced by the strong pressure of his friends to come back in the race for governor.

—The demand for mechanics, carpenters and skilled artisans was never so great as at present. Georgia boys, learn a trade and go to work. A competence awaits you. A young man with a trade is independent of everybody.—Montezuma Record.

—Mr. Harry Brown, who has been editing the Griffin Call with conspicuous ability for some time, has retired to engage in another business. Mr. Brown was one of the brightest of the young journalists in Georgia, and he will be missed.

—The Gazette is a sparkling new paper just started at Richland, Ga. Mr. A. J. Tyson is its editor.

—The devil of the Swainsboro Pine Forest wickedly says: "Best place to hold the world's fair—right around the waist."

—Rome has a new iron furnace, and the Tribune roars. A good paper, backed up by good, live men, can make any town roar, but it can't be done in a town where it is every man for himself and the devil for the hindmost.—Montezuma Record.

—The Perry Home Journal has put in a new power-press and enlarged. Editor Hodges is a worker for his people and for himself.

—The Jesup Sentinel reproaches the citizens of that place for their apathy in responding to the call for a meeting to organize a military company.

—Percy Howell will edit the new White Plains paper. The Crawfordsville Democrat describes his original methods as follows:

"Mr. H. is an experienced newspaper man, and last week while preparing for his paper he secured an office overhead in a building that had no door, and with energy he took a cross-cut saw and sawed out a hole in the wall, sawed him some steps and nailed the steps together, using a flint-rock for a hammer. Such economy as that is bound to succeed in the newspaper business. We wish Bro. Howell all the success possible."

This is the kind of a man to set the river on fire.

—The Greensboro Herald calls for an immigration and improvement association.

The same paper says:

"Some of the Georgia papers are in a flurry as to who will be the next governor. The people will come along in good time, and in the meantime the papers should contentedly chew their thumbs. The people will be heard from in the year of our Lord, 1890."

You may wager they will be there. To some of the candidates they will say in the catching words of Sol Smith Russell, "There you aint, there you aint, there you aint!"

—The Athens Banner says:

"There is a big scramble over the postmastership at this place just now. The candidates are Mrs. Hann Dearing, a most excellent lady, Judge D. A. Newsome, V. W. Skiff and A. E. Bussee, white; with Matt Davis, colored. Our citizens do not want a negro to deal out their mail, though it is thought by many that Matt Davis will win the plume of $3,800 per year."

NEWS OF THE CAPITOL.

Sheriff Thomas yesterday morning, served Comptroller-General Wright with a copy of the stay of proceedings issued by Judge A. L. Miller, of the superior court of Bibb county, in the case of the Central Railroad and Banking company and the Southwestern railroad against the state, as represented by the comptroller. The document contained the petitions of the two companies, in which it was stated that a fi. fa. had been issued against the Southwestern railroad to recover $300 which was claimed for taxes due for dragging Pullman cars. If the tax was legal the Central Railroad and Banking company would be obliged to pay the money under the terms of the lease of the Southwestern road from them and they had, therefore, joined issues in appealing to the court. The petition further set forth that the act under which the tax was levied was null and void, because it was contrary to the constitution of Georgia, and several reasons were given why it was so, the principal among which was that the tax was not imposed on the property of the road nor on the business done by them, but it was imposed as a penalty because another company refused to pay the tax. To Judge Miller's order granting the stay was affixed another order requiring all the parties interested to appear before him in his chambers in Macon on the 1st day of February and plead their cause. If the restraining order is then made permanent the case will be heard in full on the third Monday in April at the superior court of Bibb county.

The comptroller general received a letter yesterday morning from the tax collector of Quitman county asking for instructions as to the course he should pursue in the matter of the bridge at Eufaula, over the Chattahoochee river. The bridge has been the cause of considerable trouble.

It was built several years ago by the people of Eufaula to attract trade from the Georgia side of the river. It was at first used as a toll bridge, but several years ago it was made free and since that time no taxes have been paid by the owners of the bridge because it was claimed to be public property. The comptroller found that under the law the bridge was responsible to the state and last summer he ordered a tax levied on it. The mayor of Eufaula visited Atlanta and when he found he could not get the bridge exempted, a law was passed by the legislature exempting all toll bridges over which no charges were made. The law naturally frees the bridge for the future, but the taxes for the past years are still due. When the county authorities sought to collect the money for six years, the owners refused to pay, and a fi. fa. was issued against the bridge. In his letter yesterday the tax collector of Quitman says he is at a loss to know how to proceed, because one span or abutment of the bridge is in Alabama, and over that he has no control. Comptroller Wright instructed him to go right on and sell all the bridge up to the Alabama line, and the purchaser and the Alabama authorities would be obliged to settle the management of the end resting on Alabama ground after the sale was effected.

Owing to the indisposition of Major Wallace and the absence from town of Mr. Hatcher, the hearing of the petition for reduced freight rates, which was to have been presented to the railroad commission yesterday morning by the Hatcher Iron and Wagon company, was postponed without any dates being settled on for its presentation. It is understood that in the petition the company protest that unless they obtain reduced rates they will be unable to compete with the manufactories outside the state, who get through transportation for less than the home factories can supply the local markets.

The sewing-machine companies doing business in Augusta are feeling sad and despondent because a municipal tax of $25 has been levied on them by the authorities that be. Yesterday Comptroller Wright received a letter from Augusta stating the facts and asking if the tax could be collected. Captain Wright sent back a message which will rejoice the hearts of the sewing-machine men. He quoted the law, which states that after paying the state tax of $200, and a license fee of $5, for each agent, all sewing-machine companies are exempt from municipal taxes of any sort. Comptroller Wright also stated that the city government of Atlanta attempted some time ago to impose the same tax, and found that they could not collect the money.

The much-talked-of bonds of the Marietta and North Georgia road, which amounts to $66,000, will be delivered to the company today by State Treasurer Hardeman. The bill authoring the delivery of the bonds was past by the last legislature, but owing to unavoidable delays the restitution has been postponed from time to time. It is about a certainty, however, that today the payment will be made.

THE GRADY MONUMENT FUND.

Heretofore Acknowledged	**$16,570.70**
Yesterday's List	**46.50**
Total	**$16,617.20**

R. L. Sibley	$2.50	D. N. Freeman	$5.00
Mack Nagle	1.00	W. N. Day, Newark	1.00
A. S. Clay	5.00	W. J. M. Hames	50
W. H. Warren	5.00	Moultrie M. Sessions	
B. R. Legg	5.00		1.00
J. & G. Anderson	2.00	C. D. Phillips	2.00
Dobbs'& Bro	1.00	R. N. Holland	1.00
Brantley, Sessions & Co.	1.00	J. M. Stone	1.00
Thomas Glover	5.00	W. R. Montgomery	1.00
H. G. Caryall	2.50	J. F. Clarke	1.00
H. J. Schommal	2.00	George S. Owen	50
		Cash	50

Will Close Thursday.

"We want to close up the lists on next Thursday the 23d," said Mr. Chas. S. Northen, chairman of the monument committee yesterday. "We want to close on that day because it is just one month after Mr. Grady's death. It is desired that all who wish to contribute something to the monument send in their subscription right away, so as to make the fund as large as possible before the closing of the lists on Thursday, and all of those who have lists are requested to see that the lists are sent in by that day.

GEORGIA NEWS IN BRIEF.

—There has been more farm work accomplished during the bright weather of this winter than is usually done by the first of March, says the Dalton Argus. This shows an increased interest in agriculture, and an ability on the part of the farmer to do work at the proper time, which has not been the case in much of the past.

—With a population of less than 5,000 Newnan has 350 white children in her public schools.

—Mayor T. D. Stewart, of McDonough, is called a "Cyclopedia on wheels."

—Cordele used three million brick last year and the Cordelean calls for brickworks. When the Cordelean calls they generally come. That town is a phenomenon—not two years old. Its live paper also demands a county fair for Dooly. Its magnificent resources certainly should have such an exponent.

—The flourishing Newnan library has just had an accession of 170 books.

—The Western Union Telegraph company has purchased the line now in operation between Senoia and Carrollton, and will extend it to Griffin.

—The Georgia Chatauqua at Albany will have an alliance day.

—The May meeting of the Georgia teachers' association will be held at Columbus. Dr. Hopkins will attend the convention with a splendid assortment of technological display; Dr. J. L. M. Curry, of Richmond, promises to be there; that Judge Hall will talk upon the subject of uniform text books. Hon. John Temple Graves, of Rome, will talk on the press in education, current criticism of public schools, and objections to those criticisms. These subjects will be discussed: 1. The public school fails to prepare for business life. 2. It does not give reasonable progress—not well drilled. 3. It fails to teach religion and true morality. 4. Some representative men to illustrate Columbus. 5. Governor Gordon on the basis of the right of a state to direct the education of its people. 6. On perfect manhood.

—The turpentine crop will be cut short by the warm weather. There are "dead-faces" in many of the boxes cut, and worms have appeared in many places.

—The Brunswick Terminal company handled 98,671 bales of cotton, so far, this season, and will handle more.

—A land company has been organized at Dahlonega, with Captain Joseph Allen as manager.

—"A Fsacinating Young Widow Wants to Marry." Under the above heading, an article appeared in the columns of the Dahlonega Signal, a few weeks ago. The applicant is so crowded with communications that the answers will have to await their turn. We are of the opinion that Mr. Reid will have to employ a first-class type-writer to keep up with the correspondence.

—The Warrenton Clipper urges the alliancemen to build an oil mill to work the 1,000 tons of cotton seed sold there.

—The Blackshear Times takes THE CONSTITUTION'S editorial as a text to urge a county fair in Pierce. It is doing a good work.

—Colonel W. L. Peek says three 500 pound hogs were killed by a Rockdale man last week. During this cold snap most of the Georgia porkers went where the good porkers go.

—Everybody is talking about the peavine for cotton bagging. Brother Searcy will please raise the tune:

"Sister Calline, Sister Calline,
Can't you dance a peavine?
He, Heigh ho!"

—The Macon County alliance proposes to start a co-operative store.

—Rabbit Roost is the thing at Crawfordville.

—Greene county is likely to have a fair. The Herald and Journal is urging it, and that means it will be done. We would all like to see what Greene can bring out of the kinks of her Bermuda. Putnam and Morgan have made a fine show in horseflesh. Now let us hear from Greene.

—A man recognized by one or two as a well-known detective, disguised as a woman, passed through the city on the Savannah train yesterday, says the Thomasville Times. His awkwardness in his unfamiliar attire was what led to his being recognized.

ATLANTA IN BRIEF.

SHORT ITEMS OF NEWS GATHERED FROM ALL SOURCES.

The Leaves from Note-Books of Reporters of The Constitution—Points About Persons and Things.

Divorce Day.—Yesterday was divorce day in the superior court. Eight cases were taken up and disposed of, verdicts being allowed in all.

A New Committeeman.—Mayor Glenn has appointed Mr. Julius L. Brown a member of the Henry W. Grady Hospital committee, to fill the place made vacant by his father's resignation.

An $8,000 Deal.—Deeds to 100x100 feet fronting on Marietta street, and adjoining the Atlanta cotton factory, were filed in the clerk's office yesterday. Mr. W. A. Russell purchased the lot from Mrs. Josephine A. Richards, the price paid being $8,000.

Mohawk Tribe Scalps.—Mohawk tribe of Red Men are on a boom. At the regular weekly meeting last night eight new scalps were taken, amongst them Tax Assessors Charles Keith and C. D. Meador, Mr. Frank Lester and others.

The Stenographers' Association.—The Stenographers' association will hold its next meeting at 49½ Whitehall street, at L. M. Chrichton's office. All stenographers who were not present at the initial meeting, as well as those who were, are invited to be present and enroll their names.

It Is Captain Gordon.—In mentioning the commencement orator of the Middle Georgia Military and Agricultural college, a few days ago, by mistake Captain H. H. Colquitt's name was printed. It should have been Captain Hugh H. Gordon, who has accepted the invitation and will deliver the address on June 13th next.

A Prominent Journalist.—Colonel William C. MacBride, Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer, is in Atlanta. Colonel MacBride is making a tour of the south for his paper, taking in the principal points of interest. He is one of the best known and most talented of northern journalists, and his letters from the south will doubtless prove a most interesting feature of the Enquirer.

A Strong Argument.—The lawyers present in the supreme court room yesterday, speak in the highest terms of an argument made by Hon. Edgar Simmons, of Sumter, in an injunction case from that county. While the argument was short, it is said to have been powerful, and is believed to have been convincing. Mr. Simmons was one of the leading men of the last general assembly, and is a coming man in Georgia.

Mr. John Moore Is Sick.—Mr. John M. Moore is down with a genuine case of "La Grippe," and is a very sick man. Some days ago he went to New York to make purchases. While there he was taken sick and was compelled to come home before his business was completed. When he reached Atlanta, Mr. Moore was found to be in a critical condition, but careful nursing has pulled him through, and his many friends will be glad to know that he is much better.

Against the Pullman Company.—Mr. W. H. Preston was the plaintiff in a suit against the Pullman Palace Car company, before Judge Manning yesterday. Mr. Preston brought suit for the recovery of the value of a railroad ticket and a sum of money lost in a Pullman sleeping car last May. Judge Manning rendered a decision in favor of Preston, giving him a judgment for the full amount claimed, $88.00. The case involved many difficult law points, and it is more than probable that it will go to the supreme court. The company claims that it is not liable for losses occuring in its cars.

Will Probably Increase.—The stockholders of the Atlanta glass company held a called meeting yesterday morning in the company's office. The meeting was called for the purpose of taking under advisement the increasing of the capacity of the works. The matter was fully discussed, but no positive decision was arrived at. The directors, however, were authorized to act as they think expedient, pending another meeting of the stockholders, which will be held when the directors determine upon what course to pursue. It is probable that the works will be enlarged at no very distant day.

A Big Deal.—Mr. Marcellus E. Thornton has been in the city for several weeks. During that time Colonel Thornton has become so fully impressed with the outlook that he has purchased one hundred gondola iron cars for the transportation of Jellico mountain coal; and, besides that, he has purchased an interest in one of the large cotton mills of the south.

Colonel Thornton is president of the Jellico Mountain Coal company, and president of the Jellico bank.

He will inaugurate such improvements as will redound to the progressive spirit of the south in all future developments.

Another Investment Company.—The stockholders of the Georgia Real Estate and Investment company held a meeting yesterday afternoon in the office of Mr. F. M. Scott, at which a board of directors was elected. The directors are W. J. Van Dyke, Jacob Haas, W. M. Scott, W. S. Beall, A. R. Bryan, F. M. Scott, A. G. Rhodes, C. L. Anderson, and W. Martin.

The directors will hold a meeting this afternoon at F. M. Scott's office to elect officers, and effect a permanent organization. The object of the company is to deal in real estate and investment securities. Its charter is liberal, and the names of the gentlemen interested are a guarantee of a high business standard.

Mr. Will Henderson's Dog.—They were telling dog stories yesterday in the agricultural department, and after Walter De Wolf had narrated some of the remarkable instances of his dog's wonderful intelligence, Mr. Will Henderson began talking.

"The father of De Wolf's dog," he said, "is nearly the most intelligent animal I ever saw. Why, he can almost talk. I used to give him a quarter every morning, and he took it in his mouth, way into town, and would wait at the butchers until they gave him his meat and fifteen cents change to bring back. One day the butcher thought he would play a joke, and he gave that dog back ten cents change instead of fifteen. Sadly the dog looked at the two nickles for a minute; then he went out. Five minutes later he returned, leading a policeman by the end of his coat. Now that is a dog worth—"

But the room was empty. Important business had suddenly called Mr. Henderson's audience away.

RUSSELL AND SUMMERS.

The Professor with a Multiplicity of Names, and His Stories.

THE CONSTITUTION'S publication of the Russell-Summers story created a sensation. Since he came to Atlanta four years ago, Professor Russel has been looked upon as the most quiet and unassuming of men. The idea of his having a past was never entertained by those who knew him. While not a musician of any great ability, he was a good director.

"He has always been very severe," said one member of the choir, "except within the past two months. About the time he learned that his secret was known, there was a decided change in his manner, and he was much easier with the boys under him."

A ludicrous feature of the case was the professor's tendency to tell of his fabulous wealth in England. About the time he first contemplated the suicidal method of disappearing which he afterward adopted, Summers announced that a fire had wiped away all that was valuable of his English property. But when he got to Atlanta he had evidently forgotten about the fire, for his property was as valuable as ever.

It was Manchester, not Winchester, as the types made it yesterday, in which Summers figured, and there are several gentlemen in Atlanta who knew him and who have identified Russell as the man. He left the city, as THE CONSTITUTION stated, on last Monday evening. All of Sunday and Monday he kept himself locked up in his room and was very disconsolate, taking his dismissal as a great hardship.

An Interesting Correspondent.

From the Macon Evening News.

Steve Postell is one of the best known and most interesting newspaper correspondents in the south. He is a genial, corteous fellow, true and reliable. Steve was in Macon Saturday night en route to Atlanta from Valdosta and Lake City, where he had been in the interest of THE CONSTITUTION. His letters from those places were very attractive and entertaining.

FATHER KEILEY'S TALK

A DAY'S WALK THROUGH THE HISTORIC COUNTRY ABOUT ROME.

The Battle Grounds and the Scenes of Roman Triumphs—Roads Built Before the Birth of Christ—The Tomb of the Last Stuart.

"A Day's Walk."

That was the subject of Father Keiley's lecture last evening at the Young Men's library.

The audience was the largest, perhaps, that has listened to any one of the present series of lectures, indicating a growth of interest as the merits of these entertainments become more generally known.

The title of the lecture is prosaic enough, and anything but an index to the very entertaining, as well as instructive, character of the lecture.

The day's walk, Father Keiley in the role of guide, was taken to Lake Albano and the historic country about it, all in sight of the eternal city.

It was vividly interesting, both for the subject matter and the manner in which it was handled. Dr. Keiley was for years a student in the American college of the Propaganda at Rome, and is thoroughly familiar with the scenes he described, and a master of the classical literature so essentially a part of his subject.



One of the first scenes described was that of Roman triumph over 2,100 years ago, the inscription recording it being still legible in old-time Latin, but in the stone of an archway. The word picture was a complete one—the victorious consul and his laurels, the boisterous soldiery, the curious populace, the spoils in gold and silver and jewels, the captive king and his soldiers taken in battle, the stir and glitter and splendor of it all.

Then the sun rise in Italy. Battlefields where Tusculum and Rome fought for and decided the supremacy; the landing place of Aeneas and his followers; the road along which the triumphal procession passed to Rome, a description of the plan of building roads; the site of Cicero's villa, and others mentioned in his writings; the village where Horace stopped on a journey, and remembered for the excellent quality of its wines.

Then the monastery where the son of James II—the uncrowned James III, last of the Stuarts—died and was buried.

The prehistoric battlefields are cornfields now, and half lost in forests of chestnut growth. Some villages, older than Rome, still remain, modernized, but still Roman, while others have disappeared and their exact location is uncertain.

The tunnel through solid rock, cut with mallet and chisel with only two men working in it at the same time, is pointed out. It was dug when a volcanic movement raised the waters of Lake Albano, and the plains below were threatened with the overflow, the tunnel serving as a drain.

Every hill and village, and every stream had some historic story connected with it, all interesting, all instructive and all well told.

The lecture was greatly appreciated, and will do much towards popularizing the series of lectures now being given by the association.

The next lecture will be by Dr. Sherrell, two weeks from last evening, at the Library.

SOCIETY GOSSIP.

Invitations have been issued to the thirty-fifth anniversary reception and hop of the Gate City Guard, at their armory next Tuesday evening. Elaborate preparations are being made for the occasion, and those who receive invitations may expect a delightful time.

The chaperones are Captain and Mrs. Lyman Hall, Captain and Mrs. Clifford L. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Siple, Mr. and Mrs. Peter F Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. John R. Holliday, Major and Mrs. J. J. White, Mr. and Mrs. John J. Woodside.

***

This afternoon at 4 o'clock the nuptials of Miss Eva Gillam and Mr. John S. Pinson will be celebrated in the First Presbyterian church. Owing to the popularity of the high contracting parties hun their marriage will be of much interest to their circle of friends. Miss Gillam is a rarely gifted woman, whose many graces have endeared her to all who know her, and Mr. Pinson is worthy in every way the wife he has chosen.

***

The meeting of the Musical club which was held Monday evening at the residence of Mrs. Raine, on Peachtree street, was one of the most successful that the club has ever held. It was generally agreed that the members who were not present missed a musical feast. The programme rendered was:

Piano solo—Miss Clio Prather.
Vocal solo—Mr. C. W. Kay.
Vocal solo—Miss Julia Lowry Clarke.
Piano solo—Miss Vadie Goode.
Piano solo—Miss Lucy Peel.
Vocal solo—Mrs. Edward Kendrick.
Vocal solo—Miss Louise Prather.
Piano solo—Miss Carrie W. Mathews.
Piano solo—Miss Belle Locke.
Vocal duet—Mrs. Jackson and Mrs. Peel.
Piano solo—Miss Maud Watson.
Vocal solo—Miss Raine.

The next meeting will take place next Monday week at the residence of Colonel Goode.

***

Miss Fannie Reich, sister of Rabbi Leo Reich, is spending some days with former members of Rahbi Reich's congregation in Augusta.

***

Miss Minnie Gilmore, who has been for sometime with Haney Bros., corner Peachtree and Wall streets, is spending a vacation of several weeks with relatives in Chattanooga.

***

Mrs. Gregory has issued invitations to a birthday party to her little son, Master Rhode Hill Gregory, to be given at her home, 9 Powers street, next Saturday afternoon. The little folks invited are looking forward to the entertainment with eager anticipation,

***

Miss Charlotte Elliott, of Suwanee, Tenn., after a delightful visit to Mrs. W. B. Lowe, on Peachtree, left for her home yesterday. Miss Elliott was a great belle during her stay here, and had given in her honor many delightful entertainments. She is one of the most attractive young ladies who have ever visited Atlanta.

***

Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Turner have issued invitations to the marriage of their daughter, Miss Jessie May Turner to Mr. John Edgar White, which occurs on February 5th next, at the Third Presbyterian church, at 7 o'clock.

***

The "Euchre" party to be given on next Friday night, at the residence of Mr. Tom Akers, West Peachtree, promises to be a novel entertainment. The young ladies expect to be attired in unusually becoming gowns, as by their beauty success will be awarded them. The young gentlemen will pass their judgment unknown, and receive their desired wishes forthwith. The Willing Workers, of the First Baptist church, promise an enjoyable evening to all who attend.

***

Miss Engenia Dale, one of Savannah's most beautiful young ladies, is spending some time with Mrs. John Silvey.

***

Mr. Rudolph Garrigue, the president of the Germania Fire Insurance company, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Knowles. Mr. Garrigue is, socially, one of the most elegant and cultured gentlemen in New York society, and his many friends in the city are delighted to see him again.

***

The Young Ladies' Aid society will give an entertainment next Thursday evening at the home of Mr. Bostick, on Loyd street. The affair, which is for the benefit of the King's Daughters' hospital, will be a very charming one. The programme will consist of music and recitations, rendered by some of the best talent in Atlanta.

***

Mr. Tasker [Camp, who has been visiting his father, Mr. M. P. Camp, 90 Nelson street, will leave today for his home in Ft. Worth, Texas, having received a telegram calling him back on important business.

***

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., January 21.—[Special.]—The Mercantile Advertising Bazarre, given by the ladies of the Methodist church, in the opera house on Friday night, was the most brilliant event of the kind ever seen in Milledgeville. It was a success in every feature, and well worthy of the splendid support given by the business men and citizens. Every firm in the city, every enterprise—the colleges and press—were represented by young ladies tastily attired, showing on their costumes the firm represented. The costumes were elegant throughout—some dazzled with jewels; some were made pretty with decorations, and all were exquisitely unique. More than a hundred young ladies, in flashing attire, were introduced from the large stage.

The dummy was the first, then the electric lights, followed by the oil mill, marble works, ice factory, warehouses, etc. Among the first representations were the newspapers, those that give the news of this vicinity, the Union-Recorder first, the Chronicle next, then THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

Among the business houses Misses Alice Evans and Eva Supple for W. T. Conn & Co.; Misses Birdie Moore and Bessie Fox for A. Joseph; Misses Mamie Fox and Nora Perry for P. J. Cline; Misses Leila Humber and Aurie Brantly for T. L. McComb & Co.; Misses Lizzie White and Mamie McComb for J. Miller; Misses Lucille McComb and Clara Edge for J. Staley; Miss Laura Paine for the postoffice; Miss Georgia Suthers for J. Supple; Misses Ida Fowler and Nora Ennis for the brickyards; Misses Alice Whilden and Bessie Lamar for J. M. Clarke's drug store; Misses Irene Stewart and Mamie Childs for E. A. Bayne. These were all admirable representations and it would be hard to say which was the best or most appropriate. In fact, it would be hard to say which of the other hundred of representatives deserve the highest praise, and but just to all to say that they were important factors in making up the brilliant programme.

But the representatives of the press caught the popular eye and were praised on all sides. Miss Mary White, for the Chronicle, and Miss Addie Cook, for the Union and Recorder, were attired in a covering from the two papers with flaming advertisements down the skirt, festooned with small printing matter and set off with samples of job work. The costumes were unique, but for beauty THE CONSTITUTION'S representative caught the greatest praise. To begin with, Miss Annie Berrie, who represented the great daily, is one of the prettiest blondes in middle Georgia. On this occasion she wore a pink Henrietta, embroidered with white moire slips, on which the name of the big paper was printed. A coat-of-arms, cut from white satin and exquisitely shaded with silver, gold and diamond dust that reflected the dazzling rays of light in a thousand directions, was sewed on the front skirt, and from the shoulders were pending pink streamers of moire, on which was printed in golden letters, "ATLANTA CONSTITUTION." The side dress was beautifully latticed with pink moire from top to bottom, and on each part of the work glittered the name of the big messenger. Your correspondent does not boast, but voices the sentiment of nearly every one, when he says that THE CONSTITUTION'S representative was the most elegant of the great crowd on Friday evening.

After the different representatives had been introduced to the audience, supper was announced, and buying, selling and eating was kept up until after 11 o'clock. The booths of the mercantile houses of the city were well gotten up, and the entertainment netted the ladies more than a hundred and fifty dollars.

THAT "DOUBLE DUEL."

A Card From Colonel Connally, One of the Principals.

Colonel John K. Connally writes to THE CONSTITUTION from Asheville, N. C., about the interview recently published in THE CONSTITUTION with Colonel Oates, of Alabama, about the "double duel" in Virginia between Belo and Cousins and Connally and Terrell. Colonel Connally says:

"On the night in question neither my regiment or any part thereof was on duty. On the contrary, it was in camp, at least one mile from the battery attacked, which was guarded by a company of Alabama troops. Soon after the attack commenced I was ordered to proceed with my regiment to its defense, which I did at a double quick, but when the scene of action was reached the federals had captured the battery, together with the company of Alabama troops, and had retired to their gunboats. Next morning I, as a matter of course, was greatly surprised to hear that my regiment had lost the battery, and tracing the report to Captain Terrell, demanded a retraction which was refused. I have forgotten just how Captain Cousins was brought into the affair, but hope, for his sake, that the saying attributed to him in the article is a mistake, for my regiment never had orders to retire, nor did it retire until hours after the battery and company of Alabama troops had been carried off, when we marched back into camp for breakfast. After Captain Terrell refused I returned to my regiment greatly incensed at the injustice done us, and calling a council of its officers, told them of what had taken place; of my determination to challenge the offenders, and proposing that as many of them as were willing to join me in vindicating the regiment honor, manifest it by rising. Every man stood up except Lieutenant Colonel Smith, who said that, being a Christian, he could not fight a duel. I then proposed that the challenging should begin with myself, and proceed according to rank. This was accepted, and threw me to challenge Captain Terrell, who ranked Cousins, and Major Belo to challenge Cousins. This we did, Captain Terrell choosing donbled-barreled shotguns loaded with buckshot, and Captain Cousins, Mississippi rifles, with which he was said to be very expert. In a few moments after reaching the field the rifles were given to Belo and Cousins, and they exchanged shots. Meanwhil Captain Terrel's second was talking with mine concerning an amicable adjustment of the difficulty. When I noticed that the seconds of Belo and Cousins were about to make them exchange a second shot, I sent one of my seconds to Belo's second, with the request that he refuse to proceed farther until after Captain Terrell and myself had fired. At this time Captain Terrell's second said that, upon inquiry, it had been discovered that there was a mistake as to the part my regiment had taken in the affair, and that Captain Terrell was willing to acknowledge it. I replied that if Captain Terrell would make this acknowledgment in writing, I was satisfied, and would withdraw the challenge. He gave a written acknowledgment; I withdrew the challenge, and thus the matter ended without bloodshed, for which I shall ever thank God.

These are the simple facts, which can be substantiated by Colonel Belo, who is as truthful as brave, and who livas in Dallas, Texas. Feeling assured that you will publish this, I am, very respectfully, JOHN K. CONNALLY.

TEMPORARY ADMINISTRATOR.

Sergeant B. F. Curtright Will Settle the Martin Estate.

As has been already stated, Sergeant B. F. Curtright, M. M. Folsom and T. A. Minor, as commissioners appointed by Ordinary Calhoun, went through the effects of Emma Martin, who was burned to death in her house on railroad street, between Calhoun and Butler, some time ago.

Besides about one dollar's worth of household effects, badly damaged by fire, there was found a bank book with sixty-four dollars to the credit of the dead woman. The book was taken to the First National bank, where the account was verified. The written statement signed by the commissioners was turned over to Ordinary Calhoun, and he will appoint Sergeant Curtwright as administrator.

It is a curious coincidence that the amount on the bank book is just enough to defray the funeral expenses incurred by Willie Burton, in burying the remains of the unfortnnate woman. The other stuff will be turned over to the rag men and the scavenger carts, as it is worth nothing, practically speaking.

Emma Martin, or as her real name was "E. A. Caldwell," had a magnificent suit of hair, and the combings, which she kept, make a mat five feet wide by four or five feet long. It is a curious relic.

Mr. Kincaid Set Right.

GRIFFIN, Ga., January 20.—Editors Constitntion; In an interview on the subject of cotton manufacturing in the south, published in THE CONSTITUTION of yesterday, you make me say, "I think I know more about cotton manufacture than most of the mill presidents." This is an error. What I said was: I think I know as much about the business as most mill presidents, but most all southern mill presidents are lacking in practical knowledge of the business. Yours truly,

W. J. KINCAID.

The Augusta Commercial Club.

AUGUSTA, Ga., January 20.—[Special.]—The annual meeting of the Commereial club tonight, showed that institution in a flourishing condition, with full membership, and resulted in the selection of the following officers for the ensuing year. President, Jas. A. Loftin; vice-president, Thos. W. Alexader; secretary and treasury, Benjamin H. Smith, Jr; directors. T. P. Wardlaw, Bryan Cumming, Lamar Fleming, Lewellyn Dougherty, Charles C. Heard.

Custom House Statistics

Show that 2,454,504 cases of champagne were imported during the last decade, of which over one-fourth was "G. H. Mumm's Extra Dry." Their importation during that period was over 200,000 cases more than any other brand, indicating its popularity.

ELECTED PRESIDENT.

JUDGE CALHOUN CHOSEN TO FILL MR. GRADY'S PLACE.

An Important Meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Soldier's Home, During Which Some Matters of Interest Came Up.

Judge W. Lowndes Calhoun was unanimously elected, yesterday, president of the board of trustees of the Confederate Soldiers' Home of Georgia, to fill the place which the death of Mr. Henry W. Grady made vacant.

In answer to a call issued by the secretary, the board of trustees met yesterday morning for the first time since Mr. Grady's death.

Promptly at 10 o'clock Trustees Calhoun, Howell, Inman, Spalding, Fox, Ellis and W. A. Wright met in one of the committee rooms on the first floor of the capitol. The first duty was to choose a presiding officer, and, on the motion of Dr. Fox, Judge Calhoun was elected chairman pro tem.

After the usual business had been attended to, the secretary read the chancellor's order granting the charter for the home, which was



accepted, and the following resolution was offered by Mr. Howell:

Be it resolved, That this organization be perfected on the line set out in the said charter, and in accordance with the provisions of the same, and that the first board of trustees and their provisional acts and organization as promoters of said enterprise are hereby ratified and fully confirmed.

After the resolution had been adopted, the death of President Grady was formally announced, and on motion the board went into an election of a president, which resulted in the unanimous election of Judge W. L. Calhoun.

After the presidential chair had been filled a number of important resolutions were adopted. On the motion of Dr. Fox it was decided that for the transaction of business five members of the board of trustees shall constitute a quorum.

Captain W. D. Ellis, Captain E. P. Howell and Dr. R. D. Spalding were chosen, on the motion of Captain W. D. Ellis, as a committee to draw up and submit suitable resolutions on the death of President Grady.

The secretary was then instructed to request the committee appointed to select a vice-president of the board to submit their report at the next meeting.

It was also decided to hold a regular monthly meeting at 5 p. m. on the third Thursday in each month.

The following report was then submitted by President Calhoun, as chairman of the building committee:

ATLANTA, January 21st, 1890.—To the Board of Trustees of the Confederate Soldiers' Home of Georgia: We have the honor to report that for some months past a force of hands, under the superintendence of Mr. J. L. Mosteller, have been engaged in clearing off the grounds and opening up the avenues in accordance with the plans and surveys of the premises made by Mr. Charles Boeckh, civil engineer, and have nearly completed the same. The grove in front of the building site has been sodded in blue grass and the old orchard has been removed to the hillside in rear of the building site near the branch. The contract was, after receiving a number of bids and some delay, awarded by the committee to Messrs. Austin & Boylston, of this city, at the sum of $22,000. The plan selected was the one submitted by Messrs. Bruce & Morgan, architects, and a contract has been made with them to superintend the construction at two per cent on the actual cost of the building. The written contract with Messrs. Austin & Boylston, and their bond, and the contract with the architects are herewith submitted. The contractors have completed the foundations, and are now putting up the frame-work of the building. They have cheerfully corrected any imperfections which have occurred in the progress of the work. The building is be completed by the 1st, of July, 1890. The front view of the home has been lithographed at a small cost for distribution among the subscribers. A certified copy of the grant made by the superior court is herewith submitted for file and acceptance. The corner stone of the building should be laid at an early day. Respectfully submitted for the building committee. W. L. CALHOUN, Chairman.

The report was received, adopted and ordered entered upon the minutes.

The consideration of the contract made for the erection of the main building was the next business attended to. The contract was approved and the president was directed to endorse it.

The bond of the contractors, and that of the architects and the contracts with them were approved, after which the committee on admission was requested to so arrange the rules that inquiries on the subject of admission could be answered as soon as possible.

The board adjourned to meet again on the third Thursday in February.

Do you have dyspeptic troubles? Take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has relieved thousands and will cure you. Sold by druggists.

YOUR OWN LIFE.

May Be Saved if You Will Think of Yourself a Moment and Then Act.

Ulceration of the bowels, usually called "itching piles," is a very common affliction, and not causing much pain is usually considered of small importance, and the disease is allowed to develop into a very grave affliction. The symptoms of this trouble are moisture and itching around the anus, pain across the hips (low down), diarrhœa, and irregular bowels, pain in lower part of same, indigestion, and a long train of nervous symptoms, differing in nearly every case); and in the female, who are more liable to be affected than the male, many symptoms usually attributed to female diseases. This disease is a very fruitful cause of many diseases refusing to yield to the treatment of your physician, and places you on the list of "incurables." The results of neglecting this affliction are terrible to contemplate, a general impairment of health, frequently so slow as to be scarcely noticeable, derangement of the nervous system, unfitting you for business or enjoyment of pleasure, the development of cancer and stricture of bowels, or loss of power of controlling same when happily death intervenes and relieves the sufferer of histortures. This is a terrible picture, but a true one. You may by neglect make this your own; can you take the risk when a cure is offered you? Treating rectal diseases exclusively for a number of years, I am able to offer you a cure without the usual pain attending the treatment employed by one who has not the experience in treating these diseases. The mode of treatment I employ for their cure is mild and is not unpleasant in anyway, as I use neither knife or caustic applications. I have cured many, and I am willing that they should tell you of my success if you wish it. I can furnish you their names if you prefer it. On my past success I am willing to stand or fall. Can I offer you anything fairer? If you wish to investigate what I have said, I extend to you an invitation to consult me, (free of cost,) and I will prove all I have said to the satisfaction of the most skeptical. For further particulars call or write to

DR. R. G. JACKSON,
No. 42½ Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.
sun wed fri no. 2

Mr. H. C. Clarke, of This City, Gets $30,000 from the Louisiana State Lottery.

"Is it actually true that you have received a part of the capital prize in the last drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery," asked a reporter for The Star-Sayings of Mr. H. C. Clarke, a young lithographer employed at August Gast's, and residing at No. 712 North Campton avenue. "Yes," said he, "I have received $30,000 in cash. The money was paid to me by the Continental National Bank, of St. Louis, is now in my possession, and a part of it will go into an elegant little home for myself and family. My ticket was number 93."—St. Louis (Mo.) Star-Sayings, November 25th.

Grayness, baldness, dandruff, and all diseases of the scalp, and falling of the hair can be cured by using Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Indications for Georgia.

WASHINGTON, January 21.—Indications for tomorrow: Colder; fair weather; northerly winds.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A. (Gould Building,) ATLANTA, Ga., January 21.

All observations taken at the same moment of actual time at each place.

Observations taken at 8 p. m.—seventy-fifth meridian time—at each place.

STATIONS.	Baron...	Therm...	Dew Pt's.	WIND. Dir'n	WIND. Vel'y	Rainfall.	Weather.
Meridian	30.44	28	32	N	8	.00	Cloudless
Pensacola	30.28	58	50	N	18	.00	Cloudless
Mobile	30.34	46	42	N	22	.00	Cloudless
Montgomery	30.36	44	36	NW	6	.02	Cloudless
New Orleans	30.30	58	52	N	14	T	Cloudless
Galveston	30.30	56	48	NE	20	.00	PtCloudy
Palestine	30.40	44	36	N	6	.00	Cloudy
Corpus Christi	30.26	50	46	N	16	T	Cloudy
Brownsville	30.20	52	50	NW	10	.06	Cloudy
Rio Grande City							

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

(Local Time.) TIME OF OBSERVATION.							
7 a. m.	30.06	60	58	NW	14	.30	Raining
7 p. m.	30.32	43	32	NW	18	.14	Cloudless

Maximum Thermometer 60
Minimum Thermometer 42
Total Rainfall ..... .44

Sad Ending of a Spree.

NEW YORK, January 20.—William Brady, thirty years old, and Isaac Lockwood, thirty-six, both printers, hired a furnished room at No. 16 First street, a week ago, and had been drinking heavily up to Saturday when they went to bed. Tonight a friend of theirs went into their room and found Brady dead and Lockwood at the point of death. Lockwood was taken to Bellevue hospital, where, after much pains, he was somewhat resuscitated, and may live. The men had been burning coal gas in a stove, and they—either by design ar accident—dropped the damper. The doctors think the men also took poison.

The Woodenware Works to be Opened.

ALBANY, Ga., January 20.—[Special.]—The Albany Woodenware and Variety works have been leased by a local syndicate, and will be reopened, with additional machinery, on the 1st of February. This factory is already well fitted with new machinery of the finest description for the manufacture of tubs, buckets, well buckets and similar articles, and this promises to become one of Albany's most important industries.

All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 913 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Coal! Wood!

We have on hand for sale the following:
75 tons white ash broken anthracite coal $8.50 per ton.
60 tons egg anthracite coal $8.50 per ton.
30 tons nut anthracite coal $8.50 per ton.
200 tons Beaver Creek lump coal $4.50 per ton.
300 tons Jellico lump coal coal $4.50 per ton.
300 cords wood at reduced prices.
36 N. Broad street. Telephone 904.
97 W. Peters street. Telephone 527.
jan18-dtf JACOB HAAS, Cashier.

PERFECTLY RELIABLE.

This of Interest to Travelers.

If you are going to any place in the United States, or beyond the seas, write to J. W. Carr, General Manager Railroad Information Bureau, P. O. box 332, Atlanta, Ga., and you will receive a prompt and full reply, giving you such information as you can rely on as being perfectly correct. jan21-1w

Atlanta Furniture Manufacturing Company.

At the annual meeting of the above-named company, held January 21st, the following officers were elected, viz.:

A. J. Miller, President.
P. H. Miller, Vice-President.
H. J. Fear, Manager.
G. S. Hinman, Superintendent.

A dividend of eight per cent on its capital stock was declared.

PERSONAL.

C. J. DALIEL, furniture, wall paper, window shades. 42 Marietta street. Telephone 77.

DR. W. S. ARMSTRONG has removed his office to No. 130 Washington street.



THE fact that cold weather is upon us will cause you to buy a suit or overcoat regardless of the stage of the season. Then why not take advantage of he prices we offer! The suits we are selling at discounted figures will commend themselves to you; and be assured that we prefer money to clothing now, without any thought of profit.

A. Rosenfeld & Son
24 Whitehall,
Corner
Alabama Streets.

op ed p

Trustee's Sale of Gold Mine.

BY VIRTUE AND AUTHORITY OF A DEED OF trust, executed by the Chattanooga and Gum Log Mining company, a Tennessee corporation, with principal office at Chattanooga, which deed is dated 12th of July, 1888, and is recorded in the office of the clerk of the superior court of Towns county, Georgia, in book "C," at page 508, and in the office of the clerk of the superior court of Union county, Georgia, in book "D," page 250, I will, as the trustee and grantee named in said deed, at the stamp mill of said company, on Gum Log creek, in Towns county, Georgia, on Thursday the 30th day of January, 1890, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 3 p. m., sell to the highest and best bidder, for cash, and in bar of the equity of redemption, the following described property, to-wit: All the gold, silver and other minerals, and all mineral and mining rights of said company in, upon and appertaining to certain lands in Union and Towns counties, in the state of Georgia, described as lots No. 18 and 19, in the 9th district, 1st section, except a fraction of about eleven acres conveyed to Ashbel Rhodes by Sanford Carpenter; also the right, title and interest of the said company in and to the mines, metals, minerals and mining privileges in and upon lot of land No. 34, in the 17th district of the 1st section known as the Nancy Brown mine, in Towns county. Also all the right, title and interest of said company in lot No. 1, in the 17th district of 1st section of Towns and Union counties, the same being an undivided interest in the fee as well as mineral rights. Also all the mills, machinery, buildings, structures, improvements, tools, cables, implements and personal property of every description on said premises belonging to said company, with all water rights and powers appurtenant to said premises. Terms strictly cash. H. B. MCFARLAND, dec22 su wed til d Trustee

ROYAL BAKING POWDER.

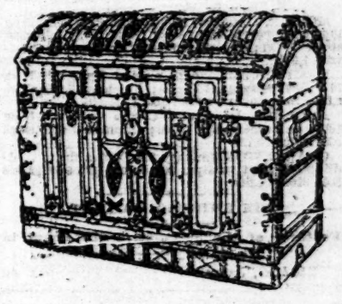
ROYAL



BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of pure strength and healthfulness. More economic than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short-weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall Street, New York. At wholesale by H. C. Boynton and Shropshire & Dodd, Atlanta, Ga.

—A—
GREAT SLAUGHTER
—OF—
TRUNKS AND VALISES



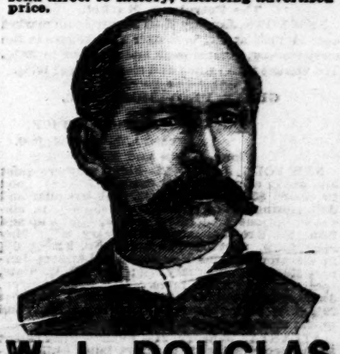
We have bought out the entire stock of Trunks and Valises of the Huzza Trunk factory. They being more or less shop-worn and imperfect, we will for the next ten days close the same out at a great sacrifice. If you want a bargain, come and see us.

LIEBERMAN & KAUFMANN
Atlanta Trunk Factory,
92 and 94 Whitehall St.
und royal baking 5p

FANCY QUALITY BUTTER

We are the agents in Atlanta for the best Creamery Butter in the south. They make separately the finest quality of Ayershire and pure Jersey Butter that skill and cleanlinses can produce, and to eat it is a treat. We receive daily shipments, which insures absolutely Fresh Butter and we ask you to give it one trial. It is handled with more than ordinary care, each pound being wrapped in fine linen paper. It has a delicions flavor and tastes like butter. Send us your orders. Very respectfully,
HOYT & THORN.
5p fol n 1 m

CAUTION Take no shoes unless W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom. If the dealer cannot supply you, send direct to factory, enclosing advertised price.



W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.
Fine Calf, Heavy Laced Grain and Creedmoor Waterproof.
Best in the world. Examine his
$5.00 GENUINE HAND-SEWED SHOE.
$4.00 HAND-SEWED WELT SHOE.
$3.50 POLICE AND FARMERS' SHOE.
$2.50 EXTRA VALUE CALF SHOE.
$2.25 & $2 WORKINGMEN'S SHOES.
$2.00 and $1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
All made in Congress, Button and Lace.
$3 & $2 SHOES FOR LADIES.
$1.75 SHOE FOR MISSES.
Best Material. Best Style. Best Fitting.
W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass. Sold by
G. H. & A. W. FORCE, 33 Whitehall.
PRICE & PORTER, 24 Marietta St.
J.E. WARNOCK, 61 Peachtree St.
jan1—d6m wed fri sun

TEXAS LANDS.

PARTIES INTERESTED IN TEXAS LAND will find it to their interest to correspond with
THOMSON & DONAN, Austin, Texas.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.
FOUR NIGHTS, COMMENCING { WEDNESDAY, JAN. 22
ABBOTT MATINEE SATURDAY.
Sale of Seats Saturday, January 18.
BRILLIANT OPERATIC NOVELTIES!
Engagement of the Famous EMMA



ABBOTT
GRAND ENGLISH OPERA CO.
Largest, Strongest and Only Successful English Opera Company in America! Abbott, Annandale; Mirella, Michelena, Montegriffo, Pruette, Broderick, Allen, Keady, Karl, Martens!
NEWLY REORGANIZED!
GRAND CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA
In This Brilliant and Varied Repertoire:
WEDNESDAY—Verdi's Grand Tragic Opera, (First time in Atlanta.)
ERNANI! ERNANI!
EMMA ABBOTT and Entire Company.
THURSDAY—Auber's Charming Opera, (First time in Atlanta.)
CROWN DIAMONDS!
EMMA ABBOTT and Entire Company.
FRIDAY—Verdi's Grand Opera,
IL TROVATORE!
EMMA ABBOTT and Entire Company.
SATURDAY—Abbott Matinee—Gounod's Exquisite Love Lyric,
ROMEO AND JULIET!
EMMA ABBOTT as Juliet, Entire Company.
SATURDAY—Flowtow's Charming Opera,
MARTHA! MARTHA!
EMMA ABBOTT and Entire Company.
Gorgeous Costumes! Enchanting Music! Brilliant Mise en Scene! PRICES—Reserved—First floor, $1.50; second floor, $1. Matinee—First floor, $1; second floor, 75c.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!
OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED
L.S.L.
Louisiana State Lottery Co.,
Incorporated by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1879 by an overwhelmingly popular vote.
Its MAMMOTH DRAWINGS take place Semi-annually, (June and December), and its GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS take place in each of the other ten months of the year, and are all drawn in public at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.
FAMED FOR TWENTY YEARS
For Integrity of Its Drawings and Prompt Payment of Prizes.
Attested as follows:
"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the monthly and semi-annual drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the drawings themselves, and authorise the company to use this certificate with fac-similes of our signatures attached to its advertisements."

G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early
Commissioners.

We, the undersigned banks and bankers will pay all prizes drawn in the Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters:
R. M. WALMSLEY, Pres. Louisiana Nat'l B'k
PIERRE LANAUX, Pres. State Nat'l Bank.
A. BALDWIN, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bank.
CARL KOHN, Pres. Union National Bank.

GRAND MONTHLY DRAWING
At the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, February 11, 1890.

CAPITAL PRIZE, $300,000
100,000 Tickets at Twenty Dollars Each. Halves, $10; Quarters, $5; Tenths, $2; Twentieths, $1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 PRIZE OF	$300,000 is	$300,000
1 PRIZE OF	100,000 is	100,000
1 PRIZE OF	50,000 is	50,000
1 PRIZE OF	25,000 is	25,000
2 PRIZES OF	10,000 are	20,000
5 PRIZES OF	5,000 are	25,000
25 PRIZES OF	1,000 are	25,000
100 PRIZES OF	500 are	50,000
200 PRIZES OF	300 are	60,000
500 PRIZES OF	200 are	100,000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.		
100 Prizes of	$500 are	50,000
100 Prizes of	300 are	30,000
100 Prizes of	200 are	20,000
TERMINAL PRIZES.		
999 Prizes of	$100 are	99,900
999 Prizes of	100 are	99,900
3,134 Prizes, amounting to		$1,054,800

NOTE.—Tickets drawing Capital Prizes are not entitled to Terminal Prizes.

AGENTS WANTED.

FOR CLUB RATES, or any further information desired, write, legibly, to the undersigned, clearly stating your residence, with state, county, street and number. More rapid return mail delivery will be assured by your inclosing an envelope bearing your full address.

IMPORTANT.
Address M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La.,
or M. A. DAUPHIN, Washington, D. C.,
By ordinary letter, containing Money Order, issued by all Express Companies, New York Exchange, Draft or Postal Note.

Address Registered Letters containing Currency to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK, New Orleans, La.

"REMEMBER, that the payment of Prizes is GUARANTEED BY FOUR NATIONAL BANKS of New Orleans, and the Tickets are signed by the President of an Institution, whose chartered rights are recognized in the Highest Courts; therefore, beware of all imitations or anonymous schemes."

ONE DOLLAR is the price of the smallest part or fraction of a ticket ISSUED BY US in any Drawing. Anything in our name offered for less than a Dollar is a swindle. wed sun mon wky

NOTICE OF INTRODUCTION OF ORDINANCES FOR CONSTRUCTING SEWERS—Notice is hereby given that at the meeting of the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta, held on the 20th of January, 1890, ordinances were introduced and read, providing for the construction of the following sewers, to-wit: Along or near Ravine from Green's Ferry street to Gennuden street.

The general character, material and size of said sewer are as follows:

From Green's Ferry street to Chapel street 3.6x4.5, egg shape, brick sewer, and from Chapel street to Gemunden street, 1.10x2.9, egg-shaped brick sewer.

Also a sewer along old Wheat street from branch near Valentine street to Hilliard street. The general character, material and size of said sewer are as follows: From branch to Fort street, 4.0x5.0, egg-shaped brick sewer, and from Fort street to Hilliard street, 3.10x5.9, egg-shaped brick sewer.

Also a sewer along Gemunden street, from Ravine on said street to Beerman street, and thence along Beerman street to Peters street.

The general character, material and size of said sewer are as follows; From Ravine to Beerman street, vitrified pipe, 18-inch diameter, and from Beerman street to Peters street, vitrified pipe, 15-inch diameter.

Said sewers are to be built in accordance with the act amending the charter of said city, assessing ninety cents per lineal foot upon the property and estates respectively abutting on said sewers, on each side of said sewers.

A. P. WOODWARD, City Clerk.
jan 22-10t

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, January 21, 1890.

New York exchange buying at par and selling at ⅛ premium.

Money easy at 8 per cent.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.
New Georgia 4½s 30 year	119½	120
Georgia 7s, gold	101	102½
Georgia 7s, 1896	115	—
S. C. Brown	102	—
Savannah 5s	107	108
Atlanta 8s 1902	125	—
Atlanta 8s, 1892	104	—
Atlanta 7s, 1904	118	—
Atlanta 7s, 1899	115	—
Atlanta 6s, long date	113	—
Atlanta 6s, short date	100	—
Atlanta 5s, long date	105½	107
Atlanta 4½s	100	105
Augusta 7s, long date	115	—
Macon 6s	113	—
Columbus 5s	103	—
ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.		
Atlanta National	300	—
Atlanta Banking company	120	—
Germania Loan and Banking Co	102½	—
Merchants Bank	150	—
Bank of the State of Georgia	150	—
Gate City National	140	—
Capital City	108	—
Lowry Banking Company	130	—
Merch. & Mechanics B'k'g & L'n.	95	100
Atlanta Trust and Banking Co	124	—
Traders' Bank	100	—
RAILROAD BONDS.		
Georgia 6s, 1897	105	—
Georgia 6s, 1910	113	—
Georgia 6s, 1922	114	—
Central 7s, 1893	105	—
Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta	108	110
Atlanta and Charlotte, 1st	117	119
Atlanta and Charlotte, income	100	—
Western of Alabama, 2d	103	104
Georgia Pacific, 1st	109½	111¼
Georgia Pacific, 2d	79	81
Americus, Prest. & L'pkin 1st 7s	110	115
Marietta and North Georgia	103	106
Sav., Americus and Mont. 1st	94	95½
RAILROAD STOCKS.		
Georgia	202	204
Atlanta and Charlotte	88	90
Southwestern	131	—
Central	121	123
Central debenture	98½	100
Augusta and Savannah	139	—
Atlanta and West Point	106	108
Atlanta and West Point debenture	100	101½

THE STOCK MARKET.

The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, January 21.—The upward movement in the stock market, inaugurated yesterday, made further progress today, while the market itself perceptibly broadened, and the recent persistent pressure by the bears upon the list was conspicuous by its absence. The disposition of the latter was evidently to cover their outstanding contracts, and the rumors of coming resistance to future bear pressure was, in all probability, an inducement to take that course. One of the chief elements of strength in the market today, however, was the growing ease in money, both here and London, time money being offered freely at five per cent. while call loans were made as low as three per cent today. Drives at values today were short and sharp, but the subjects were well chosen and covering was quietly done. In the general list, Missouri Pacific was again the leader of dealings, and while no marked movement was made in the stock, the rise of yesterday was fully maintained and slightly improved upon. Western Union was attacked in the forenoon, but rallied quickly and finished with a small advance. The strength in these stocks of late is regarded as an indication that friends of the management of the Gould properties will, in the future, be of assistance toward a better market. Reading was again active, and the Sully party were reported as steady buyers all the day long, while assuring their friends of their ability to smash the voting trust. Stock was advanced fractionally, but fluctuated over a comparatively narrow range, as was the case with all leading shares. Wide fluctuations were usually made in trusts and specialties, and sugar refineries in the afternoon, for no apparent reason, was bid up rapidly, touching 55⅞, though it fell away again later to 54¼, and closed at 54½. Again the specialty—Louisville, New-Albany and Chicago—was the most promising for its rapid rise under light dealings from 40 to 44, against 38⅝ for the last sale. It closed at 42. Chicago, St. Louis and Pittsburg common and Hocking Valley were also specially strong. Lake Erie and Western today joined the dividend payers, and, although there was no further improvement in preferred stock, the rise of yesterday, like that in Missouri Pacific, was fully maintained. The beginning of dividends is the direct result of the improved business done by established roads in Ohio. The general list displayed a firm tone throughout the day, and improved fractionally, after small transactions, all the day long. The close was dull, but firm, generally at or near the best figures. A great majority of the list is higher tonight, though the advances are confined to small fractions, as a rule, while Louisville, New Albany and Chicago is up 3⅜, Hocking Valley 1⅛, Chicago and St. Louis Pittsburg, Jersey Central, and sugar, each 1 per cent. Sales of listed stocks aggregated 168,000, unlisted 46,000 shares.

Exchange dull but steady at 483@487.

Money easy at 3@4½.

Subtreasury balances: Coin $161,861,000; currency, $6,242,000.

Governments dull and weak; 4s 125; 4½s 104½.

State bonds dull but steady.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5..105	N. O. Pacific 1st....91⅛
do. Class B 5s.....109	N. Y. Central.......106¾
Ga. 7s, mortgage....101½	N'f'k Western pre.. 61
N. & C. 6s.........124	Northern Pacific.... 30¾
do. 4s............ 96	do. preferred..... 74⅛
S. C. con. Brown....101½	Pacific Mail........ 38¼
Tennessee 6s.......106	Reading............ 37¼
Tennessee 5s.......102½	Rich. & Alleghany.. 24
Tenn. settlem't 3s.. 72¾	Rich. & W. P. Ter'l. 20⅞
Virginia 6s........ 50	Rock Island........ 95⅜
Virginia consols... 32	St. Paul........... 68⅞
Chicago and N. W..110½	do. preferred.....113¾
do. preferred.....140½	Texas Pacific...... 21
Del and Lack.......136⅞	Tenn. Coal & Iron.. 85¼
Erie.............. 26¼	Union Pacific...... 66¾
East Tenn., new.... 9¼	N. J. Central......121⅞
Lake Shore.........104⅞	Missouri Pacific... 73⅞
Louisville & Nash.. 86¼	Western Union..... 84⅜
Memphis & Char... 64	Cotton Oil trust... 27⅛
Mobile & Ohio...... 15⅞	Brunswick......... 34¼
Nash. & Chat.......102	‡Offered. §Ex-rights.
*Bid. †Ex-dividend.	

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, January 21, 1890.

Consolidated net receipts today 28,356 bales; for 2 days 51,989 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,741 bales; to France —— bales; to continent 2,760 bales; stock 669,081 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	Opening.	Closing.
January	10.60@10.62	10.79@10.80
February	10.65@.....	10.80@10.81
March	10.73@.....	10.87@10.88
April	19.80@.....	10.93@10.94
May	10.85@.....	10.98@10.99
June	10.89@10.90	11.03@11.04
July	10.94@.....	11.08@11.09
August	10.98@.....	11.12@11.13
September	....@.....	10.53@10.54
October	....@.....	10.30@10.32

Closed steady; sales 174,400 bales.

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

January	10.48	July	10.82
February	10.46	August	10.81
March	10.53	September	10.26
April	10.60	October	9.93
May	10.68	November	.....
June	10.74	December	.....

Closed steady; sales 74,100 bales.

Local—Market steady; middling 10¼c.

The following is our table of receipts and shipments:

Receipts	485
Receipts previously	131,197
Total	131,672
Stock September 1	487
Grand total	132,169
Shipments	780
Shipped previously	121,402
Total	122,182
Stock on hand	9,987

Henry Clews & Co.'s Circular.

NEW YORK, January 21—[Special.]—The opening of the market this morning brought with it a little comfort to the hearts of the depressed bears because the quotations showed a decline of 1@2 points, occasioned by a feverish Liverpool cable, where 2@3-64d decline occurred. However, the happiness came only as a forerunner of evil, as the bulls applied any quantity of "steam" and lifted the market clear out of sight. Some 12@15 points advance was soon established and sustained up to the close, when the highest figures of the day were reached. Spot cotton ruled firmer here and sales of 382 bales were made at ⅛c advance, middling now being quoted at 10 13-16c, against 9 15-16c last year. The receipts at the ports today were 28,356 bales, against 31,301 bales last week and 38,070 bales last year. Since September 1, 4,681,546 bales, against 4,159,433 bales last year. Stock of cotton in New York is 134,406 bales, against 211,783 bales last year, while the consolidated stock is about 250,000 bales less than last year.

HENRY CLEWS & CO.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, January 21—12:15 p. m.—Cotton quiet and rather easier; middling uplands 5⅞; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 12,000; American 7,700; uplands low middling clause January and February delivery 5 53-64; February and March delivery 5 55-64, 5 54-64; March and April delivery 5 56-64, 5 54-64; April and May delivery 5 58-64, 5 56-64; May and June delivery 5 59-64, 5 58-64; June and July delivery 5 60-64, 5 59-64; July and August delivery 5 61-64, 5 60-64; futures opened steady.

LIVERPOOL, January 21—2:00 p. m.—Sales of American 6,200 bales; uplands low middling clause January delivery 5 53-64, sellers; January and February delivery 5 53-64, sellers; February and March delivery 5 54-64, sellers; March and April delivery 5 55-64, sellers; April and May delivery 5 56-64, sellers; May and June delivery 5 58-64, sellers; June and July delivery 5 59-64, sellers; July and August delivery 5 60-64, sellers; August and September delivery 5 60-64, sellers; futures easy.

LIVERPOOL, January 21—4:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause January delivery 5 55-64, sellers; January and February delivery 5 55-64, sellers; February and March delivery 5 56-64, sellers; March and April delivery 5 57-64, sellers; April and May delivery 5 58-64, buyers; May and June delivery 5 60-64, sellers; June and July delivery 5 61-64, value; July and August delivery 5 62-64, value; August and September delivery 5 63-64, sellers; futures closed firm.

NEW YORK, January 21—Cotton steady; sales 319 bales; middling uplands 10 13-16; Orleans 11 1-16; net receipts 2,486; gross 14,205; stock 137,211.

GALVESTON, January 21—Cotton firm; middling 10⅛; net receipts 1,968 bales; gross 1,969; sales 588; stock 48,211.

NORFOLK, January 21—Cotton firm; middling 10⅝; net receipts 1,031 bales; gross 1,031; stock 39,188; sales 717; exports coastwise 355.

BALTIMORE, January 21—Cotton nominal; middling 10⅝; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; to spinners 100; stock 5,964.

BOSTON, January 21—Cotton firm; middling 10⅞; net receipts 462 bales; gross 4,364; sales none; stock none; exports to Griat Britain 2,645.

WILMINGTON, January 21—Cotton firm; middling 10⅛; net receipts 550 bales; gross 550; sales none; stock 13,838.

PHILADELPHIA, January 21—Cotton firm; middling 10 15-16; net receipts 257 bales; gross 257; sales none; stock 16,116.

SAVANNAH, January 21—Cotton quiet; middling 10¼; net receipts 1,507 bales; gross 1,507; sales 675; stock 56,154: exports coastwise 5,186.

NEW ORLEANS, January 21—Cotton firm; middling 10¼; net receipts 16,314 bales; gross 18,068; sales 6,500; stock 288,760.

MOBILE, January 21—Cotton firm; middling 10⅛; net receipts 2,271 bales; gross 2,271; sales 500; stock 27,391; exports to Great Britain 96; coastwise 1,094.

MEMPHIS, Jannary 21—Cotton firm; middling 10¼; net receipts 1,115 bales; shipments 3,259; sales 2,800; to spinners none; stock 121,216.

AUGUSTA, January 21—Cotton firm; middling 10¼; net receipts 598 bales; shipments 434; sales 566; stock 20,739.

CHARLESTON, January 21—Cotton firm; middling 10¼; net receipts 508 bales; gross 508; sales 500; stock 31,546.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, January 21—Wheat—Prices touched a lower point again today. Speculative trading was moderate, and of about the same character as has existed for some time past. The opening was about ⅛@¼c better than yesterday, later ruled easier and declined ⅜@½c, touching 80c for May, and after that ruled a shade above, closing about ¼@¼c higher than yesterday.

Corn—But little interest was manifested in this market, trade being light and fluctuations exceedingly narrow. The feeling prevailing was steady, and prices showed but little change compared with yesterday's closing quotations, being about the same. The cash market was quiet, offer-light and prices steady without material change. There was little if anything doing in lower grades to go to store, arrivals selling entirely on track and free on board cars. No. 2 white and yellow sold sparingly at 28¾@28⅞c, and special location at 29@29⅛c, and closed at 28¾@28⅞. No. 3 was quoted nominal at 26¼@26¾c, depending on location. January about 26¼c and February 26½c.

Oats—Increased interest centered in the speculative market, and, as alluded to yesterday, proved to be of brief duration, for today the market again ruled quiet. Few operators gave the market attention, which was suggestive of a small run of orders. Notwithstanding the quietness which prevailed and the dullness in the surrounding markets, the feeling was tolerably steady. Cash oats on the regular market were exceedingly quiet, almost nominal in fact, due to an absence of offerings. No. 2 oats cash were quotable at 20½c, probably saleable at that, and No. 3 to go to store. Special houses usually sold at 21¼@22c, to arrive, for choice. In the sample market, where the main cash business was done, there was a fair demand from shippers and local buyers. Offerings were larger than required, and consignments met with ready sale, ruling steady, and prices being without special change.

Hog products—There was a fairly active speculative trade reported on the market for hog products, still the volume was not as large as that reported yesterday, accompanied with a decline of fully 10c, and this encouraged operators to enlarge their line of shorts to some extent. Outside orders to purchase were moderately free. The market opened rather tame at about the closing figures of yesterday, and a slight reduction was temporarily submitted to. Later, with fair miscellaneous buying, the market exhibited some strength, with trading chiefly in May contracts, and prices were slightly lower.

The following was the range in the leading futures in Chicago today:

	Opening.	Highest.	Closing.
WHEAT—			
January	76	76	76
February	76½	76½	76½
May	80⅜	80½	80⅜
CORN—			
January	28¾	28⅞	28⅞
February	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛
May	31⅝	31¾	31⅝
OATS—			
January	20½	20½	20½
February	20½	20½	20½
May	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛
PORK—			
January	9 75	9 75	9 75
February	9 77½	9 77½	9 77½
May	10 15	10 22½	10 17½
LARD—			
January	5 87½	5 87½	5 87½
February	5 92½	5 92½	5 92½
May	6 12½	6 15	6 15
SIDES—			
January	4 82½	4 82½	4 82½
February	4 80	4 85	4 82½
May	5 05	5 05	5 02½

The Petroleum Market.

NEW YORK, January 21—The petroleum market opened firm at 108, but after a slight gain in the early trading, became weak and declined to 106⅞. The market then rallied and closed firm at 107⅝.

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, January 21, 1890.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

NEW YORK, January 21—Flour, southern quiet and weak; common to fair extra $2.50@2.85; good to choice $3.10@5.10. Wheat, spot irregular and dull, closing steadier; No. 2 red 86@86⅞ in elevator; options moderately active, ⅛@⅛c up and firm; No. 2 red January 86; February 86¼; May 87⅞. Corn, spot firm but quiet; No. 2 37⅛@37¾ in elevator; options less active and firmer; January 37⅛@37¾; February 37⅞; May 39⅝@⅞. Oats, spot steady; options more active and stronger; January 29¾; February 28⅞; May 27⅞; No. 2 spot 29¾@30¾; mixed western 27@31. Hops steady and quiet; state new 10@15; old 8@12.

ATLANTA, January 21—Flour—First patent $5.50; second patent $5.00; extra fancy $4.75; fancy $4.50; family $4.00@4.25. Corn—White 50c in car lots; 51c in dray lots; mixed 49c in car lots; 52c in dray lots. Oats—No. 2 mixed 34@35c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 95c; No. 1 timothy, large bales 90c; choice timothy, small bales, 95c; No. 1 timothy, small bales, 90c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 85c. Meal—Plain 50c; bolted 53c. Wheat bran—Large sacks 78c; small 80. Cotton seed meal—$1.20 ℔ cwt. Steam feed $1.35 ℔ cwt. Grits—Pearl $3.00.

ST. LOUIS, January 21—Flour dull; unchanged; choice $2.70@2.85; fancy $3.30@3.45; patents $4.10@4.20. Wheat better; under fair buying the market ruled firm and the close was about the same for May, ⅛c better for June and ⅛c higher for July over yesterday's close; No. 2 red cash —; May —; June 79½ bid; July 76⅝ asked. Corn dull; No. 2 mixed cash 25⅞@26; February 26¼; May 28. Oats lower to soll; No. 2 cash 21½ asked; May 21⅝@21¾ bid.

BALTIMORE, January 21—Flour steady; Howard street and western superfine $2.25@2.75; extra $2.90@2.60; family $3.90@4.40; city mills Rio brands extra $4.25@4.50. Wheat, southern firmer; Fultz 74@84; longberry 75@85; western quiet; No. 2 winter red spot and January 80⅛@80⅛. Corn, southern dull; white 35@40; yellow 30@38.

CINCINNATI, January 21—Flour firm; family $2.90@3.20; fancy $3.60@3.80. Wheat barely steady; No. 2 red 78@80. Corn firmer; No. 2 mixed 32½@33. Oats stronger; No. 2 mixed 24½.

CHICAGO, January 21—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady and unchanged. No. 2 spring wheat 76; No. 3 spring —; No. 2 red 76. No. 2 corn 28¾@28⅞. No. 2 oats 20⅛.

LOUISVILLE, January 21—Wheat quiet; No. 2 red 75; No. 2 longberry 77. Corn quiet; No. 2 mixed 33½; do. white 35. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 24@24½.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, January 21—Coffee—Arbuckle's and Levering's roasted 24½c for 100 ℔ cases. Green—Extra choice 22½c; choice 20@21; good 19½c; fair 19c; common 17½@18c. Sugar—Granulated 7⅜c; off granulated 7¼c; powdered 8⅜c; cut loaf 8⅜c; white extra C 7⅛c; yellow extra C 6¾c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 48@50c; prime 35@40c; common 30@35c. Molasses—Genuine Cuba 35@38c; imitation 28@30c. Teas—Black 35@55c; green 40@60c. Nutmegs 65@75c. Cloves 25@30c. Cinnamon 10@12½c. Allspice 8@9c. Jamaica ginger 18c; race 7½@8½c. Singapore pepper 18@20c. Mace 75@80c. Rice—Chico 6½c; good 5½@6c; common 4¾@5c; imported Japan 6@7c. Salt—Hawley's dairy $1.60; Virginia 75c. Cheese—Full cream 11½c; skim 9@10c. White fish—½ bbls $3.25@3.50; pails 50c. Soaps—Tallow, 100 bars 75 ℔s $3.00@3.75; turpentine, 60 bars 60 ℔s, $2.00@2.25; tallow, 60 bars 60 ℔s, $2.25@2.50. Candles—Peraffine 12½@14c; star 10@11c. Matches—400s $4.00; 300s $3.00@3.75; 200s $2.00@2.75; 60s 5 gross $3.75. Soda—Kegs, bulk, 4@4½c; kegs, 1 ℔ packages, 4⅜c; cases, assorted, 5½ ℔s, 5⅛c; ½ ℔ 6c. Crackers—X soda 5c; XXX soda 5½c; X pearl oyster 5c; XXX do. 5½c; lemon cream 8c; cornhills 10c. Candy—Assorted stick 9¾c; French mixed 12½c. Canned goods—Condensed milk $6.00@8.00; mackerel $4.75@5.00; salmon $7.00@8.50; F. W. oysters $1.85@2.00; G. W. $1.25; corn $2.00@2.75; tomatoes $1.75@2.50. Ball potash $2.75@3.00. Starch—Pearl 4c; lump 4½c; nickel package $3.00; celluloid $5.00. Pickles—Plain or mixed, pints $1.00@1.10; quarts $1.50@1.75.

NEW ORLEANS, January 21—Coffee firm; Rio cargoes common and prime 16½@20½. Sugar Louisiana open kettle strong; choice 4¾; strictly prime 4 11-16; prime 4 11-16; fair to fully fair 4 9-16; good common 4¾@4 7-16; centrifugals steady; plantation granulated 6 13-16; off do. 6⅝; choice white 6¼@6 5-16; off white 6¼@6 5 5-16; choice yellow clarified 5 15-16@6; prime do. 5¾@5 13-16; off do. 5⅝. Molasses strong; Louisiana open kettle fancy 41; choice 39@40; common to good prime 18@35; centrifugals, fancy 31; choice 29; strictly prime 27@28; good prime 20@21; prime 18@20; good fair 17; good common 16. Louisiana syrup 26@30. Rice steady; Louisiana ordinary to good 3¼@4¼.

NEW YORK, January 21—Coffee, options closed barely steady 10@15 points down; January 15.90@15.95; February 15.85; March 15.90@15.95; May 15.95@16.00; spot quiet and steady; Rio cargoes 19¾. Sugar, raw firm and in fair demand; fair to good refining 5¼; centrifugal 96-test 5 11-16; refined fairly active and firm; C 5¼@5¾; extra C 5½; white do. 5⅞@6⅛; yellow C 5¼@5⅛; off A 5 11-16@6; mould A 6⅝; standard A 6⅛; confectioners A 6¼; cut loaf and crushed 7¼; powdered 6¾; granulated 6⅛; cubes 6¾. Molasses, foreign nominal; 50-test 30; New Orleans quiet; open kettle common to fancy 31@44. Rice quiet and steady; domestic 4½@6⅛; Japan 4⅛@5¼.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, January 21—Provisions strong. Pork $10.37½. Lard, prime steam 5.50. Dry salt meats, shoulders 4.12½@4.25; long clear 5.00@5.12½; clear ribs 5.00@5.12½; short clear 5.25@5.37½. Bacon, boxed shoulders 4.35; long clear 5.50@5.65; clear ribs 5.50@5.65; clear sides 5.60@5.62½; hams 9¼@11¾.

ATLANTA, January 21—Clear ribs sides boxed 5⅝; ice-cured bellies 8½. Sugar-cured hams 11@12, according to brand and average; California 6½; canvassed shoulders 6¼@6½; breakfast bacon 10½@12. Lard—Pure leaf 7⅞@8; leaf 7¼@7½; refined 6.

LOUISVILLE, January 21—Provisions quiet. Bacon, clear rib sides 6.75; clear sides 6.00; shoulders 5.00. Bulk meats, clear rib sides 5.25; clear sides 5.37½; shoulders 4.50. Mess pork $10.00. Hams, sugar-cured 10@10½. Lard, prime steam in tierces 6.

NEW YORK, January 21—Pork firm; new mess $10.75@11.25; old $10.00@10.50; extra prime $9.25@9.75. Middles quiet; short clear 5.25. Lard firmer but quiet; western steam spot 6.27½; city steam 5.75; options, February 6.25; March 6.35; May 6.47.

CHICAGO, January 21—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $9.75. Lard 5.87½. Short ribs, loose 4.80@4.85. Dry salt shoulders boxed 4.20@4.30; short clear sides boxed 5.05@5.10.

CINCINNATI, January 21—Pork quiet but firm at $10.25. Lard stronger; current make 5.80@5.90. Bulk meats in good demand; short ribs 4.87½@5.00. Bacon firm; short clear 6.25.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, January 21—Turpentine steady at 39½; rosin firm; strained 95; good strained $1.00; tar firm at $1.60; crude turpentine firm; hard $1.20; yellow dip and virgin $2.20.

NEW YORK, January 21—Rosin quiet; common to good strained $1.20@1.23; turpentine dull and nominal at 42½@43.

CHARLESTON, January 21—Turpentine nominal at 41; rosin firm; good strained $1.00.

SAVANNAH, January 21—Turpentine steady at 39; rosin firm at $1.02½@1.07½.

Fruits and Confections.

ATLANTA, January 21—Apples $4.00@4.75 ℔ bbl. Lemons $3.25@4.00. Oranegs $3.00@3.50. Cocoanuts 5½c. Pineapples $1.50 ℔ doz. Bananas—Selected $1.75@2.00. Figs 13@18c. Raisins—New London $3.50@5.50; ½ boxes $1.75; ¼ boxes 90. Currants 7½@8c. Leghorn citron 27c. Nuts—Almonds 17c; pecans 10@12c; Brazil 12c; filberts 12½c; walnuts 16c. Malaga grapes, 50 ℔ barrel $8.00.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, January 21—Horses—Plug $65@90; good drive $150@200; drivers $125@140; fine $250@300. Mules—14½ to 15 hands $115@150; 15½ to 16 hands $150@200. Cattle—Tennessee steers $3.00@4.00; Georgia raised $2.00@5.00. Hogs—None on the market. Sheep—Tennessee $3.00@4.00; lambs $5.00@5.50.

CINCINNATI, January 21—Hogs irregular and firm; common and light $3.25@3.85; packing and butchers $3.75@3.85.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, January 21—Eggs 12½c. Butter—Choice Tennessee 20@22½c; other grades 12½@14c. Poultry—Hens 30c; young chickens, large 18@25c; small 10@14c. Irish potatoes $2.25. Sweet potatoes 80c. Honey—Strained 6@8c; in the comb 10@12c. Onions $2.00. Cabbage 2c.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Central Time.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.	
*No. 3, from Savannah ....7 00 am	*No. 2, to Macon, Albany, Thomasville and Sanannah......7 00 am
*No. 15, from Griffin and East Point.....8 00 am	*No. 14, for Macon, ...10 42 pm
*No. 11, from Jacksonville, Albany and Macon..........11 45 am	No. 20, to Hapeville, ...11 50 am
No. 19, from Hapeville and E. Point...1 50 pm	*No. 12, to Macon, Albany and Jacksonville, ...2 15 pm
*No. 1, from Jacksonville, Savannah and Macon........5 45 pm	*No. 16, to East Point and Griffin.....5 00 pm
*No. 13, from Thomasville, Albany and Macon..........9 30 pm	*No. 4, to Macon, Savannah and Jacksonville ....7 05 pm
EAST TENN., VA. & GA. R'Y.	
*No. 14, from Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville.......10 30 am	*No. 12, for Rome, New York, Cincinnati, Kn'xville and Memphis, and Ala. points....7 40 pm
*No. 13, from New York, Knoxville, Nashville and Cin'nati..11 50 am	*No. 14, for Rome, Nashville, Cincinnati, New York and Memphis ....2 00 pm
*No. 11, from Cincinnati Nashville and Knoxville..........12 40 am	*No. 11, for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville.......12 50 am
*No. 12, from Savannah, Jacksonville, Brunswick, Macon...7 55 pm	*No. 13, for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville.......12 00 m

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.	
From Chat'ga*.. 6 32am	To Chattanooga* 7 50am
From Marietta.. 8 35am	To Marietta.....11 45am
From Rome.....11 05am	To Chattanooga* 1 35pm
From Chat'ga*.. 1 45pm	To Rome.......... 3 45pm
From Marietta.. 2 58pm	To Marietta...... 4 35pm
From Chat'ga*.. 6 40pm	To Chattanooga* 6 18pm
From Chat'ga*..10 32pm	To Chattanooga*11 15pm
From Marietta‡.10 30am	To Marietta‡..... 4 00pm
ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.	
From Selma*.... 6 50am	To Selma*........ 1 25pm
From West Pt... 9 15am	To West Point.. 3 35pm
From Selma*.... 2 10pm	To Selma*........ 9 50pm
GEORGIA RAILROAD.	
From Augusta*. 6 30am	To Augusta*.... 8 00am
From Covin't'n.. 7 55am	To Decatur...... 8 55am
From Decatur...10 15am	To Clarkston....12 10pm
From Augusta*. 1 00pm	To Augusta*.... 2 45pm
From Clarkston. 2 20pm	To Decatur...... 3 45pm
From Decatur... 4 45pm	To Covington.... 6 20pm
Brom Augusta*. 5 45pm	To Augusta*....11 15pm
PIEDMONT AIR-LINE. (Richmond and Danville Railroad.)	
From Lula...... 7 50am	To Washington*. 7 10am
From Wash'ton*11 00am	To Lula.......... 4 30pm
From Wash'ton* 9 40pm	To Washington*. 6 00pm
GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY.	
From Gre'n'ille*. 6 05am	To Birm'gham*. 1 13pm
From Tal'poosa*. 9 15am	To Tallapoosa*.. 5 00pm
From Birm'm*.. 2 00pm	To Greenville*..10 45pm
ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.	
From Fort Valley *11 50 am and 6 15 pm	To Fort Valley *3 05 pm and 7 00 am

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Ar Tifton	2 08 p m		9 45 p m	5 50 p m
				No. 13.
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Ar Valdosta	4 16 p m	3 35 a m		10 40 a m
Ar Jasper	5 28 p m	4 43 a m		3 15 p m
Ar Lake City	6 45 p m	5 55 a m		5 30 p m
Ar Jacksonville	9 20 p m	8 30 a m		

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Ar Tifton	1 48 p m	11 00 p m		6 05 p m
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Lv Tifton	2 08 p m	12 28 p m	6 30 a m	7 00 a m
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SPECIAL SURGERY
And the medical and surgical treatment of Hemorrhoidal and rectal diseases.
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KIDNEY and any urinary troubles easily, safely and quickly cured by DOCUTA capsules. Severest cases cured in seven days. Sold $1.50 per box, all druggists, or by mail from Dock Mfg. Co., 112 White street, New York. Full directions.

THE GEORGIA RAILROD.
GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, OFFICE GEN'L MANAGER.
AUGUSTA, Ga., September 21st, 1889.

Commencing Tuesday, 2d instant, the following passenger schedule will be operated:

No. 27 WEST—DAILY.	
Leave Augusta	7 45 a m
Leave Washington	7 20 a m
Leave Athens	8 30 a m
Leave Gainesville	5 55 a m
Arrive Atlanta	1 00 p m

No. 28 EAST—DAILY.	
Leave Atlanta	2 45 p m
Leave Gainesville	5 55 a m
Arrive Athens	7 00 p m
Arrive Washington	7 20 p m
Arrive Augusta	8 15 p m

DAY PASSENGER TRAINS.

No 2 EAST—DAILY.	No. 1 WEST—DAILY.
Lv. Atlanta......8 00 a m	Lv. Augusta.....11 05 a m
Ar. Gainesvile...8 15 p m	Lv. Wash'ton....11 10 a m
Ar. Athens.......5 15 p m	Lv. Athens.......8 40 a m
Ar. Washington2 30 p m	Ar. Gainesville. 8 25 p m
Ar. Augusta.....3 15 p m	Ar. Atlanta...... 5 45 p m

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

No. 4 EAST DAILY.	No. 3 WEST—DAILY.
Lv. Atlanta....11 15 p m	Lv. Augusta...11 00 p m
Ar. Augusta..... 6 45 a m	Ar. Atlanta.... 6 30 a m

DECATUR TRAIN—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta.....8 55 a m	Lv. Decatur..... 9 45 a m
Ar. Decatur.....9 23 a m	Ar. Atlanta.....10 15 a m
Lv. Atlanta.....3 45 p m	Lv. Decatur..... 4 20 p m
Ar. Decatur.....4 10 p m	Ar. Atlanta..... 4 45 p m

COVINGTON ACCOM'N—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta......6 20 p m	Lv. Covington.....5 40 a m
Lv. Decatur......6 56 p m	Lv. Decatur......7 25 a m
Ar. Covington...8 35 p m	Ar. Atlanta......7 50 a m

MACON NIGHT EXPRESS—Daily.

No. 31 WESTWARD.	No 32 EASTWARD.
Lv. Camak.......1 30 a m	Lv. Macon....... 8 06 p m
Ar. Macom.......7 30 p m	Ar. Camak.......12 30 a m

UNION POINT AND WHITE PLAIN RAILROAD

Leave Union Point	*10 10 a m	* 5 40 p m
Arrive Siloam	10 35 a m	6 05 p m
Arrive White Plains	11 10 a m	6 40 p m
Leave White Plains	* 8 00 a m	* 3 30 p m
Leave Siloam	8 35 a m	4 05 p m
Arrive Union Point	9 00 a m	4 30 p m

*Daily except Sunday.

No connection for Gainesville on Sunday.

Sleeping car to Charleston on trains Nos. 4 and 28.

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signalled stop at any regular schedule flag station.

Trains No. 27 and 28 will stop and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Norwood, Barnett, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greenesboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur. 27 makes close connection for all points north and northwest.

Trains 1 and 2, dinner at Union Point.

Train No. 28, supper at Harlem.

J. W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager. E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
JOE. W. WHITE, T. P. A., Augusta, Ga.

IS HE A BIGAMIST?

THE STORY OF W. C. JOHNSON'S CAREER VERIFIED IN ATLANTA,

He Has a Wife and Son Nine Miles from Laurens, South Carolina, But It Is Not Likely that He Has Gone There.

Is W. C. Johnson a bigamist.

The supposition of his being guilty of that crime, as well as being a defaulter, was given in the dispatches from Macon in yesterday's CONSTITUTION.

It will be remembered that all facts set forth in that story are that he was employed by a Mr. Sanders, a furniture dealer of Macon, as collector. Last week he left there leaving a balance due his employer or nearly $50. It was supposed that he came to Atlanta and had an interview with his wife, before he finally disappeared.

WORKING UP THE CLUE.

It was learned yesterday that his wife—that is, his last wife—was employed in the city, and that she had been very cruelly wronged.

She was found at work in a little room at the top of one of the big brick buildings that envelop so many sad romances.

She is a lady of thirty or thirty-five years, and bears the traces of suffering on her features. When approached by the reporter she begged that her name be not mentioned in connection with the sad affair, as it would prove a source of deep mortification to her relatives, who are among the best people of the town in which they live.

Her story was told reluctantly. She was a widow lady with one child when Johnson won her affections, and married her five years ago, February 27th, next. He had been in Atlanta since 1881, being first employed by Dr. Gyle, a nurseryman, when he first came to the city.

He lived with Mrs. Johnson until April 2, 1889, when he left her and went away. Previous to that time, she says, he told her one night when he was drunk, that he had another wife living. He had so frequently teased her about having another wife that she paid little attention to him; and besides that she was afraid of him. He told her that he was married at the age of nineteen, and that he had left his wife in South Carolina.

A FUSS IN THE FAMILY

occurred in March last, when Johnson, who had been discharged from the employ of Mr. A. G. Rhodes, and had obtained employment with Mr. J. P. Bryon, found that his wife had gone to Decatur with a young friend for her escort.

He pursued them and a fight ensued, in which Johnson, who was drinking, got the worst of the business. He was severely stabbed and carried his arm in a sling for some weeks.

An estrangement between Johnson and his wife followed, and he went south, and obtained employment in Macon. Those who had known him supposed that he had gone to Jacksonville, from whence he first came to Atlanta. His wife obtained employment with a large wholesale house, and went to work to support herself and her two children, the first a son by her first husband and the last a baby of two years by her recent sponse, who had treated her so cruelly. So soon as she found that he had deserted her, she instituted inquiries, and found out

THE HUMILIATING TRUTH

of her faithless husband's former career. She learned that he had been wedded to Miss Fannie Miller, the daughter of Mr. John D. Miller, living nine miles from Laurens, S. C.

Johnson came there from some place, nobody knows exactly where, and was but a youth when he wedded into this most estimable family. He lived with his first wife five or six years, and three children were born them. Then he disappeared suddenly, the cause of which is unknown to his last wife, and came to Atlanta. Mrs. Johnson No. 2 learned all these facts from people who live in the community where his first wife lives, and, after she became aware of the truefacts, she severed all relationship with him.

HIS RETURN TO ATLANTA.

On Friday night last he returned to the city, and went directly to the home of his wronged wife, who occupies apartments on one of the principal streets of the city.

In response to his knock her landlord called Mrs. Johnson to the door, and when she opened it she looked past her landlord and saw her husband.

She shut the door in his face.

Not a word passed between them.

Her landlady, who was looking on, said afterwards that Johnson had a knife in his hand. At all events, his wife refused to even speak to him, and, finding himself baffled, he went away.

Since that time Johnson has not been heard from, and it is supposed that he has departed to some more congenial clime. Mrs. Johnson is of the opinion that he has gone for good, because, as she believes, he cannot return to the home of his first wife, because of some misdemeanor committed there. Johnson is a comparatively young man, about thirty-four years of age, and so long as he was true to his trust, proved a good business man.

Neither of his wives seem disposed to try and hunt him down, and if caught, it will doubtless be on the score of his defalcation in Macon.

Marriage

is but a stepping-stone to those divine institutions, the family and the home, which constitute the very foundation on which our nation rests; and upon the health and strength of the wife and mother depends the sunshine and enjoyment of the home and the prosperity of the family. Thousands of wives and thousands of single ladies drag out a weary existence in consequence of perplexing "female disorders," in total ignorance of the fact that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of leucorrhea, prolapsus, weak back, female weakness, anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation, ulceration, and kindred ailments. Guaranteed to give satisfaction, or money refunded. All druggists.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cleanse and regulate the stomach, bowels, and system generally. One a dose; purely vegetable.

The New York "University" says of Mr. Chaney's new book, "Belief," "the author's object is to reconcile science and religion, and well has he accomplished it." For sale at Miller's. tf

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New Revised City Map

of Atlanta, nicely bound in cloth 25c, by mail 30c. John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street. tf

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Southern Home

Building and Loan Association, 32 1-2 S. Broad street. Call and get pamphlet giving full information. j8-tf

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New map of Atlanta, with guide to Alanta, handsomely bound in cloth, only 25c, by mail 30c. John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street. tf

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Accountant and commercial examiner. Partnership and public officers, books and accounts checked up and settlements made individually and on boards of abitration. Also notary public. Office, 27½ Whitehall st.

New Guide to Atlanta

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FavorIte Brand.
Has No Equal.
EasiesT to Sell.
Gives gOod Profit.
Q u e e N of Tobacco. 1y

Since Mr. M. L. Harnett has taken the management of the Marshall house, Savannah, Georgia, the increase in business has been so marked that it is called phenomenal, and speaks well for the popularity of Mr. Harnett.—The Boston Home Journal. jan10 dtf

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Miss Alcott greatly liked Mr. Chaney's books for boys "F. Grant & Co." and "Tom." She used to read them to her little men and women. For sale at Millers. tf

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Money to Loan.

Southern Home Building and Loan Association 32 1-2 S. Broad Street. Call for pamphlet. j8-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

"Like Magic,"

THE effect produced by **Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.** Colds, Coughs, Croup, and Sore Throat are, in most cases, immediately relieved by the use of this wonderful remedy. It strengthens the vocal organs, allays irritation, and prevents the inroads of Consumption; in every stage of that dread disease, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral relieves coughing and induces refreshing rest.



"I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my family for thirty years and have always found it the best remedy for croup, to which complaint my children have been subject."—Capt. U. Carley, Brooklyn, N. Y.

"From an experience of over thirty years in the sale of proprietary medicines, I feel justified in recommending Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. One of the best recommendations of the Pectoral is the enduring quality of its popularity, it being more salable now than it was twenty-five years ago, when its great success was considered marvelous."—R. S. Drake, M. D., Beliot, Kans.

"My little sister, four years of age, was so ill from bronchitis that we had almost given up hope of her recovery. Our family physician, a skilful man and of large experience, pronounced it useless to give her any more medicine; saying that he had done all it was possible to do, and we must prepare for the worst. As a last resort, we determined to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and I can truly say, with the most happy results. After taking a few doses she seemed to breathe easier, and, within a week, was out of danger. We continued giving the Pectoral until satisfied she was entirely well. This has given me unbounded faith in the preparation, and I recommend it confidently to my customers."—C. O. Lepper, Druggist, Fort Wayne, Ind.

For Colds and Coughs, take

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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LOWEST CUT PRICES!

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One DeLoach saw mill, capacity 25,000 feet per day.
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One Egan Excelsior No. 4 planer.
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One Hermance & Rowley combined bolter and lath mill.
One H. B. Smith Machine company heavy resaw.
One H. B. Smith Machine company No. 3 six-inch moulder, cut four sides.
One Tanner & Delaney pole road locomotive and 10 cars.
One P. L. Sword & Sons improved brick machine.
Shaftings, pulleys, logging drays, carts, wheelbarrows, etc.; also a fine dwelling, substantial saw mill building, planer shed, and a number of other buildings.

The above property is at Bynum, Ala., on Georgia Pacific railroad, and can be examined at any time. For prices and terms address

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H. B. CANTEY, Assignee, Anniston, Ala.
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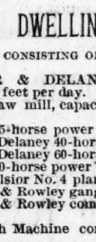
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Signature is on every bottle of the genuine.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y.,

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LADIES USE PEERLESS DYES

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home.

They will dye everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 10c. a package. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Package or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut; 40 colors. For sale by Bradfield & Ware, druggists, 26 Whitehall street; Sharp Bros., druggists and apothecaries, 202 Marietta st.; M. B. Avary & Co., druggists; Schumann's pharmacy, 63 Whitehall and 17 Hunter sts.; L. Vance, Napoleon, Ga.; J. H. Corn, Visage, Ga.; Lennox Emerson, Mountain Scene, Ga.; Roberts & Holbrook, Ball Ground, Ga.

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Fire Crackers, Roman Candles, Skyrockets, Fine Jamaica Rum and other luxuries for the Christmas holidays.

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The head notes of the decisions rendered by the Supreme Court of Georgia for March term, 1889, are just published in pamphlet form.

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Neat 4-room cottage, near Houston-street electric line, for sale at a bargain. Sam'l W. Goode & Co.

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North-avenue corner lot, 50x140 feet, for $1,650, near West Peachtree. Sam'l W. Goode & Co.

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Central, 6-room, 2-store, near Courtland street, cottage home, only $1,750; one-fourth cash, remainder in 6, 12 and 18 months, with interest. Sam'l W. Goode & Co.

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Very central Courtland-street vacant lot for $1,200, on easy terms. Sam'l W. Goode & Co.

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Place your property on our list for sale or exchange quickly. Sam'l W. Goode & Co.

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Finer colors, one-third off list price.

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Manufacturer of Ready Mixed Paints and White Lead. Also dealers in Painters' Supplies,

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THIS HYGIENICALLY CONDUCTED INSTITUTION has during its fifteen years of successful operation restored thousands of people to health.

The universal results obtained is a marked feature of this institution. All forms of Neurotic, Gastric, Hypatic and Renal disorders, as well as all diseases peculiar to invalid ladies, yield to its processes with a certainty and rapidity unknown to other methods of treatment.

Appliances include Baths of Varied Forms, Massage, Swedish Movements, Electricity, Hygienic, Dietary, Pneumatic and Vacuum Treatment, etc.

All applied on principles scientifically exact and definite, which, together with pleasant home comforts and refined social surroundings makes this in every respect the most perfect Sanitarium south. Refers with permission to some of the most refined and intelligent people of this and other states of the union.

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ATLANTA, GA.

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93 WHITEHALL STREET,

Are now offering the largest stock of

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Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware, Spectacles, Etc., in the south at prices positively

LOWER THAN THE LOWEST.

Come and examine our stock.

ALEXANDER'S TONIC PILLS Great Invigorator, Blood Purifier, Flesh Maker and Nerve Tonic. Cures Malaria, Biliousness, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Leucorrhea, Impotency and General Debility, excellent for Removing Pimples and Beautifying the Complexion. Small; sugar coated. 75 in a bottle. At Druggists. By mail, 50 cents. Alexander Medicine Co., New York.

Money Returned by following druggists if Alexander's Cholera Infantum Cure, Cholera Morbus Cure, or Pile Ointment fails to cure;

These medicines are sold by C. O. Tyner, Stoney, Gregory Co., A. J. Haltiwanger, Sharp Bros., Connally & Christian, D. S. Goldsmith & Co., M. B. Avary & Co., J. C. Huss, Smith & Hightower, L. R. Bratton, Hutchison & Bro. At wholesale by Lamar Drug Co.

june6-1y nrm

STUART'S

GIN AND BUCHU

—CURES—

GLEET,
DIABETES,
INDIGESTION,
RHEUMATISM,
PAIN IN THE SIDE,
KIDNEY TROUBLES,
LOSS OF APPETITE,
BRICKDUST DEPOSIT,
MUCUS DISCHARGES,
IRRITABLE BLADDER,
CATARRH OF BLADDER,
SUPPRESSION OF URINE.

STUART'S GIN AND BUCHU

Is not a King Cure-All, but for all Bladder, Kidney and other Urinary Disorders it has no equal. Sold by All Druggists.

Use Stuart's Medicated Prune Juice if your liver is deranged. You will find it pleasant, mild and effective. Ask your druggist for it.

jan14—n r m

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EXTRA DRY

CHAMPAGNE.

—SOLE AGENT—

JOSEPH THOMPSON,

23 Decatur St., Kimball House.

Quarts, Pints and Half Pints in Half Baskets.

jan15—d2f wed fri

DANCING SCHOOL.

YOUNG LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S CLASSES Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings, at 7:30 o'clock. Children's and Misses' classes, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons, at 3:30 o'clock, in Traders' Bank building, second floor, room No. 15. Private lessons at any hour.

MISS GRACE McLELLAN.

jan 19—sun wed sun

WASHINGTON SEMINARY,

ATLANTA, GA.

Boarding and Day School for Girls. The KINDERGARTEN is in charge of Miss Anna Palmer. The MUSIC SCHOOL is under the direction of Alfredo Barili. MRS. BAYLOR STEWART, Principal.

oct 9—dtf

THE SCHOOL TERM.

ALDERMAN HOWELL TALKS ABOUT HIS RESOLUTION.

He Thinks Twelve Years Too Long a Time to Devote to an English Education—The Schools Are for the People.

Alderman Howell's resolution, looking to a shortening of the public school term, which was adopted by the council on Monday, was the topic of considerable comment yesterday.

The committees from the board of education and council have not yet been chosen, but will be in a day or two, and a joint conference held.

Colonel Howell was seen yesterday, and asked just what his resolution contemplated.

"My position," said he, "in a nutshell, is simply this: The time required of a pupil to take a full course, under the present system, is too long; it is out of proportion to and inconsistent with the course of study."

Under the public school system, a child entering at six years of age, and passing each examination, graduates when he or she is eighteen, twelve years being the length of time required by the course of study, save in exceptional instances, where a pupil studies hard and goes through two grades a term, by permission of the board.

"How long should the school term be?"

"Eight years is ample. Eminent educators have put that as the limit during which an average person should acquire a good, sound, English education; and, in my opinion, that is what the public schools are for—to afford a good English education to the masses. Many of our greatest men, statesmen and scientists, have had a very much shorter schooling than this. But they applied themselves when the opportunity offered, and took advantage of all that was within their reach.

"If our term was shortened, condensed into a comprehensive and regular curriculum, grand results would follow in many ways. It would teach our children that they must study and work for their education; that they must push on dilligently, without pausing, impressed with the knowledge that there were others waiting to take their places so soon as they were vacated, and that the schoolroom is the place for study and application, not for idleness or pleasure.

"These four extra years that are spent in the public schools are not only thrown away by the pupil, so far as their necessity to receive the full benefits of the system, but in many cases they work a hardship upon the parents of the child, besides keeping others from the schooldoors just that many years longer."

The public schools were established for the people, and should be so regulated as to afford the greatest benefit to the greatest number. The interests of the man who keeps his children at school by privation and with difficulty should be considered, as well as the interest of the boy or girl who is compelled to leave school before the end of the course, going out into life with an incomplete and faulty education, when he or she might have had the same advantage as those in better circumstances had the studies been condensed and the number of requisite school years lessened.

"I want it distinctly understood that I am not making a fight upon the board of education, the teachers or any one connected with the schools. It is with the system, and I believe when it is considered the result will be in favor of my plan. The vast majority of those who go to the public schools are the children of men who cannot afford to send them to seminaries and colleges, and who step from the school desk to the office or factory. They are sent to school to receive an English education, and that is all they ever expect to get. Many never reach the high schools, but are compelled to go to work when they get through the grammer grade. To one of these classes it is simply four years idled away, the infusion of lazy, easy-going habits into their character instead of energy and application, to the other it is a smattering, half-way education, which is of comparatively small advantage to the possessor."

"Then there is another point. In many instances little children are sent to school simply as a place where they will be safe and where they will be for a time out of the care of their parents. The age of entering should be raised. Schools were not established as nurseries. But this and other matters are for settlement after discussion.

"I am not opposed to any of the accomplishments and graces taught in the schools, but think they are highly desirable. I believe, however, that these should not be allowed to consume the time of public schools when there are hundreds waiting for admission, and when that time could be employed to better advantage by facilitating the education of the pupil and thereby make room for those who are compelled to wait on the outside while those inside take their leisure in prosecuting accomplishments that are only ornamental, and which could be as easily learned at home as in school."

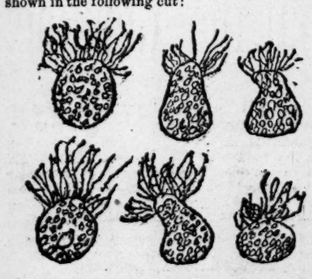
Mayor Glenn will appoint three members of the council to confer with a similar committee from the board of education. This joint committee will discuss the question thoroughly, and report back to the council.

It is not the object of Alderman Howell to reduce the school force in any way, but simply to reduce the number of years required to go through the grammar schools from eight to four, making double grades in each school.

LA GRIPPE!

The Russian Influenza in Atlanta—What About It—How to Cure It.

The Russian Influenza has reached Atlanta. According to Dr. Saulsberry, an eminent scientist and microscopist, it is a germ disease. He has examined the sputa of patients suffering with "La Grippe," and the germs present the forms shown in the following cut:



The disease comes on with sneezing, watery eyes, headache and fever, caused by the germs, which multiply very rapidly, often destroying the patients. These microbes are inhaled in the atmosphere, and if their inroads are not checked they extend to the bronchial tubes, and often end in a severe case of pneumonia.

Dr. King's Royal Germetuer has cured many cases of this disease by removing the cause. It is a germ-destroyer, a fine tonic and blood purifier, and people ought to take it as a preventive of "La Grippe," as well to benefit their health generally. If they have their systems charged with Royal Germetuer, they will very likely escape the disease.

If attacked, patients should take a dose of Germetuer every hour for six hours, and then a dose every two hours until the disease is controlled. It should also be snuffed up the nostrils diluted, as when prepared for taking, and the head should be bathed frequently with the concentrated medicine. In St. Louis it has cured many cases, and it has already cured a number of cases in Atlanta among our most prominent citizens, the names of whom may be obtained at the Germetuer office, 14 North Broad street.

Have Germetuer on hand. It builds up feeble constitutions from the first dose.

It Isn't Everybody

who can keep a hotel successfully. Matthews & Pierson are the popular proprietors of the Sturtevant House, Broadway, and Twenty-ninth street, New York. Strangers are made to feel so thoroughly at home that a visit is always associated with this popular house.

You want Bradycrotine for headache. Bradycrotine Manufacturing Co., Macon, Ga.

NO DANGER IN ATLANTA.

Dr. Baird Says that Small-Pox Is Easily Managed.

Yesterday Dr. Baird, chairman of the board of health, was seen in regard to the reported appearance of small pox in some of the smaller towns of the state. He said:

"There need be no alarm here concerning a few isolated cases. Small pox is a thing that is easily controlled, and in small towns or sparsely settled communities like that there is no necessity for allowing the disease to spread.

"In the first instance the patient should be isolated so as to prevent the spread of the disease. Then all those who have been exposed should be vaccinated. In eight days the vaccine virus will take effect, whereas in cases of the real disease it takes ten days for it to develop. Consequently even if the exposed person be attacked the attack will be so light as to give but little trouble.

"I have pursued this plan repeatedly and have never had any trouble whatever in controlling.

"No cases have been reported in Atlanta and I have not the least apprehension of any trouble on the score of small pox in Atlanta."

B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm).

If you try this remedy you will say, as many others have said, that it is the BEST blood purifier and tonic. Write Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga., for book of convincing testimony.

J. P. Davis, Atlanta, Ga. (West End), writes: "I consider that B. B. B. has permanently cured me of rheumatism and sciatica."

R. R. Saulter, Athens, Ga., says: "B. B. B. cured me of an ulcer that had resisted all other treatment."

E. G. Tinsley, Columbiana, Ala., writes: "My mother and sister had ulcerated sore throat and scrofula. B. B. B. cured them."

Jacob F. Sponcler, Newnan, Ga., writes; "B.B.B. entirely cured me of rheumatism in my shoulders. I used six bottles."

Chas. Reinhardt, No. 2026 Fountain street, Baltimore, Md., writes: "I suffered with bleeding piles two years, and am glad to say that one bottle of B. B. B. cured me."

J. J. Hardy, Toccoa, Ga., writes: "B. B. B. is a quick cure for catarrh. Three bottles cured me. I had been troubled several years."

A. Spink, Atlanta, Ga., says: "One bottle of B. B. B. completely cured my child of eczema."

W. A. Pepper, Fredonia, Ala., writes; "B. B. B. cured my mother of ulcerated sore throat." 1w

New Map of Atlanta.

Fine cloth binding, only 25c, by mail 30c. For sale by John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street. tf

Next Lecture.

Dr. H. C. Morrison will give the next lecture, or practical talk, in the Y. M. C. A. course on Friday evening, 24th. His subject is unique, and will, doubtless, be interesting. It is "Real Estate." This will be specially to young men, though the members are permitted to bring their lady friends. Friends of the association can secure tickets, free of cost, by calling on the secretary.

Something New.

Baseball spelling match is the latest novelty. The boys' department of the Young Men's Christian association will have one on this Thursday night. The floor of the gymnasium will be marked off into a diamond, and the players will be spelled around the bases instead of batted around. The entertainment promises well, and the boys are enthusiastic. The proceeds will go to their fund for fitting up apartments of their own in the unfinished part of the building. Admission will only be twenty-five cents.

SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR

THE SYMPTOMS OF LIVER COMPLAINT are a bitter or bad taste in the mouth, pain in the back, sides or joints, often mistaken for Rheumatism; sour stomach, loss of appetite, bowels alternately costive and lax, headache; loss of memory, with a painful sensation of having failed to do something which ought to have been done; debility, low spirits, a thick yellow appearance of the skin and eyes; a dry cough often mistaken for consumption.

Sometimes many of these symptoms attend the disease, at others very few, but the Liver, the largest organ in the body, is generally the seat of the disease, and if not regulated in time great suffering, wretchedness and death will ensue.

The Baltimore Episcopal Methodist:

"Simmons Liver Regulator is acknowledged to have no equal as a Liver medicine, containing those Southern roots and herbs which an all-wise Providence has placed in countries where Liver diseases prevail."

See that you get the **Genuine.** Distinguished from frauds and imitations by our **red Z Trade Mark** on front of wrapper. J. H. ZELIN & CO., Proprietors.

sun wed fri wk top col onrmr fol nr m

Paris Exposition, 1889:
3 Grand Prizes—5 Gold Medals.

MENIER CHOCOLATE

PUREST, HEALTHIEST, BEST.
Ask for Yellow Wrapper.
For Sale Everywhere.
BRANCH HOUSE, UNION SQUARE, NEW YORK.

11

FOR SALE AT JACOBS' PHARMACY.

oct30—d1y wed fri sun r

GEO. WARE. JNO. S. OWENS.

WARE & OWENS,

Real Estate Agents,

Corner Marietta and Broad Streets

ATLANTA, GA.

We have a very central lot, 25 feet front, that will pay parties seeking this class of property to see. It is in the very heart of the city, and such property don't stay on the market long.

80x200 feet on Ivy street, near Peachtree. If you want a good home with all modern conveniences and on easy terms, come buy this place.

Whitehall street residence, 12 rooms, with laundry, bath-room, stable, vineyard, garden, etc.; lot is 80x234 feet.

6 acres in Edgewood, good 2 r house, land lays well. This place can be sold cheap.

We have 206 feet on Fort street, between Linden and Inman avennes, that we are offering low enough.

25 feet front on N. Forsyth street, where property so valuable and hard to get.

$1,850, Capitol avenue lot 50x190, this side of Georgia avenue. We have lots beyond Georgia avenue on this beautiful street for $1,250.

Luckie street residence, near in, lot 62x150, and the prettiest lot on Luckie street.

10-room residence and half-acre lot in Edgewood, fronting the Ga. R. R. and right at the station. For sale at a bargain. Fine orchard. If you want a home in this lovely little town come let us show you this place. It, like all other good things, must go.

50x121 on Ellis street, corner lot, near in, the very place to put up a double brick house.

$950 for 3-room house, near Fair street school, on Werner avenue. Terms easy enough.

Nice 5-room cottage on Ellis street, corner lot, 50x150 to alley. Kitchen and servants' house. You want to see this place before you buy.

West Peachtree, corner lot, 100x200, on top of the hill. East front and all ready to build on.

$1,000 for a new 4-room house on Howland street.

6-room house on Bradley street, near Wheat, that we can sell at a special price this week.

We have 4 lots on Ormand street that can be bought for $750 each. You have been looking for something cheap and here it is.

WARE & OWENS.

jan12-dtf-8p

DEAFNESS CURED by Peck's Pat. INVISIBLE TUBULAR EAR CUSHIONS. Whispers heard distinctly. Comfortable. Successful when all Remedies FAIL. Illustrated book & proofs FREE. Address or call on F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, N. Y.

MISCELLANEOUS

There is a glass lamp-chimney so tough that it almost never breaks in use. It is of the finest glass; it is also perfect in form and action.

The glass costs several times as much as common glass. The chimney costs two or three times as much as others to make; the dealer, of course, has to pay for it; but he can afford to sell it as usual. Some object to it. "Can't afford to sell it," they say; but they can. It brings "good will" of more value than all their brittle-chimney profits, good profit besides.

"Pearl-top"  is the chimney; made by Macbeth & Co., Pittsburgh.

NO HARM CAN COME

From using for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat and Incipient Lung Troubles

KIDD'S COUGH SYRUP

It is pleasant to the taste and will cure the most obstinate cold. Prepared by FLEMING BROS., PITTSBURGH.

Sold by all druggists at 25 cents per bottle. Insist on having it.

OFFICE OF JUDGE.

NEW YORK, January 15, 1890. —Messrs. Thornton & Grubb, Atlanta, Ga. Gentlemen: Yours has been received. The demand for the edition of "Judge" of which you speak was enormous, and our supply was quickly exhausted, so that we were unable to respond to the News company's requisition on us for the 300 copies desired by you. We haven't any copies outside of our files at present which we can spare, but we shall undoubtedly get some back from the railroads in the returns next week. If not too late then, we will be glad to send the 300 to you. Will you please advise us whether that will do? Very truly yours,

THE JUDGE PUB. CO.

In reference to the above letter we have telegraphed our order for 300 copies, and more, if we can get them, and expect them every day, and hope to be able to fill all orders for same.

THORNTON & GRUBB.

8th p

G. W. ADAIR - - REAL ESTATE

I have for sale a brand-new, elegant, 12-room residence, on Peachtree street, this side of Ponce de Leon avenue.

A central business vacant lot, 200 feet from Whitehall street.

A splendid piece of rent-paying store property on South Broad street.

Central store property that will pay good interest, and is certain to enhance, on good business streets.

Vacant residence lots on nearly every street. Small houses and cottages on easy terms.

Come in and let me drive you around.

G. W. ADAIR,

8p 5 Kimball House, Wall St.

G. W. ADAIR.

WASHINGTON STREET RESIDENCE,

W. C. SANDERS'S HOME!

I will sell the very handsomest residence lot in the city, 93x200 feet, with 10-foot alley on side, with an elegant 12-room residence, including carpets, chandeliers, gas fixtures, mirrors, range, furnace heater and radiators, all in first-class order. Brick stable and carriage house, water and sewerage on lot, and all perfect.

It is in fact the most elegant gentleman's residence on the market, in the very best part of Washington street. The lot is high, and is covered with shade trees.

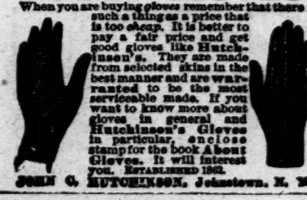
This magnificent piece of residence property can be sold for $25,000. Terms—One-third cash; balance in one and two years, at 7 per cent.

G. W. ADAIR,

19, 20, 22 and 24 8 p 5 Kimball House.

ABOUT GLOVES.

When you are buying gloves remember that there is such a thing as a price that is too cheap. It is better to pay a fair price and get good gloves like Hutchinson's. They are made from selected skins in the best manner and are warranted to be the most serviceable made. If you want to know more about gloves in general and Hutchinson's Gloves in particular, enclose stamp for the book About Gloves. It will interest you. ESTABLISHED 1863.



JOHN G. HUTCHINSON, Johnstown, N. Y.

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Write or telephone us for bottom prices on Boilers, Engines, Exhaust Heaters, Steam Pumps, Injectors, Gas Engines, Passenger or Freight Elevators, Iron Tanks, Wood or Iron Working Machinery, Planes, Knives, Moulding Blanks, Pulleys, Shafting, etc. 8p m. b&k

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A Twenty Days' No Profit Sale

On February 1st we place our present location in the hands of contractors for extensive improvements, when we will remove temporarily to NO. 37 WHITEHALL ST

OUR IMMENSE STOCK MUST BE REDUCED.

PRICES Will Do the Work.

HIRSCH BROS.,

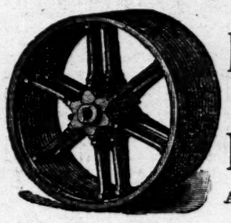
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AND 44 - - - - WHITEHALL STREE

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Agents for "Gilbert" Wood Split Pulleys. All sizes in Stock.

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LIME! LIME! LIME!

LOUISVILLE CEMENT! PORTLAND CEMENT!

STOVE FLUES, FIRE CLAY, STOVE THIMBLES, FIRE BRICK,

CHIMNEY TOPS,

SEWER PIPE! SEWER PIPE!

PLASTER PARIS AND PLASTERERS' HAIR!

COAL! COAL! COAL! COAL!

8 Loyd and Castleberry and Fair Sts.

Sciple Sons,

ATLANTA, GA.

FRANK M. POTTS. HENRY POTTS.

POTTS & POTTS,

24 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Fine Whiskies.

And sole agents for Joseph Schlitz Milwaukee famous "Pilsener bottled beer. We carry in stock G. H. Mumm & Co.'s Extra Dry, Veuve Cliquot Ponsardin Pommery Sec, Gold Seal Champagnes, Bass & Co's. Pale Ale, Guinness' Extra Stout (bottled by E. & J. Burke), Apollinaries, The Red "Diamond" mark," Natural Hungarian Aperient, (Hunyadi Janos), and Hawthorn Waters. The best brands imported Brandies, Gins, Rums, etc. Telephone No. 175.

What the Manufacturer Can Do!

The manufacturer can furnish the consumer with a better grade of clothing for less money than the retail merchant can buy them for. This stands to reason, as the manufacturer has no middleman's profits or commissions to add to the cost of each garment he sells.

Not only have we the ability to demonstrate this, but we have the disposition, which fact is shown by our

$9.90 SUIT AND OVERCOAT SALE!

Beginning at the opening of our doors, Monday, January 13th.

EISEMAN BROS.,

Manufacturing :-: Clothiers -:- and -:- Tailors,

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